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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXV NO. 274 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

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INDIA GOVT. FREEZES JUNAGADH ASSETS

Advice To Reserve Bank Governor

Nawab Or Dewan Cannot Operate State Accounts

DELHI FLIES CURRENCY TO FILL DENUDED TREASURY

(Exclusive to the Chronicle)

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of India have "frozen" all the assets held by the Junagadh State in the Reserve Bank of India amounting, according to a reliable estimate, to nearly 60 lakhs of rupees in cash and securities, it was learnt today.

MYSTERIOUS EMISSARY FOILED

But no confirmation was forthcoming till late tonight of the exciting story of a last-minute attempt of mysterious emissary of Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, the pre-occupation Dewan of Junagadh, to draw a large chunk of the holdings from the Reserve Bank. For the past fortnight, soon after Indian forces entered the State to place it under protective custody, it was stated that an unnamed visitor had been making approaches to the Reserve Bank with a view to enabling him to draw out as much as possible of the State assets.

INSTRUCTIONS TO GOVERNOR

Today at about noon, the Governor of the Reserve Bank received two communications, one from the newly-appointed Junagadh Administrator and another confirmatory wire from the Union Government, asking him to freeze the 60-lakh assets, and ruling that neither the Nawab of Junagadh nor his Dewan nor any representative of the old administration had any right to operate on the huge holdings.

Just a few minutes before the receipt of the communications, Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto's mysterious envoy was reported to have been waiting in the premises of the Reserve Bank.

DELHI FLIES CURRENCY TO JUNAGADH

The news of the freezing order comes close on the heels of the Delhi report that planes had been despatched to Junagadh capital carrying loads of currency notes to fill the State Treasury which had been denuded to its last nickel.

In a week's time the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay will fly to the State further consignments of currency.

Stop Press

SARDAR SUMMONS ITTEHAD CHIEF

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 21 (API): Syed Kasim Razvi, President of the Majlis Ittehad-ul-Muslimin, is leaving for New Delhi tomorrow morning by air at the invitation of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

The Hyderabad delegation which is now in New Delhi is expected to return here on November 27.

U.S. PLANE CRASHES

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 21 (UPA): The United States Navy reported that a PBV patrol plane with nine aboard crashed in the ocean 100 miles offshore early today.

NEW COMET DISCOVERED

TOKYO, Nov. 21 (UPA): A Japanese astronomer claimed discovery of a new tailless comet in the southern sky close to Corvus.

JOHN ROOSEVELT TO OPEN FASHION BUSINESS

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 21 (UPA): John Roosevelt, 31, the late President's youngest son, announced today that he is planning to open his own fashion business.

FILM CORPORATION ACTION AGAINST COMMUNISTS

NEW YORK, Nov. 21 (UPA): President Spyros Skouras today announced that the 20th Century Fox Film Corporation is purging its payroll of any Communists or fellow travellers and that those employees who were cited for contempt of Congress for refusing to answer questions about their Communist affiliations in the recent Un-American Activities Committee investigation have been ordered dismissed.

STRIKING PEASANTS AMBUSH CARABINIERI

ROME, Nov. 21 (UPA): Striking peasants near Bitono in the Bari region, ambushed and machine-gunned two truckloads of carabinieri at dawn wounding 22, including two who are near death. The same strikers shot and gravely wounded the Bitono parish priest as he was going to say mass today.

Agra Muslim League Council Dissolved

AGRA, Nov. 21. (API): Agra City Muslim League Council was dissolved after passing a resolution that the League was no longer likely to serve any useful purpose of the Muslims, particularly because the Indian Dominion had abolished separate electorates and the Muslim League had accepted the decision and hence maintaining a political body originated on communal basis would prove detrimental for Muslim interests.

Fresh Resolution Not To Be Moved

Indian Delegation's Decision To Avert Unfavourable Situation In U. N. Assembly

NEW YORK, Nov. 21 (Reuter): The Indian Delegation to the United Nations announced here today that it had decided not to move a new resolution on the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

Mrs Vijayalakshmi Pandit, the Indian Delegate, declared in a Press Statement "The resolution of the Political Committee on the question secured a large majority in the Assembly, but failed to obtain the two-thirds majority by 3 votes.

"This has resulted in the unfortunate position that this year there would be no concrete expression of opinion by the Assembly on this important subject. To avoid this situation, we gave notice of a fresh resolution which might be able to secure the requisite majority".

"In view of serious procedure difficulties, however, the Indian Delegation has now decided not to move the resolution and has informed the Secretary General (of the United Nations) accordingly".

Foreign Ministers' Deputies To Meet Again Today

LONDON, Nov. 21 (Reuter): Delegations for the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers' Conference on Germany and Austria, due to open next Tuesday, began to reach London to-day.

First to arrive was Mr. George Marshall, United States Secretary of State. "The Deputies of the Foreign Ministers of Britain, the United States Russia and France again failed to reach agreement to-day on the form of presenting their report on the agenda for Tuesday's meeting.

It was finally agreed at M. Smirnov's insistence, that the Deputies should meet again to-morrow afternoon.

NEHRU AND LOHIA CALL ON GANDHIJI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21. (A.P.I.). Pandit Nehru and Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia called on Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.

Mr. Hare Krishna Mehtab, Premier of Orissa, who is here on a visit also called on Mahatma Gandhi.

CABINET MEETS

A meeting of the Cabinet was held today at 5-15 p.m. says a "communique". The Prime Minister presided.

SIAM PREMIER TO SEEK VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

BANGKOK, Nov. 21 (Reuter):—Luang Kovid Abhaiwongse, the new Siamese Premier, is expected to seek a vote of confidence when the Upper House meets here on Monday.

The new Government was formed after the coup d'etat earlier this month by Marshal Pibul Songkram wartime Premier of Siam.

BRADLEY TO SUCCEED EISENHOWER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21 (Reuter): President Truman today nominated General Omar Bradley, to succeed General Dwight Eisenhower as Chief of Staff of United States Army.

Mahatma's wedding present to H. R. H. Princess Elizabeth, a table cloth made out of his handspun yarn, was exhibited among other presents in London on the wedding day.

Industrial Finance Corporation

Bill In Central Legislature Goes To Select Committee

Discussion On Workers' State Insurance Measure In Progress

NEW DELHI, November 21. (A.P.I.): The Constituent Assembly (Legislative) resumed discussion on the Finance Minister's motion for reference to a Select Committee of the Bill to establish an Industrial Finance Corporation of India.

K. T. SHAH'S WARNING

Prof. K. T. Shah wished we had a well-knit co-ordinated plan for the development of the economic life of the nation. However there were certain urgent problems which could not be deferred, and the establishment of the Corporation was in the right direction. He wanted that the activities of the Corporation should not be confined to rendering assistance only to certain prescribed industries concerned. The Corporation should be enabled to help agriculture and the newspaper industry.

Newspapers, he said, might be comparatively a small undertaking, but today it faced the danger of going to monopolists and thus affecting public interest.

Small investors should also be encouraged to participate in the Corporation.

CAPITALIST MANAGEMENT

Pt. Hirdayanath Kunzru urged that ordinary investors should also be eligible to hold shares in the Corporation. The capital of the Corporation should be substantially increased.

The 5 crores provided for in the draft might have been a big figure before the war, but today, considering our needs the sum was small and inadequate.

The management of the Corporation should be democratised. In consonance with the character which Government have assigned to the Corporation, its management would be in the hands of capitalists because the shares would be held apart from the Central Government and the Reserve Bank by Scheduled Banks and Insurance Companies, Investment Trusts and other financial institution.

RAISE CAPITAL

Mr. K. Santanam wanted the share capital of the Corporation to be raised to 15 crores. It should be a Federal institution with constitutent units in the Provinces and acceeding States. Today there was a terrible lack of economic and technical knowledge in the Provinces and States and by having Provincial Corporations as well they would be able to co-operate with the Central organisation with the necessary background. He would not like the Corporation to extend its scope to agriculture because a single institution could not undertake all types of work. The functions of the

(Continued on Page 7)

Truman To Soviets' Rescue

Opposes Ban On Russian Purchases In U. S. A.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21 (Reuter): President Truman announced here today that he was against any ban being imposed on Soviet purchases in the United States.

Asked at a press conference to comment on the fact that the Russians were at present buying a considerable quantity of heavy machinery in the United States when there was a heavy domestic and Western European demand for such goods. The President said that Russia needed this machinery to repair damage done by the Germans.

His statement came at a time when a strong appeal has been raised in the Congress for such a ban and economic sanctions have been discussed.

DECONTROL DRIVE

CAWNPUR, Nov. 21, (A.P.I.): The Control Virodhi Samiti, Cawnpore, has submitted a memorandum signed by about 50,000 persons to Mahatma Gandhi urging the need of decontrolling all goods.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (MARCH)
New York, Nov. 21.

Previous Closing	34.56
Today's Opening	34.65
Difference	+9
Today's Closing	34.83
Difference	+27

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, Nov. 21.

New York Stock Exchange Opening Price.

Anaconda Copper Mining 36-1/2
General Motors 59-1/4
United States Steel Common 77-3/8
United States Steel Pref. unquoted.

LAST QUOTATIONS
Bombay Nov. 21.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	472	0
Cotton Jarila March	473	0
Silver Bullion	161	2
Gold Forward	105	12
Sovereign	70	0

Raiders Repulsed In Jammu

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21, (A.P.I.): A Defence Ministry "communique" on Kashmir tonight said:

"In the process of clearing Poonch District of the raiders, Indian Army troops are making progress through thickly wooded hilly country.

Near Beri Pattan, which was liberated by our troops recently, a gang of looters was dispersed and casualties were inflicted.

In Jammu District armed raiders, estimated at 500 strong, attacked one of our columns which inflicted severe casualties and dispersed the raiders.

Aircraft of the Royal Indian Air Force flew over our columns on tactical reconnaissance".

THREAT FROM GILGIT SIDE

SRINAGAR, Nov. 21, (U.P.I.): According to the latest reports reaching here, nearly 200 armed raiders from the Gilgit side are marching from Gureg towards Bandipur, which is 30 miles from Srinagar.

These raiders, who are believed to have come from Chilas in the Gilgit Agency, are reported to have caused much depredation on their way.

Queensland 289 For 7

BRISBANE, November 21. (Reuter): At the close of play Queensland had scored 289 runs for seven wickets in their first innings, Raymer not out 57 and Young not out 3.

(SEE PAGE 10)

CARIAPPA PROMOTED

And Made G. O. C. Of Eastern Command

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21, (A.P.I.): Lt.-Gen. Sir Francis Tuker, G.O.C.-in-C. Eastern Command, has left the Indian Army after a distinguished career and his place has been taken by the seniormost Indian officer of the Indian Army, Maj.-Gen. K. M. Cariappa, who has been promoted to the rank of Lieut-General. Lt.-Gen. Cariappa who was until recently Chief of General Staff, Indian Army, is the first Indian officer to become an Army Commander (as General Officers Commanding-in-Chief are informally called.)

Budget Leakage Inquiry

Commons Set Up All-Party Committee; Gallacher's Dissent

LONDON, Nov. 20. (Reuter): The House of Commons, tonight, decided to set up an All-Party Committee to inquire into the Budget leakage which led to the resignation last Thursday of Dr. Hugh Dalton as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Government proposal to set up the Committee was carried without a division. The only dissentient was Mr. William Gallacher, Communist, who did not think inquiry was necessary. He thought Dr. Dalton should not have resigned.

Home Secretary, Mr. Chuter Ede, explained that Dr. Dalton himself wanted the inquiry to take place.

TEAR GAS ON CALCUTTA PROCESSIONISTS

CALCUTTA, Nov. 21 (A.P.I.): Six persons, including a girl, were admitted to hospital following the police using tear gas to disperse a youths' procession in Central Calcutta this afternoon. A number of others received first aid.

The procession was in honour of two students who died as a result of police firing on a students' procession exactly two years ago. It was cordoned off by the police near Esplanade, and it is stated that when a part of it attempted to proceed to Dalhousie Square, tear gas was used. Tear gas was also used later when the processionists gathered in front of the Assembly Chembur and asked for admission to the compound.

Later, the processionists held a meeting inside the Assembly compound and demanded "proper investigation into the action of the police authorities in using tear gas and Lathi charges against peaceful processionists". Speakers at the meeting stated that the Premier, Dr. P. C. Ghosh, had assured them that he would investigate the matter and take steps against police officers if they were found guilty.

PATNA, Nov. 20, (A.P.I.): The Government of Bihar have decided to waive the domicile rules in respect of refugees from the Pakistan Dominion for appointment in Government service in Bihar.

Smuggling Of Arms Into Pakistan & Hyderabad

MOUNTBATTEN & MENON TO APPROACH FOREIGN COUNTRIES WITH A VIEW TO END GUN-RUNNING ACTIVITIES

LONDON, November 21. (I.P.A.): I. P. A.'s political correspondent understands that Lord Mountbatten, in association with India's High Commissioner, Mr. Krishna Menon, is having tentative discussions at top official level here about approaching some countries wherefrom arms and ammunition are reportedly being smuggled into Hyderabad and Pakistan.

As a full-fledged Dominion, the Indian Union has every right to request the countries wherefrom smuggling is being suspected to put a stop to gun-running activities, constitutional experts here argue.

It is believed that the British Government may offer their good services to the Indian Union in the latter's approach to the various European and Middle-East countries to keep a watch on the reported illegal traffic in arms.

LONDON NOT TO BLAME

Indian political circles here do not believe (and, it is reported that the Government of India share this view) that the smuggling of arms and ammunition is being planned or executed from London. Mr. Arthur Bottomley's reply to a query from Mr. Reginald Sorensen, that arms licenses to Indian States have recently not been issued by the British Board of Trade, confirms this belief.

FIVE KILLED IN POLICE FIRING ON PROCESSION

BOMBAY, Nov. 21 (UPI): Five persons are reported to have been killed in police firing at Nomule in Nalgonda District, according to a report received by the Hyderabad State Congress Publicity Centre in Bombay today.

It is stated that a procession of about 1,000 people was taken out with the Indian Union Flag at Nomula on Nov. 14 last when the State police suddenly arrived at the spot and opened fire. The processionists who were taken unawares grew angry and retaliated resulting in a clash in which 5 persons were killed.

More Wagons Searched

Arms And Railway Property Seized At Moghul Sarai

BENARES, Nov. 21 (API): Twenty-five daggers, 25 knives, a large number of empty revolvers bullets, considerable quantity of engineering implements and other railway property and various types of deadly weapons were seized today by the District Intelligence Staff and the Railway Police at Moghul Sarai as a result of searches carried out in Pakistan-bound goods wagons.

The goods belonged to the Muslim employees of the Moghul Sarai loco workshop who have opted for Pakistan.

Four more Pakistan bound wagons have been sealed and detained by the police for tomorrow's searches.

STABBING INCIDENT IN HUBLI

HUBLI, Nov. 21 (API): A stray stabbing incident took place in Bammapur Lane yesterday when a youngman of 22 sustained a severe wound in the chest by a knife attack. The victim died in hospital this morning.

According to his dying declaration while he was on his way home from a cinema show last night, he saw 2 persons following him but never suspected them until he found his way through a bylane where he was stabbed unawares.

AHMEDABAD BAN ON WEAPONS

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 21 (API): The District Magistrate of Ahmedabad has prohibited the carrying of weapons in three towns and two villages of Ahmedabad District during Muharrum from Nov. 22 to 29.

HYDERABAD-BOUND MILITARY STORES DETAINED AT MANMAD

Trucks Driven In Suspicious Manner Attract Police Attention: Drivers Placed Under Arrest

NASIK, Nov. 21 (A.P.I.): Trucks loaded with tents, wireless apparatus and what appeared to be Military Engineering stores, said to be on their way to Hyderabad State, have been detained at Manmad under orders of the District Magistrate, Nasik.

It is understood that the trucks attracted police attention as they appeared to be driven in a suspicious manner. A report was made to the District Magistrate who placed the drivers under arrest and prohibited the trucks from proceeding to the Nizam's territory.

The District Magistrate, Captain Nanjappa, will shortly proceed to Aurangabad to discuss recent border incidents with Hyderabad State officials, it is learnt.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (A.P.I.): The Hyderabad Delegation led by Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur arrived here today to resume negotiations with the States Ministry. The Delegation met Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary to the States Ministry, this evening.

CHINA'S POPULATION

NANKING, Nov. 21 (UPA): China's population today stood at 461,000,000 persons including 219,000,000 women.

The Ministry of Interior said the figures were compiled on the basis of the neighbourhood association system.

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ANNOUNCEMENT
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MISTRI AIRWAYS LIMITED
"MAYFAIR", CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT BOMBAY.

We are glad to announce the resumption of our Bombay-Nagpur-Calcutta Service from the 20th instant, as our planes which were at the disposal of Government engaged on work of great national importance, have been released. We shall again be at the service of our patrons well-wishers and clients and we assure them of the same hospitality which has always been our watchword.

Our new Telephone Number at the Booking Office 10, Rampart Row, will be 34384

Our Telephone No. at "Mayfair" is 27172.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER FOR THE SALE OF ALUMINIUM UTENSILS AT HINDUSTAN AIRCRAFT LTD., BANGALORE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following sizes of Aluminium Utensils manufactured at Hindustan Aircraft Ltd., Domlur Road, Bangalore.

Tender No.	Description	Gauge	Qnty.	Wt. per Unit	Total Weight.	
				oz	lb.	oz.
724.1	Degchie 6½"	16 SWG	2638	9.0	1483	14
724.2	Plate 6½"	,,	1900	4.8	570	0
724.3	Degchie 7½"	,,	260	11.0	171	14
724.4	Plate 17-1/16"	,,	4250	11.8	3134	6
724.5	Basin 13"	,,	2511	23.0	3609	9
724.6	Basin 17-5/8"	,,	400	43.6	1087	8
724.7	Pickle Dish 2-5/8	,,	1993	0.6	74	13
724.8	Bowl 4-5/8"	,,	5022	3.2	1004	6

1. The stores are manufactured to Hindustan's own specification and are offered for sale subject to conditions mentioned in Schedule 2 of the Tender form, copies of which can be obtained on payment of Re. 1/- from the Office of the Chief Sales & Commercial Manager, Hindustan Aircraft Ltd., Bangalore.
2. Last date of submission—20th December, 1947.
3. Full particulars regarding inspection, depositing earnest money, procedure for submission of offers, payment of sale value and delivery etc., are published in the instructions to tenderers and will be issued along with the tender forms.

6049

THE INDIAN RADIO & CABLE COMMUNICATIONS CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE INDIAN RADIO & CABLE COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, LIMITED will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Radio House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 16th December, 1947, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1946.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in place of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 29th November, 1947, to the 19th December, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors
For F. M. Chinoy & Co., Ltd.,
R. M. CHINOY,
Director.
Secretaries & Treasurers.

Bombay, 19th November, 1947.

NOTE:—The Dividend when sanctioned will be made payable at the IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA, FORT, BOMBAY, on and after the 22nd December, 1947, to those Shareholders, whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 29th November, 1947, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

(6155)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDER

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

THE CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER, Parel, will receive upto 1 p.m. (S.T.) on 20-12-1947 tenders for painting and whitewashing of shops at Parel and Matunga Works. The prescribed form of tender with conditions, specifications, etc., can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- in cash per copy, which amount will not be refunded.

(6169)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai KHATIJABAI, wife of Hassambhai Jetha of Bombay Khoja Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client her property, situate at Cirrus Avenue, Ripon Road, Byculla, more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any right, title, interest, claim, or demand to or against the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such right title interest claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon and formerly known as Batliboi House and as Silloo Villa and now known as "Manek Villa", situate, lying and being at Cirrus Avenue, Ripon Road, on the West Agripada Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the Island and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1105 square yards or thereabouts and bearing New Survey No. 3528 (a) and Cadastral Survey No. 1874 of Byculla Division and bounded, on or towards the East by Plot No. 88 of the said Estate, on or towards the West by Plot No. 86 of the said Estate, on or towards the North by a service passage and on or towards the South by the Cirrus Avenue aforesaid and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 4090 (3) and Street No. 4.

Dated this 20th day of Nov. 1947.
CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

6167

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY—THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE.

SEALED TENDERS for the following contracts will be received by the General Manager upto Noon on Monday the 1st December, 1947.

(1) Supply of Petrol
(2) Clearing Packages, Rails, Cement, Iron, Tiles and Pipes, etc., from Docks and Railway Sidings and removal and disposal of excavated material from the site of Works within the City and Island of Bombay.
(3) Excavation Work to be done between the tram tracks anywhere on the Tramway System with the exception of Sett Stone Paving.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, on payment of Re. 1/- per copy for Number 1 and Rs. 2/- for Numbers 2 and 3.

Bombay, 19th November, 1947.

(6166)

LEGAL NOTICES

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

Re: SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.
Andheri Suit No. 458 of 1937
Thana Misc. Application No. 167/45.

PASCHAL MATHEW REBELLO ..... Assignee-Plaintiff
and
Mrs. MARY BARACCO ... Assignor-Plaintiff
Versus
Mrs. NATHALIA ALVES Defendant

WHEREAS by a warrant for sale, dated the 8th May, 1947, the Sheriff of Bombay has been directed to sell by Public Auction all the right, title and interest of the defendant, in the lands and premises described as follows:—

The vacant plot of land situated at Irla Village, Vile-Parle, admeasuring about 500 sq. yards to the East of the House No. 61, bearing City Survey No. 59A. (Part) (Gauthan Land) and bounded, on the North and East by the properties of P. P. Sidhwa, on the South by the properties of W. E. Pereira and Francis Manual Gonsalves and on the West by house No. 61 belonging to the Judgment Creditor.

A field bearing Survey No. 197, Hissa 22, admeasuring about 1½ Gunthas, situated at Irla Village Vile-Parle, on the North and East by Survey No. 197, by Hissa No. 18, and Survey No. 191 A, Hissa No. 1 belonging to Francis Manual Gonsalves; on the West and South by Survey No. 197 Hissa Nos. 16 and 27 belonging to Parmanand Vallabhji.

A field, bearing Survey No. 197, Hissa No. 30, admeasuring about 5/4 Gunthas, situated at Irla Village, Vile-Parle, on the North and East by Hissas Nos. 25 and 26 belonging to Francis Manual Gonsalves. On the West by Hissa No. 29 belonging to Parmanand Vallabhji and on the South by Survey No. 196, Hissa 4, belonging to Chhaganlal Dayabhai.

Now it is hereby notified that on Saturday the 29th November 1947 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) the Sheriff of Bombay will sell by Public Auction at the premises, to the highest bidder and without reserve the right title and interest of the said defendant in the said lands and premises.

The sale will be subject to the following conditions:—

1. Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said properties to the same or to any interest therein.
2. Should the said defendant have no saleable interest whatever in the properties to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.
3. The above mentioned Assignee-Plaintiff has obtained permission to bid at the sale.
4. Of the price of the properties one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the properties are knocked down to a purchaser; the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.
5. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.
6. In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

Dated 23rd October, 1947.
(Mrs.) MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.
(6161)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE OKHA SALT WORKS LIMITED

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT, 1913
and
In the matter of THE OKHA SALT WORKS LTD.,
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the final GENERAL MEETING OF THE OKHA SALT WORKS LIMITED (In Voluntary Liquidation) will be held at 1-45 p.m. (S.T.) on Wednesday the 24th day of December, 1947, at the Office of Messrs. Tata Chemicals, Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, pursuant to Section 208E of the Indian Companies Act for the purpose of laying before the Meeting an account of the winding up showing how the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of and giving any explanation in respect thereof.

AND NOTICE is hereby further given that at the said General Meeting an extraordinary Resolution will be duly moved as follows:

"That the books of account, documents and papers belonging to The Okha Salt Works, Limited (In Voluntary Liquidation) pertaining to the liquidation of the Company do remain in the possession of the Liquidators for a period of three years with authority to destroy the same thereafter and that the other books, documents, papers and records belonging to the said Company be entrusted to the custody of the Tata Chemicals Limited to be preserved or not to be preserved as the said Tata Chemicals may in their absolute discretion think fit."

Bombay, dated this 22nd day of November, 1947.

N. M. RAIJI,
M. B. GADEKAR,
Joint Liquidators,
THE OKHA SALT WORKS LTD.,
(In Voluntary Liquidation).

To all members of the Company and in particular to Alfred Boller, Devbhai Haribhai Patel, Otto Manz, Ernst Rutz.

(6156)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai JERBAI DOSSABHOY GAMIR and Bai SHIRINBAI DOSSABHOY GAMIR have contracted to sell to our client the following property.

Any person having any right, title, interest, claim, demand or share in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, lease, lien, partition or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make known the nature of such interest in writing to us, the undersigned, at our Office at 58, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, failing which the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim which will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

ALL THOSE several pieces or parcels of land at Erangal, Taluka Salsette, Sub-District Bandra, Bombay Suburban District with all structures tenements huts, etc., standing thereon bearing the following numbers:

	Survey Nos.	Area Acre Gunthas	Assessment Rs. As P.
(1)	103/1	0— 7½	0 8 0
(2)	104/1	3—36	23 0 0
(3)	105/1	4— 8½	25 0 0

Dated this 21st day of November, 1947.

H. D. MULLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(6159)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF INTESTATE AND UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Under instruction from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY SATURDAY, the 22nd inst. at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the Intestate and Unclaimed properties such as:—Jewellery, Old and New Clothes, Utensils, etc.

The above on view on sale day cash will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 SINGER SEWING MACHINES & 18 CEILING FANS.

Under instructions from the office concerned, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will on THURSDAY, 27th inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms the above goods.

AUCTION SALE OF 20 BALES HAND LOOM CLOTH (ART SILK), ETC.

Under instructions from Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 953 of 1945. (Himatlal vs. Dharamsi) M/s. BENNETT & CO., will on FRIDAY, 28th inst. at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

20 bales hand loom cloth (art silk) 99 pieces Art Silk, 2 bundles Hosiery.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.
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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

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ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, possession, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, within the Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate, lying and being at Dongri Street, now known as Narsi Natha Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 131 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 700, New No. 3162, Old Survey No. 16, New Survey No. 2477, Cadastral Survey No. 253 of Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 4 (B) Ward No. 1146, Street No. 385 and bounded as follows: on or towards the East by Syed Mookri Street, on or towards the West by Narsi Natha Street, on or towards the North by the property of Gangadas Govindji Mehta and on or towards the South by the property of Karsondas Natha.

Dated this 20th day of November 1947.

AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Purchasers Attorneys.
(6164)

AUCTION SALES

BONA FIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, at 10-30 a.m. Property of D. Robertson, Esqr., and others at Chowpatty Sea Face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete Household and Office Furniture large Godrej 63" ins. and Austrian Safe, Mirror door, Steel almirah, Singer Machine, Typewriter, German Cottage Piano by Rose, large Ice Box Sliding, Dining, Writing and Dressing Table, Chairs, Show Case, Chesterfield, Almirah, Bed large Musical Box, large Primaphone Cabinets, Glassware, etc., (S. Tax) T. No. 40213, EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE THREE BUNGALOWS & PALMER BAKERY BUILDING ON KHAMBALA HILL NEXT TO KEMP & CO., LTD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Dinkerrao & Parekh, attorneys for Vendors, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 14th December, 1947, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on site the above properties.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land admeasuring about 3553 sqr. yds. but according to Cadastral Survey Register about 3760 sqr. yds. bearing Old Nos. 675 and 573, New Nos. 3029 and G.3029; New Survey Nos. 7152, Cadastral Survey Nos. 565 Malbar and Khambala Hill Division, and assessed under 14D, Ward Nos. 2927-2928 (1) 2928 (2), 2928 (3), 2930; Street Nos. 123-123A, 123B, 123B.B, 123C.C., 123 C & D, and bounded on the North by Gowalia Tank Road and Parsee Panchayat Land, on the South and East Parsee Panchayat Lands, on the West property of Nawroji Hormusji Contractor.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Dinkerrao and Parekh, Solicitors at Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Fort or the undersigned.

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Messrs. GANDHI & CO. will, under instructions from Messrs. Dabholkar & Jeshtaram, Attorneys for Messrs. Pragati Pictures and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Rakaish Productions and by virtue of the powers of sale reserved to them under the Agreements dated 9-10-46 and 28-12-46 sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 1st Prvimo at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

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Auction Sale of One 35 M.M. Film Sound Recording Machine, complete equipment, of Cinema Sound Equipment Co., Hollywood (U.S.A.) including 1 Film Recorder, 1 Recording Amplifier, 2 Microphones, Complete set of all cables and a harmonium, on WEDNESDAY the 3rd December, 1947 at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at our Auction Rooms, 72, Medows Street, Fort, under Instructions from the Concerned.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

Auction Sale of 50 Woollen Pile Mirzapur Carpets of different sizes, in attractive plain colours and flower designs in corner, on SATURDAY, 29th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at our Rooms No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from M/s. the Benares Carpet Emporium and on a/c and at the risk of the Party concerned.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT JAME JAMSHED ROAD, PARSEE COLONY, DADAR.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will, under instructions from M/s. Mehta & Girdharlal, Attorneys for Mr. Shantilal Mulshanker & Anr. the Mortgagees and on a/c and at risk of Bai Cooverbai P. Master and Noshir P. Master the Mortgagors, pursuant to Indenture of Mortgage of 6-8-46, sell by Public Auction the right, title and interest in the undermentioned immovable property on THURSDAY, 4-12-47 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on premises.

All the right, title and interest in all that piece of land admeasuring about 1073 sq. yds., being Plot No. 790 of the Dadar Matunga Estate bearing New Survey No. 1109 Part, C. S. No. 603/10 of Matunga Division, F Ward No. 6831 (6) Street No. 23.

For further particulars apply to M/s. Mehta & Girdharlal, Solicitors, Examiner Press Building, Dalal Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT JAME JAMSHED ROAD, PARSEE COLONY, DADAR.

M/s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s. Mehta & Girdharlal, Attorneys for Mr. Bhailal Ghelabhai Shah, Mortgagee and on a/c and at risk of Noshir P. Master pursuant to Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge of 22-6-46, sell by Public Auction the right, title and interest in the undermentioned immovable property on THURSDAY, 4-12-47 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on premises.

All the right, title and interest in all that piece of land admeasuring about 1073 sq. yds., being Plot No. 790 of Dadar Matunga Estate bearing New Survey No. 1109 part, C.S No. 603/10 of Matunga Division, F Ward No. 6831 (6) Street No. 23.

For further particulars apply to M/s. Mehta & Girdharlal, Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF GROUND SHEETS, 72, Coaltar Drums, Canvas kit Bags, Numda, Asbestos Packing Sheets, Tarpaulins, Electric Cable wire, Furniture on TUESDAY, 25th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Godown of Mohasin Co., behind Minerva Talkies' Studio under instructions from the concerned.

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Our London Letter

Battle Of Lords Begins

Churchill's "Divine Right To Rule"

LONDON— The Battle of Lords has begun in the fog of irrelevance. Mr. Churchill produced his customary fireworks and accused the Government of attempting to establish dictatorship by abolishing the second chamber. This is non-sense. All that the "little miserable bill", as Mr. Eden described it, seeks to do is to curtail the two-year veto enjoyed by the House of Lords to one year's veto. The veto still remains.

Of the millions of words that were spoken by Tories not one could be taken as a reasoned case for the rejection of the Bill. Mr. Churchill in fact, used the occasion, to jest and jeer and cry about Labour dictatorship. "As a free-born Englishman" he said, "what I hate is the sense of being in anybody's power—be it Hitler or Attlee". This jibe is not likely to bring his party dividends. Even a lamb like Mr. Attlee felt aroused and said that Mr. Churchill seemed to think that he had a kind of divine right to rule. "He does not like being in opposition and cannot quite reconcile himself to it. It is up to us to take care that he should not." The House naturally did not take much notice of Mr. Churchill's outburst and gave second reading to the Government Bill by 345 votes to 196. A little measure like this as Mr. Clement Davis, Liberal leader, said was not worth fighting for one way or the other. But should the House of Lords use their existing power to hold up the Bill a situation would arise which would lead to a drastic curtailment of the powers of the peers if they yield the little concession asked of them by the House of Commons, they might continue to enjoy their present position. Even though Mr. Churchill appears to have suggested to them to veto the Bill, it is doubtful if the Lords would take an action that might prove suicidal.

Mr. Churchill Causes Amusement

The age has affected neither Mr. Churchill's vigour nor his love for the dramatic. But clearly he is becoming more impatient and less attentive. The other day he caused amusement in the Commons by accusing the wrong M. P. of using unparliamentary language. This would not have happened had he been attentive. But this is not his fault. He definitely shows sign of ageing and for an old man it is not good to indulge in excitement of fireworks. That is bad for his heart. Mr. Churchill had more than his share of the good things of life. His name will undoubtedly go down in history. I wonder why he cannot keep off the dust of politics of this strange age and pursue hobbies and tasks more in tune with his age. But Winnie will always be a soldier, whether in war or peace, in season or out of season.

The Government's anxiety to catch spivs and drones can be appreciated. It is only appropriate that idlers should be forced to work in the present days of national crisis. But it remains to be seen whether the new Registration for Employment Order promulgated by the Government, will achieve the purpose in view. There is a gap in the order through which clever men will be able to escape. The help of the police will not be sought. The administration of the order cannot but be slow and clumsy. It is feared that it will result in hampering social and cultural activities essential to a civilised community. This much is certain that it will cause irritation and make the Labour Government more unpopular. Yet in the present days of shortage of man-power the Government would have been guilty of dereliction of duty if it had allowed the flower of the youth to waste their time in football pools, gambling dens, night clubs and fun fairs. In my view the Labour Government has shown great courage.

Since 1945 the Labour Party has not lost a single by-election. But it remains to be seen whether they will be able to win the by-election fixed for November 27. The election has been caused by the expulsion of Garry Allighan (Labour) from the House of Commons. During the 1945 general election though Labour won this seat, the Liberal Party candidate polled no less than 5,033 votes. Ordinarily one would expect the party to contest the by-election. But the party had decided not to contest the seat. The Liberals are at pains to explain that that surprise decision is not the result of any pact or understanding with Tories. "It is solely due to the difficulties of fighting such a by-election at short notice." R. B. Goodfellow, Liberal, who had previously announced that he would contest the election as an independent candidate, has also withdrawn from the race. This leaves the field open for a straight Labour—Tory fight. Whatever might be the intentions of the Liberal Party as the result of their withdrawal the scales are weighed in favour of the Tories.

Striking Oil

Believing it or not, attempts are being made to find oil in the bowels of Britain. Already drilling operations have commenced in London itself. In actuality since before the war an oil well in Nottingham has already yielded half a million gallons of good petrol. The present operations in Willesden, known as Irish colony of London, are not regarded as likely to prove a commercial proposition. But the results may provide very valuable information. For nearly several years the existence of underground oil in Willesden has been suspected.

About 25 years ago when a local laundry was sinking a shaft the bores came across traces of oil. But no action was taken. Scientists believe that there are oil wells in England.

It is recognised that the output of even a whole chain of oil wells would be a mere drop as set against that of Iran, but even then a little home oil might be very useful in an emergency.

"Coupon" Broadcast

When it was decided last March that B.B.C. should resume controversial political broadcasts, twelve were alloted for 1947. Out of these coupon broadcasts six went to the Government, five to the Tories and one to the Liberals. So far the Government have used two coupons, Tories two and Liberals none. There are only seven weeks of the year to run. Even then the Government, which is being attacked right and left, should make an effort to have four very good broadcasts which may stir millions of the people. If the Liberal have no intention to use their coupon, why cannot be given to Communists? But though a coupon may be wasted, it will never be given to the Communists, specially in the present days when it is becoming almost an offence against the Creator to be a Communist.

Madras Govt.'s Disturbances Move To Avert

New Bill To Be Introduced in Assembly Provides For Death Sentence

MADRAS, Nov. 20, (API): An official bill, which makes serious offences, usually committed in the course of disturbances and abetment of or attempts to commit such offences, punishable with death, is proposed to be introduced by the Government in the Madras Legislative Assembly at its forthcoming session commencing on November 26.

The bill empowers any Magistrate and any Police Officer not below the rank of a Head Constable to fire or use force if, in his opinion, it is necessary to prohibit the assembly of five or more persons, or the carrying of weapons or anything capable of being used as a weapon.

No prosecution, suit or legal proceedings should, however, be instituted against any person except with the previous sanction of the Provincial Government.

The provisions of the bill will come into operation in any area only when it is noticed by the Government to be a disturbed area and the notification will be withdrawn immediately after the disturbances.

Dr. P. Subbaroyan, Home Minister, in a statement explaining the objects of the bill says, "in view of the disturbances on other parts of the country, which have led to considerable loss of life and property, the Government consider it essential that they should arm themselves in advance with power to suppress disorders in the province with the utmost promtitude".

Tinkering With Safety Vaults Banned

LAHORE, Nov. 20, (A.P.I.): Mr. Zafrul Ahsan, Lahore's District Magistrate to-night issued an order under Sec. 89, 1944 Cr. P. C. prohibiting the removal by any person of any article deposited or lying in the safety deposit Vaults of any bank without his previous permission in writing.

The order followed a demonstration staged by some youngmen along the Mall and at the residence of the West Punjab Premier, Khan Iftikhar Husain Khan of Mamdot, protesting against the permission given to local bankers to remove their safety deposits vaults.

The demonstrators argued that the vaults contained jewellery pawned by some Muslims with their non-Muslim bankers and if the vaults are taken to India it would be difficult to refund.

Gandhiji Requested To Revisit Noakhali

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20, (A.P.I.): Mr. Jogendra Nath Majumdar who was Mahatma Gandhi's host at Choumohoni when the latter visited Noakhali last year and Mr. K. N. Dalal met Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon. They apprised Mahatma Gandhi of the present situation in Noakhali. They also requested Mahatma Gandhi to revisit Noakhali and help rehabilitating the Hindus for which they offered one lakh rupees to Mahatma Gandhi.

Mahatma Gandhi told them that he could not afford at present to be away from Delhi.

Mr. Rohini Kumar Chowdhury and Mr. Baidyanath Mukherji, former Minister of Assam called on Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon and apprised him of the situation in Sylhet and the condition of the Hindus living there.

Mahatma Gandhi's Calcutta hostess also called on Mahatma Gandhi.

Refugees Movement

LAHORE, Nov. 20, (API) The number of Muslims who entered Pakistan on Wednesday, says a press note, was 10,900 of these 3,500 came from Rohtak, 3,500 from Shahabad and 3,500 from Ambala by rail, 400 came by military transport from Shahabad.

Non-Muslims who entered India on the same day were 3,500 from Muzaffargarh and 3,500 from Dhaban Singh by rail; 3,000 from Montgomery and 600 from Lahore by military transport. The latter were transported by the Pakistan Military Evacuation Organisation.

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RAPID INDUSTRIALISATION OF INDIA

A.I.M.O. DELEGATION'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The All-India Manufacturers' Organization sent a Delegation consisting of some of its own members to the industrially developed countries of Europe and America to make the necessary investigation and collect whatever information could be gathered there to serve the purpose of rapid industrialization in this country.

Among other objects which the Delegation had in view were to ascertain how best to obtain machinery for new industries and for replacing usedup machinery of existing industries, to find out how far and on what terms the services of consulting engineers and experts could be had for establishing specific new industries; to obtain the advice of leaders and particularly of industrialists in the countries visited; and to investigate whether it was possible to start industries in India in association with foreign firms and if so what would be a reasonably safe procedure.

The Delegation which left Bombay in June, 1946, visited the United Kingdom, the United States of America and Canada. Visits were paid to industrial establishments on the Continent of Europe either by members individually or in small groups. The entire party returned to Bombay by the middle of March, 1947.

THE REPORT.

The Report submitted by the delegation gives the names of 12 industries which had built up the prosperity of U.S.A.; of a similar number which had made the United Kingdom an industrially leading nation; and of 8 industries which made Canada progressive and prosperous.

A list of a dozen industries which might have made India wealthy and which have long been on the waiting list is given side by side with the above figures. In Table IV Appendix 6, a list of 36 industries are given from which any Indian business man may make a choice.

Rural and small-scale industries will give security as regards necessaries of life.

The general impression formed by the delegation after visiting the countries of the West is that India has lost much by being helplessly tied to agriculture.

WESTERN NATIONS' ADVANTAGE.

Referring to operational deficiencies one supreme advantage which the Western nations possessed over India in the past was that they had their own national governments.

The report says that a great stumbling block to the progress of industries in this country has been the lack of statistics.

Special attention should be turned to the local manufacture of machinery and local training of experts. The industrial public in India should lose no time in manufacturing the machinery they require within the country itself.

Some half a dozen of the ablest foreign experts should be employed on high salaries and asked to do their best to develop manufacture of machinery and to train local experts.

The Government would be fully justified in setting apart if necessary, a sum of say, Rs. 10/- crores annually for the manufacture of machine tools and machinery. A committee of three patriotic Indian leaders—themselves experts in organization and technology—might be constituted to advise and assist Government in supervising the plans and the work of these foreign experts.

Indian industries in the opinion of the Delegation have a hopeful future.

The Report mentions what facilities the country already possess and what new ones may be created by appropriate policies to provide a congenial atmosphere for the rapid growth of industries.

Labour is ordinarily cheap and tractable, but it should be educated; there will be more gainful employment for women.

Generally speaking industries are not to go for raw materials outside the country. There is ordinarily a good home market.

By increasing productive power, occupations, producers and consumers will multiply. Manufactured goods exported and sold abroad are likely to increase and the country's standard of living would be raised.

We have 340 million uneducated population to be trained and put to work

FOREMOST NEED

The country's foremost need is to raise the working efficiency of the masses by a rapid spread of elementary education among them.

By careful enquiry in foreign countries it was ascertained that help in machinery, expert advice and even supply of finance can be had but Government and the public should both realise—that these are extraordinary times and in some cases exorbitant prices will have to be paid.

There are two great deficiencies or wants at the present time. One is frequent shortage of subsistence needs and the other insufficient equipment for defence. The rapid development of industries will help to remove both these deficiencies.

NATIONALISATION

Nationalization of industries should be postponed except in the case of those which will obviously benefit by the change. The present economic system is based on capitalism and has made some progress—under a national Government it will give better results for five or ten years to come.

A Chapter in the Delegation Report is devoted to measures needed to improve the capacity and character of the average citizen to make him a good industrialist and business man.

Every practical measure should be adopted in India to make the people throw off their apathy and indifference and place faith in leading active lives, in habits leading to initiative and selp-help as the only means by which they can make their individual lives happy and their country progressive and prosperous.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The general report concludes with a number of specific recommendations Some of the more important of those are: The present population engaged in organized industries is understood to form between 2 and 3 per cent of the total. It would be reasonable and advantageous to increase the proportion to 25 per cent in the first stage of development.

Stress is laid on the importance of maintaining statistics to help the growth of industries.

The information of special importance and value both for a region and for the country will be the value of output of production from industries.

A third recommendation is that the industrial structure of every province and also of the Central Government should be revised and re-equipped.

One of the chief means of promoting industries is by investing sufficient capital in them.

The future development of industries in any region and the country as a whole should be based on a plan and programme for each year in advance. A five-year Plan for the Provinces and a ten-year Plan for the Central Government may be maintained to serve as targets.

UNITY THROUGH DIVERSITY

Kunhan Raja Pleads For Development Of Indian Languages

BOMBAY, Thursday

"Instead of permitting the process of disintegration of the present unversities into so many regional universities based on separate linguistic areas, we must have Indian Universities all over India", said Dr. C. Kunhan Raja, head of the Department of Sanskrit, University of Madras, in the course of his lecture this evening on "Linguistic Diversity and Cultural Unity in India: How to reconcile", delivered under the auspices of the Indian Institute for Educational and Cultural Co-operation. Mahamahopadhyaya P. V. Kane, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, presided.

Dr. Raja suggested that each student of degree course in every university must spend some time in a neighbouring or distant university in this country, and must take a course in the language of another region than the one he lives in and that there must be representatives of separate linguistic areas in India in every university.

People in India, said Dr. Raja, suffered from a superstition that a man could not be counted or considered cultured or civilized unless he knew English. India, he asserted, possessed nearly three-fourths of the literary wealth of the world.

THE ANCIENT PAST

In the ancient past, Sanskrit was the all-India language of culture and intellect. This was so until 800 or 900 A.D. after which while the intellectual side found its expression through Sanskrit, the emotional side came to be expressed through provincial languages. During the last 100 years or so, there had been noticed a kind of unity and standardisation in literary forms and artistic values in all provincial literatures. The lyrics, short stories, novels, social dramas and essays in any and every provincial language followed an English pattern. There was hardly any distinction or individuality in the various provincial literature. The difference was only in the language, the material presented was the same.

As it was, one common language, Hindi or Hindustani, was deemed essential for our patriotism, local sentiment necessitated an adequate knowledge of the regional language while necessities of civilization required the learning of English language.

India was a vast country, as big as the whole of Europe except Russia. Our provincial languages had developed a great literature. It was therefore essential that each educated man in India should know something of the literature in some language in the country apart from and in addition to the literature of his own region.

HARMONY THROUGH DIVERSITY

To achieve unity of the people of this country, it was not necessary to strive for uniformity. It was the difference in notes that produced melody and harmony in music. The harmony of colour in painting was likewise the outcome of many different and separate colours. The growth of a distinct individual in any provincial literature was not incompatible but quite necessary for the achievement of harmony and the unity of Indian culture and literature as a whole.

Mahamahopadhyaya Kane, the Chairman for the occasion, observed that despite the diversity of languages there was noticeable all throughout the country a strong under-current of unity of culture. We had the same art, the same architecture, the same gods saints, poets and prophets. We had to guard against all tendencies liable and likely to endanger the solidarity of India.

Human intelligence was very limited continued the President. It was not possible for every student of degree course to learn and know well three or four languages. If too much attention was given to breadth and width, the depth would go. Sanskrit,

LABOUR MINISTERS CONFER

Need For Tripartite Organisation Recognised

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20. (A.P.I.): The need to set up tripartite organisations in the provinces to serve as a general consultative machinery on questions relating to labour and production was recognised by the conference of Provincial Labour Ministers which met in New Delhi under the Chairmanship of Mr. Jagjivan Ram on Nov. 15, and 17.

Some of the Ministers felt that in an organisation of this type the general consumer should also be represented.

The conference was of the view that industrial peace so indispensable for maximising production which is urgently required to-day can be secured only by a policy of fair wages to workers limitation of dividends a reasonable reserve and sharing of surplus profits between employers and workers equitably.

The Ministers also agreed that Government should formulate a general wage policy and that legislation should be undertaken for the constitution of wage boards with powers to fix fair wages.

2 MORE MINISTERS FOR MADRAS CABINET

MADRAS, Nov. 20, (A.P.I.): The Madras Ministry is likely to be expanded in the near future according to Congress circles here.

Two more Ministers, including a Harijan representative, are expected to join the Cabinet increasing its present strength of thirteen to fifteen.

Mr. V. I. Munuswami Pillai, former Harijan Minister and Mr. Palam Raju are mentioned as likely new Ministers.

Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar, the Premier leaves for Delhi by plane tomorrow to attend the Premiers' conference. An announcement about the expansion of the Ministry is expected on his return to Madras on November 24.

he was sure, would go by the board, the modern democratic man would not be bothered by this ancient and classical language. It would be well if every degree student took up a course in any language of this country in addition to his own.

Our rulers, the members of the Central Legislature, continued the President, must know several languages, so that in the Assembly they might be able to understand their fellow members coming from other parts of the country.

At the conclusion of the function, Sir Rustom Masani, President of the Indian Institute for Educational and Cultural Co-operation proposed a hearty vote of thanks for the speaker and the Chairman of the evening.

Size And Strength Of Pacific Fleet

British Financial Secretary Declines To Give Details

LONDON, Nov. 19, (Reuter): British Government declined to be drawn into giving details of British Pacific Fleet at question time in Commons today.

Financial Secretary to Treasury, Mr. John Dugdale said he was unable to give the information asked for when Commander Noble (Conservative) asked for the size of the Pacific Fleet and how many ships were now in or East of Singapore.

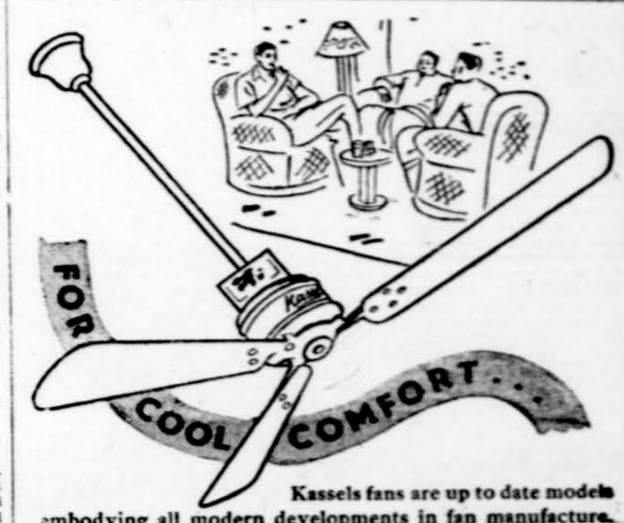
When Commander Noble said there could really be no secret about this and asked if strength of the Pacific Fleet was two cruisers and eight destroyers. Mr. Dugdale replied: "I am not going to be led into making statements. Commander Noble is quite entitled to make his own guesses and I am not going to say whether these guesses are correct or not".

Mr. J. P. Thomas (Conservative) pointed out that there had been reports giving detailed information from high ranking Australian Naval officers about very alarming cuts in Pacific Fleet.

PARCEL CONTAINING DAGGERS SEIZED

MORADABAD, Nov. 20, (API): What is believed to be the biggest haul of illegal arms in the United Provinces was made yesterday morning when one parcel of arms weighing several maunds was seized at Moradabad railway station.

The parcel, which originated from Rampur State, when opened was found to contain several thousand daggers and knives of different sizes.



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AISE M. P. (8).

Indian Delegation Presents New Draft Resolution

Mrs. Pandit Appeals To U. N. Assembly Not To Evade Fundamental Issues

Regrets Result Of General Assembly Debate Has Proved So Negative

FLUSHING MEADOWS, NEW YORK, November 21. (Reuter): After the Indian resolution calling for a Round Table Conference on the treatment of Indians in South Africa failed by three votes to obtain the necessary two-thirds majority in the General Assembly yesterday, there was a surprise development when it was announced when the Assembly recovered later that the Indian delegation had presented a new draft resolution on the subject.

M. Andrei Gromyko of the Soviet Union, who had taken over the Presidency of the General Assembly from Senor Oswaldo Aranha just before the vote in the Indian-South African issue was taken, still occupied the chair on resumption. He announced that the Indian delegation had presented a new draft resolution on the subject and suggested that the Assembly consider it at their next meeting after the text had been distributed and studied.

OPPOSITION

Britain, the United States and South Africa immediately contended that the subject had already been disposed of. Charles Fahy, of the United States, said that if it was desired to introduce another resolution it would have to go through the normal procedure of being considered by the Assembly's 14-Member Steering Committee.

Mr. Harry Lawrence, South African Delegate, said he was not prepared to discuss a resolution put forward at this stage.

Replying, Mr. Gromyko said that he chair had not declared the question disposed of before the adjournment, and he did not think it "advisible to refer the matter to the Steering Committee"

After Mr. B. R. Sen, of India had upported Mr. Gromyko's contention, he procedural issue was left for the next meeting and the Assembly went on to other business.

NEW RESOLUTION

The new Indian resolution which was circulated shortly after the incident had closed reads: "The General Assembly, bearing in mind its resolution of December the 8th last year requests the Governments of South Africa and India to discuss at a Round Table Conference all matters pending between them with a view to an amicable settlement in the light of the said resolution and to invite the Government of Pakistan to such discussions and request the results of such discussions to be reported by the South African and Indian Governments to the United Nations Secretary-General who shall from time to time make enquiries from them and submit a report on the action taken on this resolution by the two Governments to the Assembly at the next session".

Earlier in the session the voting on the Indian resolution was as follows: 31 in favour, 19 against, 6 abstentions and one country absent.

The countries voting against the resolution were Argentine, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Costa Rica, Denmark, El Salvador, Greece, Luxembour, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Norway, Paraguay, Sweden, South Africa, United Kingdom United States.

As the Indian resolution had been automatically rejected by failing to secure the two-thirds majority the joint resolution was then put to the Assembly resulting in a vote of 24 in favour, 9 against three abstentions. This failed to obtain the necessary two-thirds majority and therefore was also rejected.

Mrs. Pandit the Indian delegate, received a loud ovation at the end of her final appeal to the General Assembly on behalf of India during the debate.

DIGNITY OF CAUSE

She said:—"For us it is not a mere assertion of certain rights and privileges. We look upon it primarily as a challenge to our dignity and self respect."

Mrs. Pandit appealed to the British Commonwealth and the United States: To reflect very seriously over certain consequences all over Asia and Africa of the voting down of a resolution of this character."

She added that the Charter would have lost its meaning for millions of peoples throughout the world and the foundations of the United Nations would be weakened by the denial of principles "which we are found of quoting from this rostrum."

One United Nations committee after another had faced frustration and deadlock because of a resistance not always by the same group—the principles of the charter."

She declared that India could only accept a settlement of the problem which is consistent with the dignity of the cause we represent and of which the question of Indians in South Africa is only a symbol."

Mrs. Pandit appealed to the Assembly not to evade the fundamental issues raised by this case and to give a clear and definite lead by accepting the India.. resolution.

In a press statement after the debate Mrs. Pandit said "it is a matter of regret that the result of the General Assembly debate should have proved so negative. My delegation have hoped once again the nations of the World would give a clear verdict against racial discrimination, but the fact that the Indian resolution failed to get the two-thirds majority must not be regarded as a failure.

"The cause we represent is far reaching in its implications, and the question of Indians in South Africa is merely as symbol of a much bigger issue which will sooner or later challenge the attention of the world in a manner which will then brook no denial.

"All talk of peace becomes a mockery when causes of conflict are permitted to continue. We shall continue to fight for the removal of disabilities and discrimination wherever they exist, in a firm belief that ultimate success will crown our efforts."

Replying to questions Mrs. Pandit said the still considered that last year's General Assembly resolution on the question as being in force Today's defeated resolutions "can pelled each other out" she added

JOINT RESOLUTION'S FATE

As the Indian resolution had been automatically rejected by failing to secure the two-thirds majority the joint resolution was then put to the assembly resulting in a vote of 24 in favour and 29 against, and three abstentions. This failed to obtain the necessary two-thirds majority and therefore was also rejected.

Mrs Pandit, the Indian delegate, received a loud ovation at the end of her final appeal to the General Assembly on behalf of the Indians in South Africa She was the only speaker who received any applause during the debate.

The Assembly Chamber was half filled, and there was a complete absence of tension throughout the deliberations.

MATTER OF REGRET

Mrs. Pandit spoke for about 20 minutes.

In a press statement after the debate she said: "It is a matter of regret that the result of the General Assembly debate should have proved so negative. My delegation had hoped once again the nations of the world would give a clear verdict against racial discrimination but the fact that the Indian resolution failed to get the two-thirds majority must not be regarded as a failure.

NEW DELHI, Nov 21, (U.P.I.): Mr. Anand Mohan Sahay of the Azad Hind Provisional Government of Netaji Subbas Bose had discussions with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on last Wednesday on the general situation of the country as also on matters concerning the External Affairs Department.

FRENCH PLAN FOR GERMANY

Bidault To Leave Paris On Monday For Conference

PARIS, Nov. 20, (Reuter): M. Georges Bidault, French Foreign Minister, will leave Paris on Monday for the Foreign Ministers' conference opening in London on Tuesday with a four-point plan for Germany A foreign office spokesman announced here today.

Deploring "excessive pessimism about the outcome of the conference a spokesman said failure was "by no means certain."

France, he said, did not intend to sacrifice the categorical imperatives of European security to reparations' and consequently would fight for the following four main points:

Reorganisation of Germany on a federal basis; economic unity of Germany; real control of the Ruhr economic attachment of the Saar to France, which, the spokesman said, France regarded as already virtually settled.

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NO BAN ON WOMEN ENTERING FOREIGN SERVICES

Jawahar Answers Questions In Parliament Reveals Existence Of Anti-Indian Propaganda In Middle East

NEW DELHI, Nov 21. (A.P.I.): The Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru told the House that India would pay Pakistan's contribution to the United Nations for 1948

Replying to Mr. B. A. Mandloi Pandit Nehru said the annual contribution for 1947 for the whole of India was paid in May 1947 and amounted to Rs. 30,91,800. The contribution payable both by India and Pakistan had been assessed at 3.95 per cent of the total United Nations budget for 1948 and on this basis the combined liability of both India and Pakistan was expected to be approximately Rs. 46,00,000. In view of the complications involved in determining the share of the Government of Pakistan it had been decided that for 1948 India would pay for both the countries. The relative share of each being determined later in accordance with the proportion fixed separately for 1949 for each country by the United Nations. The payment made on behalf of Pakistan for 1948 would therefore be recovered during 1949.

The Prime Minister also revealed that the Indian Government had made representations to the U.N. Secretariat from time to time to increase the number of Indians employed in the secretariat. As a result of these representations the number has doubled in February last, there were only eight Indians whereas now there were sixteen.

REFUGEE CAMPS

The Minister for Refugees, Mr. K. C. Neogy, revealed in reply to supplementaries that the movement of refugees from the Kurukshetra Camp and other Camps were expected to start within a week. The Minister regretted that some of the refugees in the Camp had not so far been provided with cover accommodation, but explained that this was due to the streams of refugees pouring into the camp, making it difficult not only to provide cover accommodation for them but even to run the camp efficiently.

Replying to Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain, Mr. Neogy said that apart from the Kurukshetra Camp, Government knew there were other large numbers of refugees living under the sky. He pointed out, however, that normally these people did not have to live under the sky for a long time. The refugee population was mostly transitory although he regretted that cases had occurred in which large numbers of refugees had to live under the sky for a fairly long time.

CENTRE READY TO SHOULDER BURDEN

In reply to Dewan Chamanlal Mr. Neogy said that the East Punjab Government had been given an assurance that the Centre would take over the financial burden accruing on account of the refugees.

The Prime Minister, supplementing this answer, pointed out that the Government of India were prepared to take up every responsibility in East Punjab. In fact practically, the Central Government had taken over the full financial responsibility for dealing with the question. They were prepared to take over the Executive and other responsibilities also, but the difficulty had been that the Government of India did not wish to get in the way of the East Punjab Government. But if the East Punjab Government wanted, they were willing to take over every responsibility for the refugees in East Punjab.

INDIAN SHIPPING

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, told Mr. R. K. Sidhwa that Government had evolved a scheme for joint State-cum-Private enterprise for the rapid acquisition of additional Indian-owned tonnage of shipping and for the increased participation of Indian shipping in various trades. The proposals were now before Indian shipowners and it was proposed to work out details in consultation with the interests concerned after the shipowners' views were communicated to Government.

Mr. Gadgil, replying to another question, said the partition of the country had had the result of making a company with its office in a province of Pakistan a foreign company so far as the Dominion of India was concerned and vice versa. "This is legally unavoidable", he added.

INDO-BURMA TALKS

The Prime Minister informed the House in reply to Mr. N. G. Ranga that negotiations would soon begin with Burma in regard to an immigration agreement. The Burmese Premier was expected to come to Delhi early in December.

Replying to supplementaries, the Prime Minister said that a number of Indians owning properties in Burma had returned to Burma after the termination of the war. Generally, however, the Government of India were not in favour of sending large numbers of Indians abroad unless they had definite occupations in these countries because it would not redound to the credit of India.

The Prime Minister also stated that negotiations would soon start with Ceylon in regard to the status of Indian resident in the Island.

EXPORT-IMPORT CONTROL

Mr. Gadgil told Mr. N. G. Ranga that control over the country's exports was retained to conserve commodities in short supply in the country and to ensure equitable distribution among the importing countries of Indian goods. Import control was being strictly enforced with a view to making the best possible use of India's limited foreign exchange resources. The Export Advisory Council had recently been reconstituted. The question of setting up an Import Advisory Council was under consideration.

The Prime Minister in a lengthy reply to Mr. Mandloi enumerated the different grades of Indian Foreign Service. He gave a list of ten grades which had, however, not been finalised. The Prime Minister also revealed that since recruitment through the Public Service Commission was not likely to prove adequate to meet the needs of the service, Government had recently decided to set up a Special Board to tap fresh resources especially in the business community and the liberal professions. The Board would consist of the Secretary General, Ministry of External Affairs, Secretary, Ministry of Commerce, a representative each of the Federation of the Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, the President of the Inter-University Board, and a member of the Federal Public Service Commission.

WOMEN AND FOREIGN SERVICE

Mr. B. Das asked whether Indian diplomats could have foreign wives. The Prime Minister pointed out that in all countries normally it was not considered desirable for diplomats holding very responsible positions to marry foreign women. But there was no bar as such to that, the only point involved being a reconsideration of the appointment of a particular person if he had a foreign wife. The question would, of course, be decided on the individual merit of the incumbent.

A Voice: "Have Government thought of sending any bachelors as Ambassadors abroad? (Laughter)

The Prime Minister told Begum Aizaz Rasool that in theory there was no bar to women competing for the foreign service. To some extent, he hoped, there was no bar in practice as well. When the original rules were framed it was suggested that women should be excluded. But he had himself scored out this clause. The fact was that in appointing women there were certain obvious difficulties, except sometimes in the highest grade when individuals from public life were appointed.

ANTI-INDIAN PROPAGANDA

The Prime Minister said in reply to Seth Govind Das that reports of anti-Indian activities in the various Middle-Eastern countries had reached Government from time to time. He revealed that a request for protection came recently from Indians in Iran. Suitable representations were made immediately to the Iranian Government and the Indian Ambassador-Designate had been specially asked to look into the matter personally. It was hoped effective action would soon become possible with the opening of Indian Embassies in Teheran and Cairo in regard to anti-Indian activities.

UNITED NATIONS BUDGET VOTED

Britain Alarmed At Sharp Rise In Expenditure

FLUSHING MEADOWS (New York), Nov. 21, (Reuter): Final approval of the plan for the United Nation's General Assembly Session to be held in Europe next year was given when the Assembly adopted its budget for 1948 last night.

The Budget of over 34,000,000 dollars for 1948 was adopted by 37 votes to none, with ten abstentions.

Britain and Russia abstained from the vote.

Both Britain and China, who had earlier opposed the move, said they would not press for a separate vote, requiring a two-third majority, on the budget estimate of an extra 1,000,000 dollars to cover the cost.

Mr. Hector Monell (Britain) expressed the British Government's "alarm at the sharply rising United Nations expenditure" and said that if more economies were not effected in 1948 Britain might have to ask for a modification in the scale of its contribution to the United Nations.

A vote of 5,000,000 dollars for emergency assistance to Trieste was approved by 30 votes to 10 with 11 abstentions.

The Assembly adjourned until 4 p.m. (G.M.T.) today.

U. N. E. S. C. O.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 20. (Reuter): Establishment of a fourth field science co-operation office in South Asia by U.N.E.S.C.O. (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation) like those already under way in the middle and far-east and in Latin America, has been recommended by the programme and budget commission of the second general conference meeting here

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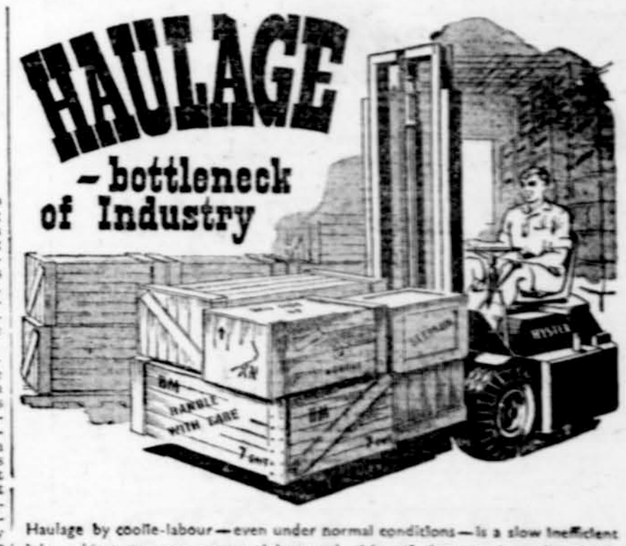

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Hightide: 06-22, 19-20. Lowtide. ....., 13-52.

Today's Engagements

MATUNGA AND SION YOUTH ASSOCIATION: Public Lecure by Sjt. Ram Joshi on "Marshall Plan —The Dollar Expansion" at Podar College, Matunga today (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m.

ANNUAL SPORTS MEET: At R. A. Podar Labour Recreation Centre, DeLisle Road today (Saturday) at 3 p.m. Sjt. D. K. Kunte, M.L.A., will preside.

BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION: Dr. A. S. Kalapesi will deliver a lecture on "Water Forms" at Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Institution Opp. Charni Road Railway Station, Queens Road, today (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

ALL-INDIA HINDI SAHITYA SAMMELAN: Press Conference at Taj Mahal Hotel today at 4 p.m.

UNION OF THE STAFF OF THE SCINDIA AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES: Function for presenting a purse of Rs. 5,001 to Shri Asoka Mehta in appreciation of his services as President of the Union today at 2-30 p.m. in the Terrace of Scindia House. Mr. S. A. Brelvi of "Bombay Chronicle" will preside.

KATHIAWAD PRAJAMANDAL: Public reception to the Ministers of the Provisional Government, Junagadh, at a meeting to be held at Chowpatty, tomorrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. Mr. K. M. Munshi will preside.

Ministers will arrive tomorrow morning by Kathiawar Mail. A grand reception will be given to them at the Bombay Central Station.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION: Winter classes begin from tomorrow (Sunday). Subjects will be Economics, Political Theory, Languages, European and Indian, Philosophy, Psychology, Radio Communication and Radio Servicing. Apply to Adult Education Association, Cama Institute, Apollo Street.

SRI RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ: Religious discourse by Rao Saheb K. Ramaswamy Iyengar avl., at the Samaj Premises, Bhuta Nivas No. 1, King's Circle, at 8-30 p.m. today.

Hindustani Prachar Sabha

Hindustani classes are conducted by the Hindustani Prachar Sabha, Bombay on every Sunday at the following Centres:—

FORT: Bazaar Gate High School, Joshi Building, Gunbow Street. Time: 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) and Kabibai High School, Bora Bazaar Street. Time: 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. (S.T.)

KALBADEVI: G. T. High School, Dadyseth Agiary Lane. Time: 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.)

GIRGAUM: Modern High School, Sicka Nagar, V. J. Patel Road. Time: 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) and Aryan Education Society High School, Opera House. Time: 8-30 a.m. to 11 a.m. (S.T.)

MATUNGA: Ruia College, Matunga (G.I.P.) Time: 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.)

SANTA CRUZ: Anandilal Podar High School, Santa Cruz. Time: 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.)

ANDHERI: Madhavsee Amarsee High School, Andheri. Time: 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.)

GHATKOPAR: Dhanji Devshi Rashtriya Kanyashala, Ghatkopar. Sunday 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) and Gurukul High School, Ghatkopar. Thursday and Saturday. Time: 4 p.m. to 5 p.m. (S.T.)

THANA: Government Girls High School, Station Road, Thana. Sunday: 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.)

TO-DAY ON RADIO

SATURDAY, Nov. 22.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Pralhad Ganu 8-45 Shamla Mazgaonkar (Marathi Song) 9-0 V. A. Kagalkar (Shuan Sarang) 12-0 Nabhovanichya Parisarat Composite programme in Marathi 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Madhur Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 A. D. Vartak (Vocal) 4-40 Ganpatram Krut Bhajano 5-0 Prahlad Ganu (Diiruba) 6-15 Bahuroopi Programme in Gujarati of special interest to children 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 N. G. Gokhale (Malgunji) 6-30 Hiralal Nakshigara (Gujarati Ghazal) 6-45 A. D. Vartak (Vocal) 7-0 N. G. Gokhale (Pad) 7-15 Prahlad Ganu (Diiruba) 7-30 Jat Lakhvanu Te Replies to Listeners Letters in Gujarati 7-40 Rabab Par Ek Dhun By Shingui 7-45 "Chool Ani Mool" 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Sher Khani Recitation of Urdu poems from the works of Mir Anes 8-45 Buried Treasures The Mayan Civilisation of America Talk in English 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-45 Shamla Mazgaonkar (Purvi) 10-15 V. A. Kagalkar (Darbari-Kanada). VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Bhajan 5-45 p.m. Topics 5-55 Locals 6-15 Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial 8-0 Hiralal Nakshigara (Gujarati Geet) 8-15 A. D. Vartak (Vocal) 9-0 Shamla Mazgaonkar (Jaitashri) 9-30 Thumri.

A.I.R.: Sub-Inspector Shirode of the Bombay Police who single-handed tackled and overcame a cat-burglar after a thrilling fight on the 5th floor roof of a building recently, has been interviewed by All-India Radio, Bombay, in the hospital where he is recovering from his injuries. An electrical recording of the interview will be broadcast at 9-40 p.m. today.

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 23-11-47:— Rainfall may occur at a number of places in Telungana and at a few places in the Karnatak and central Hyderabad.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:— Rainfall may extend into Desh, Mawal and Marathawada.

"FOR EVER AND AYE"

On Wednesday, Nov. 5, amidst a gathering of over a thousand guests, was celebrated, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, the marriage of Mr. Sultanali Abdullah Nensey, son of the late Mr. Abdullah Nensey and nephew of Mr. & Mrs. Gulamhusein Haji Ahmed Devji, to Miss Zareena Soomar, daughter of Mr. Gulamhusein Moonsabhai Soomar.

Mr. Shaikh Mohiyyuddin. He was directly recruited as Deputy Collector in June 1920, a post which he continued to hold for a number of years upto 1945, barring a few intervals. During his long service as Deputy Collector, he also acted as City Magistrate, Surat, for about three years and as City Magistrate, Ahmedabad, for about two and half years. In May 1931, he was appointed as Dewan of Sachin, which post he held for a year. In May 1945, he was appointed Dewan of Janjira from which post he has now retired.

Improving City's Telephones

Advisory Committee Discusses Measures

BOMBAY, Nov. 21 (API.) A Telephone Advisory Committee for Bombay District, the first of the kind to be set up in India under the orders of the Central Government, held its first meeting in Bombay today under the chairmanship of the General Manager, Telephones, Bombay District, Mr. R. Natarajan.

The Committee consists of Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, representing the Millowners' Association, Bombay, Mr. Ratilal Gandhi, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Mr. S. K. Patil member if the constituent assembly, the collector of Bombay, and the Contract Officer, Telephones, who will be the Secretary. The Committee will act as liaison between the public and the Government in all matters erllating to telephone pro matters relating to telephone provices, and assist in the allocation of telephones.

The Committee discussed today the present telephone service and steps to improve it, and the possibilities of expansion.

CHAVDA'S PAINTINGS EXHIBITION AT TAJ

BOMBAY, Friday.

Opening an exhibition of the latest works of Mr. Shivax Chavda at the Princes' Room, Taj Mahal Hotel this evening, Mr. Karl Khandalavalla said that the paintings and drawing of Mr. Chavda were "a collection of great quality and skill."

He remarked that he had the occasion to open the first exhibition of the artist and also saw his second show. This exhibition had compelled him to change his earlier views. Chavda had travelled extensively and tried to interpret in form and colour successfully what he had seen.

He added that he did not want Chavda to run way with an idea that he had reached the pinnacle of art.

The exhibition sponsored by the Bombay Art Society consists of 44 paintings and 40 drawings. It will remain open daily from 11 A.M. to 8 P.M. upto November 28.

MORARJI DESAI FOR DELHI

BOMBAY, Nov. 21 (A.P.I.): Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister Bombay, will leave by air for New Delhi tomorrow and return on Monday.

MINISTER DINKARRAO DESAI

Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Law and Civil Supplies, Bombay, will leave Bombay for Broach on Saturday, November 22.

A. I. HINDI SAHITYA SAMMELAN

BOMBAY, Nov. 21 (A.P.I.): The 35th Session of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan will be held in Bombay from December 28 to 31 under the presidentship of Mr. Rahul Sankrintyaan, it is announced.

R. L. TRUST CASE ADJOURNED

Mr. M. B. Shah, a Bombay Law student and an inmate of the R. L. Trust Hostel, Opera House, has filed a case in the court of Mr. Elias, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, against Mr. Ranchoddas Lotwala, Managing Trustee and Mr. Rabindra Trevedi, Superintendent of the Hostel.

According to Mr. Shah he was locked out of his room by the hostel authorities bscause he did not see eye to eye with Mr. Lotwala on certain political issues.

The case came up for hearing today when the accused denied the charge against them.

The case stands adjourned till November 9.

12 DOCK STRIKERS ARRESTED

Sequel To Scuffle Outside Gates

BOMBAY, Friday.

There was an ugly development in the dock-labourers' strike situation today when 12 strikers were arrested by the Police following a scuffle between them and a worker who tried to enter the docks this morning.

A "Chronicle" reporter was told by a Union leader this afternoon that the clash arose in this manner.

A 'strong man employed by some stevedore, he said, persisted in going in, inspite of the fervent appeals of the pickets posted outside the dock-gate. A scuffle then ensued. The Police intervened and made a number of arrests.

In the meanwhile the stalemate in the negotiations for the settlement of the strike continues today and a full week has elapsed since the strike was started.

Both the parties to the Dock Workers' dispute presented their respective sides of the case before the Labour Minister when they met him to-day.

The Chairman and the Trustees of the Bombay Port Trust met Mr. Nanda this morning and discussed the demands put forward by the dock workers, who have been on strike since November 15.

SUGGESTIONS TO END DISPUTE

Mr. Nanda, it is learnt, made certain suggestions for a speedy termination of the dispute.

Later in the afternoon, the Minister received representatives of the workers.

The negotiations are likely to be resumed to-morrow morning when both sides are expected to be present for joint consultations.

CHARGE OF CRIMINAL INTIMIDATION

BOMBAY, Friday.

On charges of criminal intimidation abetment and the causing of hurt, Bhawoo Krishna, a dock worker now on strike, was produced by the police this worning, in the court of Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate.

The police alleged that while a loyal worker tried to get into the docks last evening, the accused assaulted him.

Debidas Ramchandra and Abbasi Lalsahib, who were also arrested in the docks, for the same offence of assaulting and intimidating loyal workers, were also produced in the same court.

The magistrate allowed them bail.

RAID ON CITY STOCK HOLDERS' ASSOCIATION

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Crime Branch (II) C.I.D. raided the premises of the Bombay Controlled Registered Stock Holders, Association at Argile Road yesterday, and arrested Sakharam Laxman Mangiore, stated to be the Secretary of the Association on a charge of attempted profiteering.

The accused is alleged to have attempted to sell 3.2 tons of 1/2" iron bars to a permit holder for Rs. 1236/8, which is about Rs. 300/- above the controlled price. It was stated that delivery of the goods were refused when the permit holder wanted to pay for the purchase by a cheque.

The bail period of the accused was extended for a fortnight at the Mazagaon Police Court today.

Alleged To Have Taken Rs. 100 As Hush Money

Sorab Dosabhoy Framroze, a Civil Supplies Inspector attached to the Crime Branch of the Bombay C.I.D., was arrested yesterday by the city police, and produced before Mr. G. K. Rege at the Esplanade Court today.

It was stated that the accused along with two others went to a grocery shop at Ghoga Street and conducted a search of the premises, wherein, it is alleged, he found a stock of two pailies of wheat, two pailies of dal, and five pounds of sugar.

He was alleged to have represented to the manager of the shop that it was an offence to hoard the articles and was prepared to hush it up for a consideration of Rs. 100. The shop manager paid him the amount.

The next day, it was stated, the owner of the shop learnt of the transaction in his absence between the Civil Supplies Inspector and his Manager. He complained to the Civil Supplies Department, stating that the stocks found on his premises were the rations of three of his servants who cooked on the premises.

The accused was identified by the complainant in a parade, and was subsequently handed over to the police.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be released on bail.

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Direction: WINAYAK

Yakub, B. Pendharkar, Dixit, Damuanna and Nayantara

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Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3-30 to 6-30
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3rd CROWDED WEEK

Director: HARPRASAD

MAYADEVI W. M. KHAN

Matinee: Sun., Mon. 1 p.m. Matinee Sat., Sun., Mon. 1-15 p.m

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ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 21 (API.) The following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches and the total rainfall during past 24 hours from 1st November 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I.S.T.) on 21st November 1947:—

Allahabad 85 53 0 0 minus 0.3 Bangalore 80.65 0 0 minus 2.3 Belgaum 83 62 0 0.3 minus 1.2 BOMBAY 93 72 0 0 minus 0.5 Calcutta 85 59 0 0 minus 0.8 Colombo 88 73 0 3.1 minus 7.6 Cuttack 89 62 0 0 minus 1.5 Darjeeling 51 39 0 0 minus 0.6 Lahore Nil Madras 85 74 0.8 2.0 minus 8.0 Nagpur 85 55 0 0— Patna Nil Peshawar Nil Poona 86 53 0 0.3 minus 0.7 Shillong 62 41 0 0 minus 1.4

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

There can be no true national life either within a nation itself or between that nation and other nations, unless there be the specific acknowledgment of, and the support of organic law to, the rights of man.

—President F. D. Roosevelt.

The Bombay Chronicle

RAILWAY BUDGET

The most striking feature of the Indian Dominion's first railway budget for the period from 15th August 1947 to 31st March 1948 is an increase in passenger fares and freight rates with effect from 1st January 1948. A rise in fares and rates is everywhere as unpalatable as a rise in any other tax. But the present rise is inevitable if it was not so months ago. Owing to an addition of about Rs. 22½ crores in the wages bill for the seven and half months till the close of the financial year as a result of implementing the Pay Commission's recommendations and the higher cost of coal and grain shop concessions to railway workers, the budget reveals an expenditure of Rs. 120.62 crores, while the revenue on the basis of the present rates and fares is estimated at only Rs. 108.24 crores. The actual revenue may be more than what is estimated as it is pointed out that "military traffic is substantially high due largely to the rail movement of Armed Forces consequent on the partition of the country." But one cannot be too sure of the future. In any case we hope there will be no occasions for such movements. The estimated deficit of Rs. 12.38 crores cannot be met by any other means than raising rates and fares. Without these the public will have to bear the burden of heavier general taxation. It is far more equitable that the deficit is covered by those who use the railways. In fact the proposed increase in rates and fares will bring in only Rs. 9.15 crores, leaving still a deficit of Rs. 3.23 crores.

A rise in fares and rates being inevitable, it follows that it should be as equitable as possible. The rise in passenger fares must apply to all classes as otherwise there is bound to be a bigger deficit. But it is rightly planned to be progressively steeper for higher classes of accommodation. The concessions for long journeys are withdrawn and the practice on some railways of charging higher rate for travel by mail or express trains has been extended to most other railways. On the whole, we are assured that the cost to the poor man who undertakes essential short distance journey will be very little more than at present on most railways, that "it will actually be lower as the railways are now charging rates higher than the new rates." As regards the proposed small rise in suburban season ticket fares, it is pointed out that this will be the first time since 1939 that many of the suburban third class season ticket fares have been subjected to an increase which is only 12-1/2 per cent as against an increase of 55 per cent on all tickets including season tickets and workman's tickets in the United Kingdom. It is to be hoped that, in return for the higher fares for all classes of passengers, the conditions of travel will be appreciably improved. They certainly need to be. The over-crowding in the third class compartments in most trains has long been scandalous. It should no longer be tolerated by a National Government. The present budget includes a provision of nearly Rs. 70 lakhs for investment in joint rail-road transport companies being formed in various provinces If the scheme is well managed it should prevent over-crowding in buses and trains alike. As regards freight rates, it is well that care has been taken to ensure that, as far as possible, there will be no increase in the cost of transport for food grains and seeds for sowing. We trust the new rates will be helpful to the development of industries, large and small, agriculture being itself our biggest industry.

In view of the estimated deficit in the budget period the contribution to general revenues of Rs. 7½ crores, budgeted for in 1947-48 will not now be possible. The Railway Reserve Fund will not only not receive a fresh contribution but will also lose Rs. 3.29 crores for meeting arrears of depreciation on rolling stock and the net deficit in the Budget. But it is to be hoped that the existing Funds are large enough to permit the necessary development of the railways to cope with the fast-growing traffic. More locomotives are urgently needed and they should be manufactured in India as early as possible. Allowance must of course, be made for the various difficulties of the Government and the Railway Board. But we expect that the next budget for the new financial year will reveal fair progress and provision for more progress.

A British Bombshell

The penultimate stage of the battle for Palestine has opened with the debate in the full Palestine Committee—the final stage, will, of course, be in the General Assembly. We have no doubt that, with the United States and the Soviet Union having joined forces, they will gain a comfortable majority in the Committee. But we are glad that Britain has dropped a "bombshell" in their midst. Actually it is no bombshell but a declaration of the logical implications of an oft-repeated policy. The British do not want to be involved in any scheme not agreeable to both Jews and Arabs. It follows, therefore, that they cannot, in the event of inevitable opposition, hand over to any States created by the Partitionists. They can only hand over to the United Nations or rather, since, as Sir Alexander Cadogan said, there would be nothing to hand over, they would announce to the United Nations the termination of the Mandate and withdrawal of their administrative machinery, leaving that body to do whatever it liked. That does not suit the Big Partitionists who, as London quarters have correctly pointed out, have avoided the fundamental problem of how to implement partition against armed opposition or in the event of disorder. British refusal to do the dirty work, which refusal also involves termination of the Mandate much earlier than August or October next has confronted the partitionists with a very uncomfortable dilemma. But it would be too much to hope that they would give up their plan. The Arab world is rightly expecting and preparing for an inevitable military show down.

Frankly Speaking

Disservice To U. N. O.

The eighteen member States who helped South Africa to deny the Indian resolution the necessary two-thirds majjority in the U. N. General Assembly and thus to defeat it have certainly rendered a service to White South Africa but have ill-served the great organisation as also themselves, too. Their vote means nothing less than this that the Government of the South African Union is not wrong in adopting a policy of racial discrimination not only in actual practice but also by legislation; that the Union Government was justified in saying all that it said to and about the United Nations and its resolution in the defiant memorandum submitted by it; that the United Nations has doubtful jurisdiction over questions of racial discrimination and that the Assembly was wrong to pass last year's resolution. It goes without saying that they also hold that India is at fault in its policy of economic sanctions which it should humbly withdraw even though South Africa's racial legislation may remain in force.

Inevitable Consequences

These eighteen States, led by Britain and the United States, have denied the principles of human equality, which the United Nations Charter clearly affirms and enjoins upon all. They have supported the dangerous theory that any member State is entitled to practise racial discrimination, differentiate between man and man and divide its people on the basis of colour between white Haves and coloured Have-nots, between white masters and coloured slaves, and all by merely claiming such a crime against humanity as an internal domestic affair. And it does not affect their betrayal but, on the contrary, exposes their mentality even more, to urge the transfer of the dispute to the International Court of Justice. For, it suggests a view that racial discrimination and the right and obligation of the United Nations to suppress it, as it would suppress Nazism and Fascism—the theory of the Herrenvolk is no worse than the theory of the whites being the Herrenvolk in South Africa—is not a fundamental principle but something which can be cancelled and made nonsense of by a court ruling. The stand of the eighteen member States by White South Africa is a stand against the United Nations Organisation. It is a blow to the fundamentals of that body, fundamentals which give it its very life. Nor have they served themselves by it. The United States has struck for the second time against its interests and prestige in Asia and Africa. And the position and prospects of that country in Asia and Africa, however materially great and rich it may be, derives not so much from its dollars as from the good will that it is itself fast losing. As to Britain, nothing need be said beyond wondering how long that country hopes to keep India, Pakistan Burma and Ceylon on its side to say nothing of inside the Commonwealth.

Advance Co-operation

The second annual session of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Marketing Conference, which began in the city on Thursday, is indicative of the widening scope of the co-operative movement in the province. For too many years the movement aimed almost exclusively at providing cheaper credit to the people. Recently, however, co-operative societies have undertaken different activities, such as better farming and better marketing. Mr. M. P. Patil, presiding over the Bombay Conference, pointed out that in this province there were now 264 multi-purpose societies and 197 sale societies. Sale-purchase societies are most helpful to the poor agriculturists in eliminating middlemen, thus enabling the agriculturists to buy cheap and get a fair price for their produce. Mr. Morarji Desai and Mr. V. L. Mehta have assured the conference that co-operative societies of every kind will be duly encouraged by Government, but Mr. Desai rightly urged co-operators not to depend too much on Government help. Under a responsible Government more than any other the people who take the initiative and show good work are sure to get the utmost help from Government.

Welfare Measures In Mill

Performing the inauguration ceremony of a creche and dispensary of the India United Mills No. 4 on Thursday, Mr. B. G. Kher pointed out how such institutions can be a great boon to the workers. He also urged the millowners to realise that these institutions were a good investment as they promoted good will among the workers. It is true that a number of mills have creches and dispensaries attached to them but not a few of them are mere make-believe. Mr. Kher, agreeing with the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee, remarked that there was a strong case not only for the maintenance of the existing mill dispensaries side by side with a scheme of compulsory insurance but also for an improvement in the present standards and for the establishment of dispensaries in all those mills which had not got them at present. It will be in the interests of the millowners themselves to provide all necessary welfare measures for their workers, whether or not these are made obligatory by legislation.

THE NEW PRESIDENT

(BY A CONGRESSMAN)

By agreeing to elect Dr. Rajendra Prasad as president of the Congress, the All India Congress Committee, one is constrained to say, has shelved the timely question raised by Acharya Kripalani whose resignation has been accepted. The question was what relationship should subsist between the highest Executive of the Congress and the Central Government in India. Acharya Kripalani confessed that the Central Government showed no inclination to take the Congress Working Committee or its chief who is the head of the Congress organisation into its confidence in vital matters of policy. This put the Congress in an awkward position as in matters of policy often the two appeared to be at variance. That this should have happened when the Working Committee itself is over-weighted with leading members of the Government, is, indeed, deplorable. One refuses to accept the suggestion in Acharya Kripalani's presentation of the case that the matter has at any time had anything to do with personal relations between himself and those in office. The reason seems to be the absence of an efficient liaison between the Working Committee and the Government.

NEED FOR COORDINATION

Ordinarily it is the function of the Congress Parliamentary Board to bring about such a liaison and to coordinate parliamentary work with popular opinion which is represented by the Congress. Reduced to bare facts, Acharya Kripalani's complaint is confession of his own failure to supervise the activities of the Board and the failure of his Working Committee to exercise control over it which is, after all, only a subordinate body to it. The proper course for Acharya Kripalani was to reconstitute the Parliamentary Board if he was not satisfied with its work and to formulate a constructive approach to the question of inter-relating Congress programme with Governmental policy and then seek methods for their integration. It is wrong to put your men at the head of the Government and expect them to divulge official secrets even to the tallest among their non-official colleagues. No Government can function that way. A more useful course would be for the Congress President and his Working Committee to adjust the Congress machinery to changed conditions. With the assumption to power the function of the Congress undergoes a natural change. It is for it to convert its constituent bodies into policy-making organs whose business it should be to pool the best available constructive talent to formulate public policies. It is a palpable truth that Congress Committees have failed in this new orientation of its functions and tasks and Acharya Kripalani cannot be absolved from blame for this failure. Pandit Nehru, as the Head of the Central Government, had no other course open to him than to ask the A.I.C.C. to accept Acharya Kripalani's resignation and elect a new President in his place. It will be wrong to infer that this meant any want of confidence in one who has been a colleague for so many years.

WISE LEADERSHIP

In electing Dr. Rajendra Prasad as President of the Congress, the A. I. C. C. has once again expressed its confidence in his wise leadership. But his election saddles him with an additional burden and increased responsibility. He is President of the Constituent Assembly.

As Dr. Rajendra Prasad's accession to the Congress gadi, will be followed by his severance from ministerial responsibility, there is a great hope that Congress organisation will be converted into a huge machine which will iron out conflicts and push the central and provincial Governments to speed up with plans for reconstruction and provide rough and ready schemes that need attention according to priority of importance. Dr. Prasad has the genius for such leadership and his experience as a Member of Government will be valuable in guiding Congress activities in harmony with the needs of the State and Government. As President of the Congress and of the Constituent Assembly, he has the great opportunity to be the architect of the Free India of our dreams and in accordance with principles so neatly enunciated by the A.I.C.C. in its current session. Congressmen welcome Dr. Rajendra Prasad to his new and onerous responsibilities and have every confidence that in its discharge he will have the unflinching co-operation of all sections of the Indian people.

NAGPUR, Nov. 20, (U. P. I.): The C. P. and Berar Government have started a Home Guard training centre from November 16 last at the Transit Camp here. The trainees number 1,153 and hail from the various districts of the Province. They will be trained at this camp for two months on modern military lines, after which they will return to their home districts for further training.

"Our Agrarian Problem—Its Solution"

Wanted Multi-Purpose Co-operative Societies

(By Prof. M. L. DANTWALLA.)

(Judged by the criterions of sufficient and nutritive food, the quality and cost of industrial raw materials and a decent standard of living, the record of Indian agriculture is anything but satisfactory. In the following article Prof. M. L. Dantwalla, a recognised authority on the subject, gives his suggestions for the solution of our agrarian problems.)

What does one expect from the nation's agrarian economy? Broadly speaking, a sound agrarian economy should provide:

(1) Enough and nutritive food to the people;

(2) Raw materials for the industry at costs not unfavourable compared with those in foreign countries;

(3) A decent standard of living to all those actively engaged in agricultural production.

Judged by any of these criteria, the record of Indian agriculture is anything but satisfactory. Anyone taking an intelligent interest in our economic life knows that we do not produce enough food and the deficiency in nutritive food is much more marked, that the quality of many of our industrial raw materials is poor and their cost of cultivation is relatively high and that leaving aside the big—and often absentee-landlords, all those who toil on land, the small cultivator, the tenant and the agricultural labourer are steeped in poverty, ill-health and ignorance. Numerous and authentic statistics could be presented to illustrate the statement, but the facts are so well-known that any such proof is unnecessary.

REAL REMEDY

What one would like to know, therefore, is not so much the nature of the malady as the correct prescription. Here too the difficulties are not formidable. Every contribution on the subject will give you a list of set remedies: Better seed, more manure, improved implement, extension of irrigation, etc. The real difficulty is to find out why, though the malady and the cure are fairly obvious, our agriculture continues to be so backward. Here too we must not be taken in by obvious explanations: foreign rule, rigid social structure, illiteracy of the peasants. Fortunately, the omnibus explanation of foreign rule is no longer valid. Rigidity of our social structure and the illiteracy and apathy of the peasantry are facts which we have to contend with. Any scheme of agrarian reconstruction will have to be designed with this context in mind.

The two most important desiderata for a successful scheme of agricultural reconstruction are:

(1) Increased efficiency—greater production per man-hour;

(2) Greater social justice.

It should be admitted that the two are not mutually exclusive. Increased production, for example, will be possible only in an atmosphere of greater social justice.

PARASITIC ELEMENTS.

Justice in agricultural economy demands the removal of parasitic elements from it. Parasites are hateful anywhere but in a system suffering from chronic debility, they are very dangerous. Apart from the question of justice, an economy which cannot provide a decent livelihood to even the hardest toiler cannot think of maintaining parasites.

Fortunately, it is now generally recognised that the non-cultivating landlord has no place in our agrarian economy. Once this basic truth is realised, the question of their legal rights and compensation are just side issues, which may be settled mainly by political considerations.

Another big drain on the earnings of the toilers are the exactions of the usurious money-lender. Here too the public opinion as expressed through provincial legislatures is fairly progressive and has adopted a very realistic stand. As far as the old debts are concerned, they have to be scaled down by the double test of equity and paying capacity. There is much to be desired as far as the Government's alternative machinery for the supply of rural credit is concerned. But about that later.

ECONOMIC HOLDINGS.

The removal of the parasites and the drain of heavy debt charges from the agrarian economy is, however, only the first step and will just prepare it for more constructive remedies. The next logical step in this direction is to increase the unit of cultivation. This can be done firstly by consolidation of fragments owned by a person into a single holding. This has been done with considerable success in the Punjab and the Central Provinces. The Government of Bombay have introduced a Bill which will achieve the same end. But, as is likely, even the consolidation of fragments may not create an economic holding.

The phrase is here used in a limited sense. It means a holding of a size which is necessary for the purposes of agricultural efficiency. It does not mean a holding which gives a decent standard of living to the cultivator.

If that happens, the only way to create an economic holding which will not involve displacement of cultivators is to organise joint cultivation of contiguous holdings.

MULTI-PURPOSE SOCIETIES

The ground will now be clear for more positive steps towards agricultural reconstruction. My main suggestion in this direction is the organisation of multi-purpose societies in every village for providing the cultivators with the best possible instruments of cultivation. One very glaring fact which we notice in every village is a wide range of variation in productivity on different farms. There are several reasons for this, but the most important, in my opinion, is the wide divergence in the resources of cultivators. A farmer with a good pair of bullocks, with good manure and improved seeds can easily produce 25 to 50 per cent more than a farmer who cannot afford any of these. A large quantity of produce is denied to the farmer and to the country simply because a very large percentage of the cultivators cannot afford to employ better instruments of productions. We all know this fact. We have even carried on some propaganda for encouraging the use of better resources and offered to sell these—though in very small quantities—to those who would buy them. The farmer is convinced but he is helpless. You offer him cheap co-operative credit. Does he avail himself of it? The following information will give the answer.

The total working capital of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank and the Central Co-operative Banks for the year 1945-46, was Rs. 14 crores. Out of this, not more than Rs. 2 crores were given on loan to Co-operative Societies. The rest is presumably utilised outside the co-operative movement. Thus we have a curious phenomenon of the cultivator buying at usurious rates while a plethora of co-operative credit is lying idle and seeking non-co-operative outlet.

COLLECTIVE EFFORT

The trouble is that a large number of farmers is not credit-worthy. The usual answer to this is: If it is so, what can we do? He must go to the Money-lender. But it helps nobody. The co-operative movement remains stagnant and the farmer continues to borrow at usurious rates.

Just as the farmer is not credit-worthy, he is not good-seed or manure worthy. Should we, therefore, fill up godowns of good seed and acquire cart-loads of manure and sit with folded hands till the farmer acquires money-worthiness to utilise these. I think it is this attitude more than anything else—like apathy and ignorance of the cultivators—that is responsible for the poor results of our efforts to improve agriculture. No country should reconcile itself with such terrific inefficiency in an industry on which 70 per cent of its population depends for its livelihood, simply because those engaged in it cannot afford to make use of improved methods of production. Inefficiency and poverty form a vicious circle and it is the duty of the State to break it, by introducing efficiency irrespective of whether the individual producer can afford it or not. Efficiency of production is a national asset and must not be made to depend upon the financial capacity of the individual producer.

What an individual cannot afford he may be able to do by collective effort. That way, the entire community of agriculturists may be able to use the best resources—best bullocks ploughs, seeds, manure etc., and, what may be surprising, at lower costs. Two pairs of inefficient bullocks are costlier than one pair of best bullocks. And this applies to other resources too.

COMPULSORY CO-OPERATION

My concrete suggestion is, therefore, to organise a Multi-Purpose Society in every village with compulsory membership. The Society will provide the best possible resources to every cultivator. It can charge them for the services rendered, but it will not refuse to render service simply because a cultivator cannot afford, it. If this scheme is followed, not in isolation but along with other schemes of economic development, the chances are that in a few years' time every cultivator will be in a position to pay for the best resources, particularly if they are supplied on co-operative and non-profit basis.

In an article like this, I cannot go into the details of the scheme. I would, however, like to refer to two likely objections; (1) the financial aspect of the scheme and (2) its compulsory character. With regard to the first, I do not think that the burden on Government will be heavy. Only the poor cultivator will have to be subsidised. Besides, it will be a subsidy in kind, and being in the form of resources, productive beyond doubt. The cost in any case will be less than the combined cost of the present Grow More Food Campaign and the subsidy on foreign imports of food-grains.

I defend the compulsory character on the ground that efficiency of agriculture and adequate supply of foodstuffs are questions which are most vital to the lives of 400 million of our countrymen. If it is legitimate to make traffic laws compulsory for the safety of a few thousand pedestrians, I do not see what is wrong in compelling a cultivator to use the best resources for a purpose on which depends the existence and the prosperity of our entire population.

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MORE CUTS IN BRITAIN'S FOOD RATIONS

LONDON, November 21 (Reuter): The British Public may be even more stringently rationed in foodstuffs early in the new year when Britain's 200 million sterling cuts in imports from the dollar area begins to have full effect.

LAST OF BURMA'S GOVERNORS TO LEAVE ON JAN. 4

RANGOON, Nov. 21 (Reuter): Sir Hubert Rance last British Governor of Burma will leave Rangoon on January 4,—occasion of the transfer of power from Britain to Burma on that day when Burma becomes an independent republic outside the British Commonwealth.

KHER'S CALL TO WOMEN

Co-ordinate Work According To Plan and Help Govt. In Its Various Schemes

BOMBAY, Friday.

A call to the various women's organisations to co-ordinate their work according to a plan and to assist Government in the furtherance of the vast schemes of primary and adult education and of rural reconstruction was given by Prime Minister B. G. Kher, speaking at a charity performance held at the St. Xavier's College Hall this evening in aid of a hostel for women proposed to be built by the Young Women's Christian Association, Bombay.

Mr. Kher declared: "If democracy implied anything at all, it implies a community of sturdy, self-reliant individuals, capable not only of choosing intelligently and independently their own representatives to run the government on their behalf but also of helping themselves and one another."

Mr. Kher congratulated the Y.W.C.A. on their "extremely praiseworthy venture."

The Premier requested women's organisations to extend their activities beyond the cities into the rural areas "where the field for service is unlimited and where every little effort is so badly needed and so greatly prized."

The charity performance included a ballet "Inspiration" by Hima Kesarcodi and party. About Rs. 2,000 was collected.

Mrs. P. S. Wilson, General Secretary of the Y.W.C.A., welcomed Premier Kher, the chief guest and others.

Mrs. Burns-Lawson, President of the Association proposed a vote of thanks.

Battle For Paoting

Chinese Govt. Rushes Crack Troops For Relief Of City

SHANGHAI, Nov. 21. (Reuter): Crack Chinese Government Divisions, believed to be General Fu Tsoyi's hard fighting troops, today rushed to the relief of Paoting, Hopei provincial capital, still threatened by communists columns.

Reinforcements by train and air were expected to get there within the next 24 hours.

Government warplanes based at Peiping today bombed and strafed Communist military installations at Shihchiachwang.

YUANSHI HOLDS OUT

South of Shichiachwang, on the Peiping-Hankow Railway, the Garrison of Yuanshi was said to be still holding out against strong Communist forces.

CHINA GOES TO POLLS

The Chinese people went to the polls today in the first general elections ever to be held in their country to appoint 2,971 representatives to the National Assembly or Parliament under the new "constitution of the Chinese Republic" adopted last year. The Kuomintang with 1,758 candidates, is expected to win an over whelming victory against the Young China and Democratic Socialist Parties—the only other parties in the elections after the outlawing of the Communists and the Centre Party—the Democratic League.

When Madame Chiang Kai Shek, wife of the Chinese President, recorded her vote in a primary school classroom in Nanking, crowds broke through barriers to watch her vote.

It is generally expected that President Chiang Kai Shek will be re-elected.

Rs. 5 Lakhs Snatched From Bank Peon

Robbers Fire Shots And Escape In Car

KARACHI, Nov. 21 (API): A most daring bank robbery took place at the Bank of India on Bunder Road in the heart of Karachi this morning when a bag, said to contain about Rs. 5,70,000, was snatched from the hands of a Bank peon and taken away in a car.

The men in the car totalling four fired shots as they drove, and the peon was shot dead.

The robbery occurred as the Cashier of the Bank of India and the peon with the bag were walking down the footpath to deposit the amount in the Reserve Bank of India.

INDO-PAKISTAN AGREEMENT

LAHORE, Nov. 20 (API): "Complete agreement on all points was reached at a Conference on November 17, between Commanders of 114th Brigade (Pakistan) and 43rd Brigade (India) which as also attended by the subdivisional officer and Superintendent of Police, Nasure", says a Press Note issued by Information Office, Pakistan and West Punjab Governments, Lahore.

NOON IN KARACHI

KARACHI, Nov. 21 (API): Malik Feroz Khan Noon, the Governor-General of Pakistan's personal envoy to the Middle-East is expected to return to Karachi today. He is likely to fly to Lahore on Sunday.

FREE FRENCH SETTLEMENTS IN INDIA

PONDICHERRY, November 20 (API): Four new decrees have been passed granting the status of 'free city' to the remaining four French settlements in India, Pondicherry, Karikal, Mahe and Yanam, it was announced in the official Gazette according to information received from Paris.

Chandernagore has already been granted the same status.

MUTTRA, Nov. 21 (U. P. I.): Seven guns, one gun barrel and one incomplete gun were recovered from the village Jhanjholi in the Muttra District.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, Nov. 20: Princess Elizabeth was not the only woman in a wedding dress on this great day. Begum (Habib) Rahimtoola, in a lemon-coloured 'sari' embroidered in gold by Muslim master-craftsmen in Bombay, was wearing the very dress she wore at her wedding 13 years ago.

—Reuter

* * *

Opposing the Indian resolution because it implied the failure of the South African Government to carry out its agreement and the violation by it of the U.N. Charter, Mr. Lawrence, the S. A. delegate, told the General Assembly: "We cannot make any such admissions and we cannot reasonably be expected to make them".

Agreeing wholeheartedly with Mr. Lawrence, the friends of White South Africa decided that the General Assembly should, therefore, reasonably be made to east its last year's resolution. And they succeeded.

* * *

In the Political Committee debate on the "Little Assembly", Sir Hartley Shawcross, the British delegate, replying to M. Gromyko said: "We are not discussing the question of bloc voting nor why Poland and others vote with the Soviet Union".

Nor, of course, why Britain, Canada, Australia and New Zealand vote with south Africa.

* * *

By the way, have Britain and the United States considered the possible dangers of their Little Assembly? For instance, it may be used to bypass, like the Big Power Veto, the two-thirds majority rule, too?

They had better provide against this danger, otherwise what would happen to the White Union of South Africa?

* * *

In a statement welcoming the Congress resolutions, seven Muslim League members of the Indian Constituent Assembly say: "We realise that on our part, we as citizens of the Indian Dominion, have our own responsibilities and obligations ....."

They have. They had, too, but need we go into that?

* * *

Giving another of his frequent performances—this time before a Press Conference—the Frontier Premier, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, expressed great pleasure that the tribesmen had for the first time in history started acting in collaboration with the Frontier Pathans.

Some people did plead that the tribesmen were only collaborators, not principals.

* * *

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan suggested, therefore, that the independent tribesmen should be employed in the Pakistan army in large numbers.

As ancillaries. Quite, quite.

* * *

Moreover, such employment would otherwise be useful too as an effective compensation.

As Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan said, "So far as possible, we would try to allay their day-to-day difficulties with regard to matters like foodstuffs, cloth, medicine etc." And the month-to-month or year-to-year dues have also to be met in some forms or other, you know.

I. C. I. Dispute Award

Sir Harsidhbhai Divatia, President of the Industrial Court, Bombay, has given his award in the dispute between the Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Limited and their employees. It has been published in a "Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary" and comes into force from November 22. It would be binding on both the parties to the dispute for a period of four months.

The President of the Industrial Court has given two different awards, regarding the dispute between the Dyes Department of the Company and its head office employees, and the dispute between the Company's factory and its employees.

In the case of first, the salaries awarded in the main follow, with certain modifications in favour of the employees, the Company's classifications, scales and grades.

With regard to the dearness allowance it is to be at the rate of 40 per cent on the first Rs. 100 and 20 per cent on the balance with a minimum of Rs. 35 and a maximum of Rs. 150 to unmarried employees and Rs. 300 to married employees. Except for the minimum which is at present Rs. 30, these rates are the same as those given by the Company at the present.

With regard to bonus and leave the Company should pay at least one month's salary as bonus. An additional bonus at the rate of at least half a month's salary per year should be paid for the years 1940 to 1944, both inclusive.

Leave should be one month (privilege) with full pay and allowances with the option of accumulating it up to three months, ten days casual leave in a year and one month's sick leave.

SECOND AWARD

Clerks in the factory are to get the same scales of salaries as those given to clerks in the head office.

Machinemen, carpenters, mailers and joiners in the carpentry section are to get Rs. 45—3—60. Skilled carpenters are to get Rs. 60—5/2—75. Coolies are to get Rs. 30, rising up to Rs. 50.

Machinemen in the packing department—Rs. 45—1 1/2—60; lorry drivers—Rs. 70—5/2—85; mechanics and electricians—Rs. 90—3—120; cleaners—Rs. 30—1—35.

Leave for the factory employees is to be according to the Factories Act.

B. P. Co-operative Marketing Conference

Plea For Implementing Recommendations Of Planning Committee

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Second Bombay Provincial Co-operative Marketing Conference which concluded its two-day session here today passed a resolution urging upon the Bombay Government and non-official workers to take early steps to implement the recommendations of the Co-operative Planning Committee and to organise taluka and district purchase and sale organisations wherever necessary, "since for the effective reorganisation of the agricultural industry in the Province, the development of marketing institutions and linking of credit movement with marketing is of utmost importance."

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture presided.

The Conference recommended the formation of a Provincial Co-operative Marketing Societies' Association "in view of the increasing number of co-operative marketing institutions in the Province."

The Conference requested the Government to declare clearly its policy with regard to the consumers' co-operative movement.

WHEN CONTROLS ARE WITHDRAWN

While considering the withdrawal of controls, the Government must see that purchase and sale organisations engaged in the work of distribution of controlled commodities do not suffer any loss on the stocks with them on the date of the withdrawal of controls.

Representatives of the Agricultural Produce Market Committee passed a number of resolutions, main points from which are:

It was recommended that Government should arrange for surveys of the remaining major and minor markets and bring within regulation the major markets which are unregulated to-day as also important minor markets within a period of three years.

Government should help market committees by grant of loan at a low rate of interest to purchase adequate land for a market yard which can afford complete layout including plots for the construction of office, sale halls, parking of carts and construction of godowns.

Godowns built by Government in various places for the storage of controlled commodities should be handed over to co-operative marketing organisations.

MORNING SESSION

Development of regulated marketing in food commodities to safeguard the interests of agriculturists was envisaged by Finance Minister V. L. Mehta when he inaugurated this morning the Regulated Market Section of the Second Provincial Co-operative Marketing Conference.

"I am one of those who believe, Mr. Mehta declared, "that when controls are lifted and normal conditions restored a new type of controls under a system of regulated marketing will have to be introduced"

He added that the prospects of setting up regulated marketing centres in different parts of the province had been investigated and the results were now before the Bombay Government.

Mr Mehta advocated the establishment of a network of co-operative societies along with the regulated marketing centres "so that these two working in co-ordination will enable the agriculturist to secure proper value for his commodities." He also suggested putting up of licensed warehouses. He said that Government were thinking of opening warehouses in big cities like Poona, Bombay and Ahmedabad and expressed the Government's desire to help all organised bodies in this field.

The Indian Food Mission to Australia started food discussions with the Government of Australia on Nov. 3 (r. to l.) Sir Raghunath Paranjpye, High Commissioner for India in Australia and Leader of the Mission, Mr. Neville Wadia, Mr. Vishnu Sahay (Secretary of the Food Ministry) and Mr. A. L. Saxena (Financial Adviser).

INDUSTRIAL FINANCE CORPORATION

(Continued from Page 1)

Corporation should not be exclusive of advancing loans or undertaking liquidation of concerns, but where they render assistance they should participate in the management of the concern itself.

Prof. N. G. Ranga emphasised that small investors should also be permitted to hold shares in the Corporation and thus democratise the management of the Corporation. The share value which was now fixed at Rs. 25,000 should be reduced to Rs. 100. Provision should also be made to render assistance to agriculture and cottage industry. Ifaneed be there might be two Corporations or the same Corporation might have two wings. Wherever the Corporation advances loans to industrial concerns it should insist on the right for a representative of the Corporation to be on the Board of Management of the concern seeking help.

Mr. Kahndubhai Desai urged that at least 50 percent of directors should be nominated by Government.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed wanted the Corporation to be "democratised." First of all, its capital structure should be recast and share values reduced, so that share-holders would not be confined to "the capitalist class."

PLEA FOR STATES

Mr. P. Govinda Menon (Cochin) urged that the scope of the bill should be widened so as to embrace States. He was supported by Mr. S. V. Krishnamurthy Rao of Mysore.

Mr. Gupta wanted the ceiling on profit of the Corporation to be reduced from 5 to 4 percent on the analogy of the Reserve Bank of India.

Mr. Shibbanlal Saxena said that the Finance Minister should bring such a bill before the House after the Government had prepared a plan for the development of the country. The Minister would be "well advised" to withdraw the bill pending the preparation of such a plan.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar said that a permanent industrial Planning Commission should be established immediately to decide priorities in industrial development. Otherwise, the money provided by the Corporation might be used for development of the cosmetic, tobacco or other luxury industries which yielded quick return and not for industries which the country needed.

Mr. Ayyangar wanted the Corporation should stipulate that the industries it helped did not declare a dividend of more than nine per cent.

FINANCE MEMBER'S REPLY

Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, Finance Minister, said that the object of the present bill was to set up a Finance Corporation for the purpose of financing large-scale industries. But it was his intention after the bill had been placed on the statute book, to persuade the Provincial Governments to set up similar Industrial Financial Corporations in each Province and also to persuade the acceding States, at least the major ones, to set up corresponding Corporations. Such Provincial and State Corporations would be expected to finance mainly small-scale industries.

FOR AGRICULTURE

As regards agriculture, apart from the Co-operative Credit Societies whose main function was to help the agricultural economy of the country, "we must do something to set up a Central Agricultural Finance Corporation on the lines of the Industrial Finance Corporation."

In view of the recent catastrophe that had overtaken the country especially in East Punjab, he found that over and above the Central Industrial Finance Corporation, Provincial Finance Corporations and the Agricultural Finance Corporation, there was need for a special Reconstruction Finance Corporation. The problem of rehabilitation and resettlement of refugees was of such a tremendous magnitude as to require all the energy expert knowledge and resources of a special Reconstruction Corporation to tackle it. "I hope that in the coming months, with the help and co-operation of this house, I might be enabled to set in motion the machinery for all these various purposes.

ROLE OF CORPORATION

With regard to the adequacy of the resources of the Industrial Finance Corporation, there had been some misconception. This Corporation was not intended to supply all the finance or even a substantial part of the finance necessary for the large-scale industrialisation of the country. "We contemplate that Government itself as State concerns will set up some of these large-scale industries. In such a case here is no need for help from this Corporation. This Corporation is intended to help the large-scale industries started by private enterprise. Even in this field normally a private industrial concern is expected to raise all its capital requirements from the market and to obtain from the commercial banks the accommodation necessary for its day-to-day running.

HOW HELP CAN BE RENDERED

"But any one with industrial experience will tell you that whatever might be the capital structure of a private industrial concern, occasions do arise when substantial help for meeting capital expenditure is required and it is difficult to raise such additional capital in the open market.

The raising of that capital may mean prosperity or decay for that concern. It is at such a critical time that an Industrial Finance Corporation of this kind is expected to go to the rescue of the industrial concerns. If you compare the capital requirements for industrialisation of the country, it will run into many hundreds of crores. You will probably go away with the impression that the amount of 30 or 40 crores which this Corporation will have as its resources is a totally inadequate figure. But I may assure you that the 30 or 40 crores of rupees at the disposal of a centralised Corporation of this kind can finance industries which have got a capital of probably seven or eight hundred crores of rupees. But it will be open to the Select Committee to increase the resources available to this Corporation.

Mr. Cheety said the aim of the bill was deliberately to restrict the share-holding of the Corporation to certain categories of institutions.

"We want a responsible Corporation to finance our industries, which will not become the monopolistic concern of any group of individuals, which will guarantee State control in public interest and which will at the same time utilise all the experience and efficiency of private business. By deliberately restricting the share-holding to certain specified institutions, it was the intention of thos bill to bring to the service of the State, under the control of the State the experience gained by captains fo pricate industry."

The bill was referred to a Select Committee.

The House passed without debate the Home Ministers bill to amend the Foreigners Act so as to fill up certain lacunae in it, and took up consideration of the Labour Ministers motion to refer to a Select Committee the workmen's State Insurance Bill, aimed at giving certain benefits to workmen employed in factories in case of sickness, maternity and accident.

The insurance envisaged under the bills is one of compulsory State insurance for workers in factories other than seasonal workers. For the purpose of administering the scheme, a workmens State Insurance Corporation is sought to be created with the help of employers and workmen.

Workmen earning less than ten annas a day would be totally exempt from payment of any share of the contribution, the entire contribution on account of such persons being met by the employer.

The insured workman would be entitled to the following benefits.

(A) SICKNESS CASH BENEFIT: If certified sick and incapable of working, a workman will receive for a period not exceeding eight weeks in any continuous twelve months a cash allowance equal appximately to half his average daily wages during the previous six months, besides medical are and treatment.

(B) MATERNITY BENEFIT: Women workers would be entitled to receive maternity benefit at twelve annas a day for twelve weeks, besides medical aid.

(C) DISABLEMENT AND DEPENDENTS BENEFITS: Workmen disabled by employment injury would receive for the period of disablement of life a monthly pension equivalent to half his average wages during the previous twelve months, subject to a maximum or minimum. In case of death resulting from employment injury, the pension would be payable to the widow or minor sons and minor and unmarried daughters or to other dependents.

The Labour Minister was congratulated on his sympathy and vision in dealing with problems of benefits to the workers by all the three speakers who followed him.

Mr. Hariharnath Sastri however regretted rthat seasonal workers should have been excluded from the purview of the bill.

Shrimati Durgabai said the ratee of annas twelve per day during maternity was not sufficient at all.

A pregnant woman should really be treated as two individuals for she was carrying a precious burden which she would deliver to the country pretty soon (Hear, hear).

She suggested that twelve annas might be the minimum maternity benefit paid but not the maximum. Mrs. Durgabai also criticised the discrimination being made between sickness and maternity. Whereas man had to pay only 17 weekly contributions to the insurance fund to entitle him to relief during illness a woman had to pay 26 weekly contributions before she was qualified to get maternity benefit.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.

Britain's Bombshell At U. N Meeting

WON'T HAND OVER POWER TO ARABS, JEWS OR THEIR COMBINATION

Unlikely To Terminate Mandate In Palestine In Immediate Future

LAKE SUCCESS (New York), November 21 (Reuter).—Britain threw a minor bombshell into the United Nations discussions on Palestine last night by declining to hand over power to either separate Arab or Jewish Governments or to a single Arab-Jewish Government.

She would hand over only to a United Nations Commission, Sir Alexander Cadogan, the British delegate, told the Palestine Committee.

He told the Palestine Sub-Committee later that he did not think Britain would terminate her Palestine mandate in "the very immediate future."

In the Arab Sub-Committee the British representative explained that "handing over" to a United Nations Commission would not be implementing partition since in effect Britain would hand nothing over as she was withdrawing her entire Government apparatus.

Presenting the British point of view in the full Palestine Committee, Sir Alexander said a United Nations Commission could hand over power to the separate Governments or to a single Government, according to whether the Assembly adopted the partition scheme or the Arab scheme for an undivided independent Palestine.

But Britain would not be responsible for carrying out either plan in the absence of Arab-Jewish agreement.

She would not hand over gradually and share power with anyone," nor would she wait for permission before giving up the mandate.

Summarising the intentions of the British Government, Sir Alexander said: "They will in due course announce the date upon which the British civil administration will be considered at an end.

G. B. S. SOLUTION FOR PALESTINE

LONDON, Nov. 21. (UPA): George Bernard Shaw proposed today that the Palestine problem be solved by letting the Jews and Arabs fight it out.

Shaw said in an interview with the London "Evening Standard": "It is no use worrying about it. It has to be faced. The Jews and Arabs backed by local home rulers and Imperialists must fight it out until they are tired of bloodshed and financially bankrupt."

Mr. V. G. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Indian Constituent Assembly, snapped at the opening session of the Assembly last Monday.

MOUNTBATTEN TO REJOIN NAVY

After Termination Of India's Governor-Generalship

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Nov. 21

When Lord Mountbatten called at the Admiralty to-day his future plans were discussed. It is believed that he expressed a desire to resume his naval career after the termination of the office of the Governor-General. Lord Mountbatten who has been at sea since childhood has no desire to enter British party politics. The Admiralty, it is believed, would welcome his rejoining the Navy.

Mountbatten Meets Indian Journalists

LONDON, November 21 (Reuter):—Lord Mountbatten, the Governor-General of India, met the members of the Indian Journalists' Association in London at an informal gathering to-day at India House.

Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India, introduced the members to Lord Mountbatten.

Lord Mountbatten said that he found Indian journalists quite friendly. He would like to have frank and off the record discussions with them on the present situation in India.

As constitutional head of the Government of the Dominion of India he could not make any public statement. He would, however, like to make it clear that there should be some sort of understanding between the two Dominions—India and Pakistan.

PLEBISCITE FOR ACCEESSION

He was in favour of plebiscite being taken in Kashmir, Junagadh and Hyderabad.

Lord Mountbatten paid tribute to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and other Indian statesmen.

The President of the Indian Journalists' Association thanked Lord Mountbatten. He also thanked the officials of India House, though he pointed out that the Indian journalists would retain their independence to criticise its policy if and when necessary.

Lord and Lady Mountbatten are leaving for India to-morrow morning.

SPIES IN U. S. ATOM BOMB PLANTS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21, (Reuter). Spies from all enemy nations worked in the United States atom bomb plant at Oakridge, Tennessee, Mr Clarence Cannon, Democrat Congressman from Missouri, asserted today.

He said that he and other members of a Congress Investigation Committee learned this on a secret war-time visit to the plant.

After their discovery the spies were ermitted to remain at the job so that they could be watched and their spy network traced.

Mr. Cannon said: "Besides, a system was set up to fool them".

Gurdwara Cleared Of Refugees By Police

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Nov. 20—Prompt action by the Deputy Superintendent of Police nimself stopped further mischief to the Aka Bhunga, a Sikh Gurdwara which was unauthorisedly occupied by Punjabi refugees.

On a complaint being made to the District Magistrate, the place was cleared of the refugees and one of them was arrested for breaking open the locks. Action is also being taken against the Police Sub-Inspector of the beat for negligence in his duties.

TRAVANCORE REFORMS COMMITTEE

Government Accepts Majority View

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 21 (API): The Travancore Government today announced acceptance of the majority view of the Reforms Committee, constituted on Sept. 17 to propose rules for the election of members to the State Representative Body.

The Committee proposed in its majority report that the Representative Body should consist of 120 members which would work at one member for every 50,000 of the population, or 24,000 of the voters.

40 SEATS FOR MINORITIES

The Committee proposed reservation of 40 seats in the Representative Body for the various minority communities in the State. Minority communities with a population less than 50,000, however, have been given no reservation of seats.

Members of the communities for whom seats have been reserved will not be eligible for election to any other seat, and there will be at least one non-reserved seat for every constituency.

Out of 80 constituencies, 49 are single-member constituencies with no reservation, and the remaining 39 multi-member constituencies with reservation.

Three of the 15 members of the Committee have written dissenting minutes.

KOLHAPUR SCHEDULED CASTES SATYAGRAHA THREAT

KOLHAPUR Nov. 21 (API): The Working Committee of the Kolhapur State Scheduled Castes Federation, at its meeting today, resolved to launch Satyagraha if its rights to represent Harijans was not conceded and its nominee was not included in the Ministry by removing the Education Minister, Mr. S. N. Mane, "who does not represent them".

The Committee has authorised its President, Mr. M. D. Shirke, to take further action.

'ACCEDE TO INDIAN UNION'

Munshi's Appeal To Hyderabad

BOMBAY, Nov. 20 (A.P.I.): Mr K. M. Munshi member of the Constituent Assembly India, in a statement issued to-day on the latest developments in Hyderabad State said: "If the Nizam is honest about constitutional reforms he must, like the Maharaja of Mysore and the Rulers of the Deccan Union, grant responsible Government to his people and straight away accede to the Indian Dominion."

Mr Munshi said: "Some representatives of Hyderabad in Bombay saw me to-day in connection with this matter. In my view the last minute overture of the Nizam is a device to evade the issue which the Nizam's delegation will have to face at New Delhi on November 25. The Ittahadis have already begun their offensive against the Hindus of Hyderabad. If the Nizam is honest about constitutional reforms, he must like the Maharaja of Mysore and the Rulers of the Deccan States grant responsible Government to his people and straightaway accede to the Indian Union.

Provincial Premiers To Confer

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (UPI): A conference of Provincial Premiers will be held here to-morrow and day after to-morrow under the presidentship of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Minister for Home Affairs of the Government of India.

No "Hidden Government" In Japan

TOKYO, Nov. 21. (Reuter): Mr. Suehiro Nishio Japanese Government Chief Secretary, said today the Government had no knowledge of a "hidden Government" in Japan nor did it believe one existed.

LONDON, Nov. 20, (Reuter): Sir Walter Monckton, K. C. Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam of Hyderabad who arrived in England yesterday, will continue to advise the Nizam, although he is resuming practice at the British Bar.

D. F. KARAKA:

Off My Chest

One of the smartest pieces of political judgment on an international problem is that of Britain on Palestine. Sir Alexander Cadogan announced at the U.N.O. meeting that Britain would not hand over power either to separate Arab or Jewish Governments or a single Arab-Jewish Government. It would hand over power to the United Nations who could hand it over on their responsibility to whoever they chose.

This is a smart, slick decision, safeguarding its responsibility. Britain has found from past experience that it is made to shoulder much responsibility. While other nations pay lip service to the idea of self-determination and democracy, they shoulder little of the responsibility for carrying these ideas out and of putting them into practice. So, for a change, Britain has receded into the background and let the U.N.O. hold the baby. Repurcussions to this will be eagerly awaited.

* * *

Credit for the best story regarding the Royal Wedding goes to the United Press of America who flashed the following which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" of Thursday.

LONDON, Nov. 19, (U.P.A.): A harassed telephone switchboard girl at Claridges Hotel, filled with royalty for Princess Elizabeth's wedding, asked a caller today: "Which Queen did you say you wanted?"

* * *

While various people in India "sent" Princess Elizabeth their good wishes, the Mayor of Bombay sent a "tender" of good wishes. Tenders are for fish, potatoes, apples, Mr. Mayor, never for good wishes.

* * *

In his latest after prayer speech, the Mahatma, said he "was told there was black-marketing going on among refugees (themselves". The Mahatma's Information Department is a bit slow about details like this. Why, the black-market has almost sold out by now.

"Act Of Crude Discrimination"

Soviet Protest Against Persia's Refusal To Ratify Joint Oil Agreement

MOSCOW Nov 21 (Reuter). The Soviet Government in a Note published here today described the refusal of the Persian Parliament to ratify an Agreement for Joint Soviet-Persian exploitation of Persia's oil-fields as "crude discrimination."

The Note, addressed to the Persian Premier, Gavam Es Sultaneh, was published by Tass the Official Soviet News Agency.

Written on the Soviet Government's instruction by M. Ivan Sadchikov, Soviet Ambassador to Persia, it said: "the decision of the Majlis invalidating the Agreement ... while the British oil concession existing in the South of Persia is being preserved, is an act of crude discrimination against the Soviet Union.

"The Soviet Government declares a resolute protest against these hostile actions of the Persian Government in regard to the Soviet Union, which are incompatible with normal relations between the two States, and charges the Government of Persia with responsibility for the consequences of this."

M. Sadchikov's Note declared the Persian Government had treacherously violated its undertakings.

Bhabha In New York

NEW YORK, Nov. 21, (Reuter): Indian Minister of Commerce, Mr. C. H. Bhabha, accompanied by his Secretary Sir Raghavan Pillai, arrived here today by air from Karachi on his way to the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment at Havana.

Mr. Bhabha is the first Minister of the New Government of India to visit the United States.

Deadline 1952?

Russia will be ready by that year for war or peace—three dimensional! Second and concluding part of revelations by "xxx" supposed to be 'General Chaparitze' an ex-chief of Red Army Intelligence.

I. N. A. In Germany

Mr Habibur Rahman: who was among the earliest associates of Netaji Bose in Berlin pleads for an impartial investigation into the inhuman treatment meted out to the I. N. A. by the "Indian Security Unit"

Axel Munthe: who was 90 this October now lives far from the Villa of San Michele on the island of Capri, which his book made famous throughout the world. Almost blind, very ill and tired he lives in a small room in the Royal Palace at Stockholm. His current work is to be called "The Tragedy of Old Age"

Read the exclusive interview in the next "Bombay Chronicle Weekly"

Leg-endary Monument

A monument for the left leg of a trailer who incidentally was the most brilliant soldier of General Washington.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE Weekly

Sunday, Nov. 23

Blum Asks For Confidence Vote

But French National Assembly Adjourns

PARIS, Nov. 21 (Reuter): Faced with nation-wide dock and rail strikes on top of the many others already paralysing the country, France's veteran socialist, M. Leon Blum, called for a "middle of the way" Government when he asked the National Assembly today for a vote of confidence, which would enable him to form a Government.

The Assembly adjourned for an hour after his reply to the debate without taking a vote, and in the lobbies the issue was regarded as doubtful.

M. Blum proposed a "third force" "nothing other than the Union of Republicans for liberty, for social justice and for peace", which must also find expression in foreign affairs.

Replying to the debate, during which the Communists announced that they would vote against him, M. Blum said that if there was no majority for this third force "Parliament would be obliged to draw the logical conclusion". This was interpreted as meaning that he thought Parliament would have to be dissolved.

CALL FOR GENERAL STRIKE

A general strike of French dock and port workers was called tonight for next Monday and rail strike, which began in Marseilles, spread to Nice, Toulon and Paris and threatened to engulf the whole country.

The general strike at Marseilles continued with 200,000 workers idle.

PAKISTAN ENVOY FINDS A HOUSE AT LAST

LONDON, Nov. 21 (Reuter): The High Commissioner for Pakistan, Mr H. I. Rahimtoola, and Begum Rahimtoola are now comfortably established in their new London house in Regents Park.

It cost £20,000 but even so will not be big enough for the first official reception on Nov. 27.

R

For ILLEGALLY OBTAINING BREAD COUPONS, GULAM HUSSEIN SABOOR was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500/- or to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment.

For importing Bajri into Bombay City and for possessing the same in excess of normal quantities: CHIMUBAI W/O Rama, LAXMIBAI W/O Rama, GANGABAI W/O Rassappa, GANGABAI LAXMAN, SHEWATIBAI GOVINDA, DURGA BHIMA, BHIMA TIMMA, YAMUNA GANGAPPA and BHIMA MAWOO were convicted. Two of them have been fined Rs. 100/- and sentences ranging from one day's simple imprisonment to one year's rigorous imprisonment, were imposed on the convicted persons.

For catering three different functions at three different places without a licence: JAMSHEDJI MEHARWANJI was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 300.- or to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Debate On Ceylon Independence Bill

"Important Landmark In Colonial History, Says Creech Jones

LONDON, Nov. 21 (Reuter): The House of Commons today debated the second reading of the Ceylon Independence Bill which gives Ceylon full self-governing status.

Remarking that the Bill was an important landmark in the Colonial history and occasion of much expectancy in Ceylon, Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, Colonial Secretary, said: "It marks for the people of Ceylon, hitherto a colonial people inside the Commonwealth of the British Empire, attainment of Dominion Stature, of full governing status and it is for us the sign of mutual confidence and goodwill which exists between Britain and the people of Ceylon".

Other points included report of Ceylon's application for membership of United Nations and its agencies, and, if Ceylon so requested, sponsorship of Ceylon's desire for diplomatic representation to other countries.

The Bill was designed to confer on Ceylon full and responsible status and would give independence to Ceylon within the British Commonwealth.

Mr. Arthur Creech Jones added: "With the passing of the Bill and with necessary changes by Order in Council my responsibility and that of the Colonial Office for Ceylon will cease"

MAHATMA URGES RESPECT FOR PLACES OF WORSHIP

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21 (API): Gandhiji in his post prayer speech today said he could not help mentioning the fact that according to his information about 137 Mosques in Delhi were more or less damaged during the recent disturbances. Some of them were converted into Mandirs.

He considered all such desecration as a blot upon Hinduism and Sikhism. It was, in his opinion, a wholly ungodly Act.

That Muslims in Pakistan had resorted to such desecration could not be pleaded in extenuation of the blot he had mentioned.

Any such act, in his opinion, constituted an act of destroying Hinduism, Sikhism or Islam as the case might be.

Gandhiji referred the audience to the recent resolution of the A.-I.C.C. on the subject.

DUTCH VIOLATION OF CEASE-FIRE

Issue To Be Raised At Jogjakarta Negotiations

BATAVIA, Nov. 21 (Reuter): Indonesian Republican allegations that the Dutch authorities have violated the Security Council cease-fire order are expected to be raised to-morrow when negotiations to end hostilities in Indonesia are resumed at Jogjakarta. The matter was discussed informally to-day by a Republican Government official with some members of the Security Council's Three-Nation Committee.

French Action On Viet Namese Papers

SAIGON, Nov. 21 (Reuter): The French have suspended 13 Viet Namese newspapers in Cochin-China for publishing the refusal of the South Indo-China Viet Nam Executive Committee to support the peace offensive launched by Gen. Van Xuyan, President of Cochin-China, a French official here said to-day.

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Vasanti is "Bhakta Ambarish"

CURRENT PHOTOPLAYS

*

Central
PREMIERE OF "MEERA"

Chandraprabha Cinetone's MEERA, released yesterday, brings to the screen the famed singer Subbulakshmi. She is aptly cast in the title role of the singing saint who was one of the Lord Krishna's most fervent disciples.

Subbulakshmi's melodious voice has been given full scope to render, in her own inimitable way, the 'bhajans' and 'padas' of the Queen of Mewar who chose a divine rather than earthly lover for her spouse.

Produced by T. Sadasivam, the film has been directed by a foreigner—Ellis R. Duncan. The lyrics of Narendra Sharma bedeck this story from the pen of Amritlal Nagar.

It is fortunate that for the famous South Indian singer's screen appearance a devotional story has been chosen; otherwise she might have been forced to warble street-songs such as we usually find in our so-called 'social' films.

*

Krishna
A TALE OF PATHOS

All-India Pictures' DOLI, narrates a story through which runs a vein of pathos similar to that introduced by Charles Chaplin in his "City Lights".

A tramp is the main character of the story. Falling in love with a poor blind girl, he moves heaven and earth to procure funds for an eye operation. In the course of his quest, he even suffers imprisonment, but undergoes it willingly for the sake of the woman to whom his heart has been given. On his release, he discovers that the girl, her sight restored, fails to recognise in him her benefactor. Seeing her happily married to the doctor who has given her back her vision, the tramp passes out of her life, his love for her buried deep in his heart.

Wasti and Sulochana Chatterji lead the cast which consists, amongst others, of Jayant and Madhuri.

*

Lamington
WINAYAK'S SWAN-SONG

Rajkamal's JEEVAN YATRA may be described as the directorial swan-song of the late Winayak. His fine insight into human nature, which made him a splendid satirist, has once again found vent, though without the old pointedness, in this collection of caricatures of persons from various walks of life, all bound for a pilgrimage in a bus.

The picture's interest lies more in its character revelation than its plot which is very thin. Among the passengers in the bus, we have species of humanity such are to be encountered only too frequently in everyday life. Thus there is the woman of easy virtue following the world's oldest profession; the dacoit who leads a Robin Hood existence, robbing the rich to pay the poor; the society snob who looks down her nose at others less fortunate than she, and her daughter who falls for the type of man the mother abhorrs. A philandering pundit who is an arch hypocrite, is also among the assortment of characters whose paths cross to form the pattern of the narrative.

Winayak has concentrated on the humorous rather than the grim side of human nature. But indeed he 'speaks' many a true word in jest.

Nayan Tara, a new discovery of Shantaram, plays the leading feminine role, opposite Yakub. Baburao Pendharkar, Dixit and Shanta Rin bring up the rest of the cast.

*

Capitol
A FAZLI PICTURE

Adapted from a story by S. F. Hasnain, Fazli Brothers' RASTA sets out to preach a sermon to young women about to enter the world, on the necessity for not succumbing to the type of ne'er-do-well who loves and rides away, leaving the girl with the proverbial baby, which is precisely what happens to the picture's heroine played by Maya Devi.

Anwar, Latif, Shahida and W. M. Khan lend their services to the plot worn thin by repetition.

*

Surya
A FAVOURITE RETURNS

It is Madhok who with his lyrics has contributed to the popularity of Jamuna Productions' RATTAN, which relates yet another hackneyed theme dealing with winter-summer marriages.

The film is, in a way, a strong indictment of the abnoxious practice of parents choosing for their children the latter's partners in life. Thus the heroine is forced to marry a man old enough to be her father, though, in actuality, her heart is given to a young man in whose arms she finally expires in a melodramatic finale.

Swarnalata and Karan Diwan play the young lovers, the former singing with the ghost-voice of Zohra.

*

Swastik
ANCIENT THEME

Ardeshir Irani's PUJARI is a screen version of the erstwhile fairy tale in which the beggar girl marries the prince in shining armour. Thus Masood, as a prince, comes to worship at a temple shrine where his thoughts turn from player to the charms of the 'pujari' or dancing girl. The two, of course, fall for each other, but the girl's father, a religious maniac, is determined that his daughter should be eternally wed to the god of the shrine.

Fate intervenes to give the romance a happy turn, bringing satisfaction to all the characters and to the gallery audience.

Mumtaz Shanti enacts the role of the girl dedicated to the gods. Pandit Indra's lyrics and Hansraj Bahel's music are features of this production directed by Aspi.

*

Majestic
VILLAGE UPLIFT

Ratnakar's UTTHO-JAGO, deals with rural life, presenting us with a hero bent on improving the lot of the rustics. Up pops the old zamindar, jealous of the popularity of the reformer which he tries to undermine. But right prevails over wrong—as never of course happens in real life—and the hero marries his village girl, while the zamindar, who has been trying to steal her away, comes to the bad end reserved for villains.

Ashique Hussain plays the part of the upright young man, while Shahzadi is the coy heroine.

*

Royal Opera House
BOY SAINT

Prakash's "Bhakta Dhruv" is a page from mythology, which however, in no way comes up to the fine standard of their "Ram Rajya".

Prince Dhruv is heir to a kingdom, but his existence is made unbearable by the envy of his step-mother who covets the 'gadi' for her own flesh and blood. Renunciation being the chief principle with famous mythological characters, Dhruv retires to the forest and as expected, blossoms into a saint.

Shashi Kapoor enacts the title role, Kridula plays his real mother, while Shanta Rin makes the step-mother thoroughly detestable.

*

New West End
GUJERATI LEGEND

Yet another devotional comes our way, this time from Gujerat and in the language of that province.

Once again there is the pure prince, Ambarish, whose step brother wishes to ascend the throne. The latter manages to get Muni Durwasa to curse Ambarish whose head becomes "bloody but unbowed", and is finally crowned as a reward for all that he has patiently suffered. Thus the melodrama comes to its expected end.

The makers of this picture which will be released today, have not thought it fit to announce the names of the players.

Kumar and Mumtaz Shanti in "Dooor-Shadi" awaiting release.

"SARDI" REVIEWS

*

Subbulakshmi in—

OUR SCREEN

*

Chandraprabha's "Meera"

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WILL INDIA REMAIN IN 'COMMONWEALTH

LONDON, Nov. 20. (U. P. I.): Will India remain in the British Commonwealth of Nations?

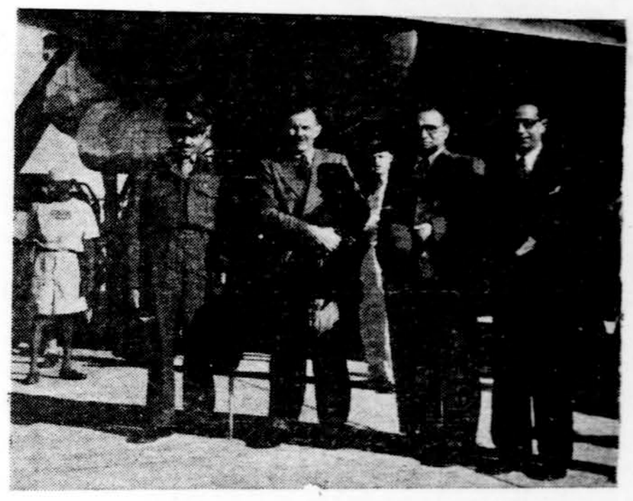
This question, it appears, is being discussed on a high level behind the scene. Since Lord Mountbatten's arrival in this country to attend the Royal wedding, Mr V. K. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India, is viditing the Downing Street practically every day. His visits to the Prime Minister and the Minister for Commonwealth Relations are shrouded in greatest secrecy. But the "United Press of India" ascertained from various sources that they have nothing to do with India's food problems, sterling balances, Indo-Pakistan relations, Kashmir or Hyderabad situations. As Lord Mountbatten is also visiting the Downing Street frequently, it is generally believed that high policy on the future Indo-British relations is being discussed—whether, India is to remain within the British Commonwealth or not.

Lord Mountbatten's desire to "accommodate" the Sovereign Republic of India within the British Commonwealth is fully in line with the Government policy which is also supported by the Tory Party. The problem appears to be find a scheme of formula to achieve it. It is being suggested that the Empire might be called simply "the Commonwealth", a free association of willing sovereign nations. It is understood pari passu with these talks, preliminary feelers for an Indo-British treaty—should India be adamant to leave the Empire—is being put out.

The political circles here believe that India may discard the Dominionship when the constitution which is now being prepared is put into operation.

In this connection it is said that recruitment of British officers for the Indian defence services is said to be completely unconnected with present political talks. Sardar K. M. Panikar, the Bikaner Premier, pointed out to the U. P. I. yesterday that for many years before the last war, France was training Polish and Czechoslovak armies. There are also otnher precedents in history besides the recently concluded Anglo-Burmese Treaty. It is, however, expected that current talks can be concluded before Lord Mountbatten returns to India and consults with the Government of India.

Indian Armed Forces Delegation



The Government of India's Armed Forces Delegation, which returned from U.K. on Nov. 18, snapped on arrival at the Palam Aerodrome. (Left to right) Col. Daulat Singh, Gen. Sir Rob-Lockhart, Mr. H. M. Patel, Secretary, Ministry of Defence and Mr. A. K. Chanda, Additional Secretary, Ministry of Finance.

FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE ON NOV. 25

Marshall Leaves For London

WASHINGTON, Nov 20. (Reuter) United States Secretary of State George Marshall today left for London by air for the Council of Foreign Ministers meeting opening on November 25 after having had talks with President Truman and former Secretary of State James Byrnes.

President Truman bade Mr. Marshall farewell at the airport, wishing him "godspeed and good luck".

Before boarding the President's plane, Mr. Marshall told President Truman: 'I can only say, what I have said before, that I will do my best'.

The British Ambassador, Lord Inverchapel, was among a large group at Washington national airport for Mr. Marshall's departure.

Mr. Marshall's conference at the 'White House' followed a 90-minute meeting at the State Department with Mr. Byrnes.

This meeting led to speculation that Mr. Byrnes might be called in as adviser to the United States delegation, but this could not be confirmed.

Rangoon Trial To Reopen On Tuesday

RANGOON, Nov. 21. (Reuter): The trial of U. Saw, pre-war Premier of Burma, and other members of his Myochit Party charged in connection with the assassination of seven Burmese Ministers last July, will reopen on Tuesday, the Special Tribunal hearing the case decided today. Lesser witnesses will be examined pending the arrival from London of Mr. Derek Curtis Bennet, King's Counsel, who is to defend the ex-Premier.

KARACHI, Nov. 21 (UPI).—Prof. N. R. Malkani, Sind and President of the Inter-Dominion Minorities Board recently set up in Karachi, has sent a letter to Gandhiji seeking his blessings for the success of the Board's mission.

CHINESE CURRENCY CIRCULATION

'Cannot Be Disclosed' Says Finance Minister

NANKING, Nov. 20. (Reuter): Disclosure of the quantity of paper currency circulating in China would be an indiscretion, Dr. Hau Po-Yuan, the Vice Minister of Finance, told a press conference to-day.

"If I tell the truth about the amount of money printed in China I would be committing the same mistake as British Minister of Finance Dalton", he said. Referring to the recent resignation of Hugh Dalton, Chancellor of the Exchequer after premature disclosure of budget contents.

Admitting that he was unable to give figures of China's foreign or internal debts, he added that revised foreign exchange regulations had failed to achieve the desired results, primarily because of the wide divergence between open and black market rates.

DR. HABIBULLAH'S MURDER TRIAL ADJOURNED

MADRAS, Nov. 20. (API): The case against five persons charged with the alleged murder of Dr. Habibullah, resident Medical Officer of the Madras General Hospital on the night of October 14 was taken up by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, today.

The accused persons are, the Head Steward, Kitchen Steward one night watchman and two other servants of the General Hospital.

On behalf of the accused a bail application was moved and the Magistrate thereupon adjourned the case till the disposal of the bail application which has been postponed to November 25.

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SCINDIA'S CALL FOR MORE CAPITAL

Walchand Discloses Ambitious Scheme Of Expansion

Need To Reduce Tax Burden On Indian Shipping Urged

What Private Enterprise Has Done To Promote National Industry

The twenty-eighth ordinary general meeting of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ld. was held on Friday at 4 p.m. in the "Scindia House", Ballard Estate, Mr. Walchand Hirachand presiding.

At the outset Mr. M. A. Master read the notice convening the meeting of the shareholders and also the report of the Auditors to the shareholders.

Mr. M. A. Master then read the speech of the Chairman which ran as follows:

MR. WALCHAND'S SPEECH

"Gentlemen: I am sure you will allow me as usual to take the Report and the Accounts, which have now been in your hands for some days past, as read.

Before I say a few words in regard to some of the activities of the Company, I would like to refer to a few important items in the Balance Sheet.

The Reserve Fund which stood last year at Rs. 40,00,000 has now gone up to Rs. 50,00,000. This increase is due to the transfer of the sum of Rs. 6,00,000 being the liabilities for Claims and Rebates provided in previous years and now not required, and to the transfer of the sum of Rs. 4,00,000 set aside from the Profit and Loss Account for the current year.

The Investment Reserve Account has increased from Rs. 5,66,612 to Rs. 19,47,420. This is due to the transfer to this Account of the sum of Rs. 13,80,808 being the profit on the sale of investments of the Company, sold during the year.

The Fleet Replacement Account has risen from Rs. 1,50,00,000 to Rs. 1,68,18,790. The amount of Rs. 16,86,830 received from the Underwriters for the loss of s.s. "JALAPUTRA" and the sum of Rs. 1,31,960 received from the Government in respect of the stores on s.s. 'EL HIND" taken by them on Barebottom Charter Basis, have been responsible for this increase.

The provision for Deferred Repairs has gone down from Rs. 15,00,000 to Rs. 12,00,000. This reduction is due to the sum of Rs. 3,00,000 drawn from this Fund for meeting the cost of deferred repairs.

As regards the Depreciation Account, it has risen from Rs. 1,38,00,000 to Rs. 1,59,00,000. The increase in the Accounts is due to the provision of Rs. 24,76,525 as depreciation for the current year: this is, however, reduced by Rs. 3,76,525 being the book value of s.s. "JALAPUTRA" and other assets lost and written off from this Account.

There is no change in the Bad Debt Reserve Account which stands at Rs. 7,82,137.

The Staff Amelioration Fund has risen from Rs. 3,00,000 to Rs. 3,75,000. The transfer of the sum of Rs. 45,000 from the Profit and Loss Account for the current year and the transfer of Rs. 30,000 being the premia received from Apprentices, account for this increase.

As regards the Fleet Account, it has now gone up from Rs. 1,03,54,758 to Rs. 2,64,68,423. While the book value of the ship lost during the year, this is, Rs. 3,53,251, is debited to this Account, the sum of Rs. 1,64,-66,916 being the cost of one cargo ship built in the U. K. and 5 Liberty ships and one other cargo ship purchased during the year has been added to this Account.

Further progress was made in the construction at the Shipyard at Vizag. The cost of Slipways, Fitting-out Wharves and other Structural Shops now stands at Rs. 92,39,998 as compared to Rs. 78,52,779 last year.

Additions to the Plant, Machinery and Tools have raised the cost from Rs. 42,30,476 to Rs. 49,08,829.

Expansion of the housing accommodation and other facilities and amenities in the Labour Colony at Vizag represents the increase in the cost of that Colony from Rs. 25,39,384 last year to Rs. 39,71,674 this year.

TRADE WITH BURMA

May I now say a few words in regard to the working of the Company? Our earnings from feight and passage rose from Rs. 2,40,00,000 to Rs. 3,38,00,000. Satisfactory as this increase is, I must invite your attention to the fact that our trade from Burma to India has not yet reached its pre-war normal level. This is due to the fact that the quantity of rice to be carried from that country to India depends on the decision of the International Emergency Food Council and is further determined by the arrangements made between the Burmese and the Indian Governments. The rice procured by the Burmese Government for export during the rice season 1946-47 was only 7,50,000 tons. It is estimated that the procurement for the rice season 1947-48 will go up to over 1 1/2 million tons. In view of this expected cent per cent increase in exportable surplus of rice from Burma during the next rice season, it is safe to presume that the quantity to be exported to India will see a substantial rise and the Company will be able to carry a larger quantity of rice during the next year than they have been able to do during the year under report. This will no doubt have its effect on the economic working of the Company.

INDIA-AMERICA LINE

Another important feature in the auguration of India-America Line. As stated in your Directors' Report, the Company bought five Liberty ships from America. The India-America Line has been started with these five Liberty ships and the Company proposes to buy shortly a sixth activities of the Company is the inship which it intends to place on that run. The Company has been taken in both the Conferences which operate in the India/U.S.A. trade. The Company is thankful to the Government for helping it in securing the carriage of food grains from America to India. While, on the one hand, this India-America Line will help the Government in the conservation of their dollar resources, it will also, on the other hand, help the Company in carrying India's overseas trades. I am happy to state that the manner in which the shippers both in India and America have patronised this new service of the Company—and for which I am grateful to them—augurs well for its future and I have no doubt that it will play its part in the economic working of the Company in years to come.

I may also tell you that it is the intention of the Company to start and maintain other overseas services for the carriage of India's trades. I propose to refer to them a little later in the speech.

COST OF OPERATIONS

As I told you last year, the cost of operations has remained at the same high level during the current year where it was in the previous year. The increase in the salaries and wages of the shore staff, the floating staff and the workers in the Shipyard, as stated in your Director's Report, will substantially increase the cost of running steamers in the years to come. Shipping is a specialised industry. There is shortage of officers and engineers to man the ships. It is also difficult to find suitable personnel in sufficient number, trained and experienced in the working of a shipping organization There has been a continuous demand for increase in the wages of skilled labour and for providing increased and better amenities for its welfare. The time has come when the industrialists will have to recognise, in the interests of the industries they run, the necessity to satisfy just and equitable demands of the workers. It is, therefore, quite obvious that the cost of running an industry like shipping is bound to go up and it will have its undoubted effect on the economic working of this industry so vital to this country. I need not assure you that while it shall be our endeavour to effect economy wherever it is possible, we shall have to discharge our responsibilities in this connection in consonance with the just demands of those who assist in the running of the industry and in keeping with the modern conceptions of the standard of living.

TWO FEATURES

Two important features, which will further substantially increase the cost of operations of a shipping organisation in the future, are, firstly, the larger sums which we shall have to provide for Depreciation year after year as a result of the highly increased cost of ships and, secondly, the heavier sums which will have to be spent for their survey and repairs in view of the inflated cost of materials and the continuously rising cost of labour. As I told you last year, the programme of building new tonnage, which I had then outlined, needs a further sum of over Rs. 2,25,00,000; in addition to the amount received from the Government for the lost ships, together with the amount standing to the credit in the Depreciation Account. As, however, the cost of building has gone up since I spoke last year, an additional sum larger than Rs. 2,25,00,000 will be necessary for this purpose. This naturally will need a larger provision by way of Depreciation. To give you an idea as to how this will work out in practice, let me take the two Pilgrim Ships which we lost during the war. Their construction had then cost us Rs. 50,00,000. We shall now need nearly two crores of rupees to replace them. This means that we shall have to provide depreciation on an additional sum of Rs. 1,50,00,000. This also means an additional Depreciation at 5 per cent of Rs. 7,50,000. It will be appreciated that this is bound to affect the working of the Company. As pointed out by your Directors in their Report, the survey and repairs of the fleet reached the high figure of Rs. 46 lakhs and odd during the current year. This repair bill, in view of the high cost of material and labour, is not likely to be reduced in the coming year. The cost of survey and repairs of the new ships may be comparatively low, but that of the old ships, till they are replaced by new construction, is bound to remain on the high side. This is an important factor which shall swell the cost of operations.

TAXATION POLICY

As I said on a previous occasion, the existing taxation policy of the Government will vitally affect the economic strength of Indian Shipping Industry which, as you all know, has not been allowed to build up its resources owing to circumstances beyond its control. Indian Shipping is practically in an infant stage of growth. Shipping, as you know, is yet a more hazardous venture than other industries developed in the country. It has to stand and compete against powerful resources of British and other Shipping not only in the overseas trades but also in the coastal trade of India. Shipping of these powerful maritime countries have been allowed to build up huge financial resources with which it is possible for them to drive away any newcomer in the trade. If Indian Shipping has to pay a toll of over nine annas in the rupee, out of every rupee which it earns, it will be realised that it will be deprived of the real financial strength which it urgently needs not only in its growth from early childhood to healthy adolescence but also to stabilise its present position, not to say anything about its future growth and expansion. In view of the vital need of shipping both for the commerce and trade of the country as well as for its defence, may I appeal to the present Finance Minister, who recently struck a sympathetic note for the growth of private enterprise in this country, to ensure that shipping will not be compelled to bear the heavy taxation which it has to bear at present and that such conditions will be created whereby capital may flow rapidly and smoothly for the development of an industry essential for preserving the so dearly won independence of this country?

INCREASE IN CAPITAL

Let me now say a few words, with your permission, regarding the necessity of increasing the capital of the Company for which we have called an Extraordinary General Meeting this evening. I have told you on several occasions that it is the earnest desire and the determination of the Company to carry the overseas trades of India in her own bottoms. We have already made a fruitful beginning in that direction and I have already referred to the progress of our endeavours to establish an India-America lines. We shall shortly be starting our activities on the India-U.K., Continent Service. Four special steamers for that service are already under construction. Two of them were launched a few weeks ago. We expect to get their delivery before June 1948. It is expected that the other two steamers will be delivered in 1949. The number and type of further steamers that should be constructed for this important service is under the active consideration of your Directors.

We have also got several other overseas services in view, such as the India/Australia and the India/Far East services. As a matter of fact, our ships have already carried Government cargo on these routes. We have had several talks with our Australian friends with a view to ascertain how far they would be able to serve our interests on this proposed line. Similar conversations are being carried on in connection with the other services which the Company desires to start.

We are grateful to you for the readiness with which you responded last year to our proposal for increasing the capital of the Company and for taking over the new shares that were issued. It enabled the Company to finance the cost of the steamers which it purchased or which it had decided to build. It will, however, be obvious to you that further finance will be necessary if the Company is to secure the tonnage which it would need to establish the overseas lines which it has in view and to which I have just made a reference. We are, therefore, once more coming to you for the increase of capital and I feel sure that with the new national policy for shipping announced by our Government, you will be pleased to respond to our request as readily and as willingly now as in the past.

SHIPPING POLICY

There was no shipping policy for the country up to 1945. It was for the first time in that year that a vital change was made in the approach and outlook of the Government towards shipping. A Shipping Policy Committee was appointed to consider what steps should be taken to build up an adequate Merchant Navy for India. That Committee appointed a Sub-Committee to go into the question. The Report of the Sub-Committee published at the beginning of this year is an important landmark in the history of Indian Shipping. Definite and constructive suggestions for the building up of a merchant marine were made for the first time. The target of two million tons gross of shipping to be reached in five or seven years was laid down. Definite percentages of the overseas trades of India to be carried by Indian Shipping were mentioned in the Report. It was also stated that Indian Shipping should carry a certain portion of the trade lost to the Axis. A well thought-out plan for putting Indian Shipping on the map of the maritime world, and a vigorous drive for achieving that object, inspired every chapter of that Report. Reports, whatever valuable proposals they may contain, become fruitful for promoting national economy only if the policy and proposals mentioned therein are translated early into action.

We are therefore, grateful to our Government that not only have they approved of the recommendations made in the Report but they have also made it clear that they would adopt a "dynamic policy" and a vigorous drive to take action in accordance with those recommendations. For the first time in the history of Indian Shipping Government have made it clear in categorical and heartening language that they would adopt the same methods of giving help to shipping as have been adopted by great maritime countries like England and America and thus enable the country to build up a powerful merchant navy. It is recognised that such a navy is essential for building up the economy of the country and is vital for enabling it to implement a vigorous and comprehensive policy for the defence of the land. I am sure Indian shipping companies would be failing in their duty if under such a new and dynamic national policy they would not put forth their best efforts to stabilise their existing position and expand their new activities in the coastal and overseas trades of India. This new policy of the Government has given further strength and courage to your Directors to implement their policy for expanding the activities of the Company by starting new services in the overseas trade of this country. It is under such inspiring circumstances that your Directors took the decision to go into overseas services and decided to come to you for further capital which the Company needs for that purpose.

A GOOD AUGURY

We have referred to these aspects of the question in the circular letter which we have sent to the Shareholders in connection with our proposal for the increase of the capital of the Company. Since that letter was despatched, a Conference of the Indian shipping companies was called by the Government of India in the beginning of this month in Bombay. It was presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Bhabha, the Minister for Commerce. In view of the breakdown of the London Conference between the representatives of the British and the Indian Shipowners sponsored by their respective Governments and the immediate need for India to substantially increase her present tonnage, the Government took the view that urgent action was necessary to help Indian Shipping to develop further and to develop rapidly. The Commerce Minister stressed in his speech the necessity for active co-operation, for achieving that end, between "enlightened private enterprise" and the State. The proposals which he has put forward for the establishment of two or three public Corporations and the manner and the extent to which private enterprise should take interest in the capital of the Corporations and participate in the management of those Bodies are now public property. I shall not, therefore, repeat the details here. The Scheme outlined by the Commerce Minister has now been receiving the careful and the earnest consideration of the Boards of Directors of the several shipping companies which were represented at the Conference referred to above. The consciousness, that our own Government have been evincing very keen interest in an industry essential for commerce and vital for the defence of the country and are ready to give it all possible support to grow, expand and become strong, augurs well for the economic future of this land. It is in this spirit that one has to approach the critical examination of the scheme which is now already before us.

CHANGE TAX POLICY

I may assure you that I am not unconscious of the fact that, despite the taxation policy adopted last February, which has dried up the sources of capital, Indian shipping companies have been able to raise the meagre Indian tonnage of less than 1,50,000 tons gross in 1945 to nearly 300,000 tons gross at present ,and if the tonnage under construction which is expected to be delivered next year is included, the Indian tonnage will reach the figure of 3,50,000 tons gross in 1948. In view of the several difficulties which Indian Shipping had to overcome, it will be agreed on all hands, that the investment of new capital to the tune of about 15 crores of rupees in shipping by Indian Shipping companies will not be considered inadequate in the light of the difficulties hitherto surrounding maritime development in India. If it could make such progress at a time when the new national shipping policy was not even announced, and when it had to work in face of the domination of foreign shipping interests, it will be readily recognised that if the taxation policy of the country were to so change, as definitely promised by the Finance Minister in one of his recent utterances, as to make capital flow fast, Indian Shipping is bound to reach the target of 2 million tons gross in the next five to seven years, especially as it will now have the active assistance and vigorous support of its own Government. That is also a viewpoint from which the further progress of National Shipping has to be examined.

RESPONSE TO GOVT. SCHEME

I should, however, like to draw your attention to the fact that if the target of 2 million tons is to be reached, nearly 150 crores of rupees will be further required on the basis of the present cost of constructing ships. There do not seem to be any good prospects of the prices of construction going down in the near future. The sum of 150 crores of rupees is not a small sum for the shipping industry to find. Given favourable circumstances and with the consciousness that the Government would implement the national policy which they have announced, I do not think private enterprise would not give a good account of itself in the further development of Indian Shipping. But now that the State has adopted a new policy of developing Indian Shipping by securing the enlightened co-operation of private enterprise, I must confess that it becomes the responsibility of those who have built up Indian Shipping to give their fullest and careful consideration to that scheme from every possible point of view, but primarily with the view of serving the best interests of the country. You will agree with me that this is a matter which requires closest thought, careful investigation and comprehensive consideration not only on the part of our Directors but as it is the opening of a new chapter in the policy under which industries will have to develop in this country, also on the part of those who are like ourselves engaged in the field of Shipping. It will, therefore, take some time before your Directors will be able to submit their considered opinion on the fundamentals of this scheme and offer their constructive suggestions regarding the various aspects in connection with the actual operation of that scheme. I trust, however, that the establishment of the Corporations proposed by Government will not come in the way of the necessary help being given in future, to enable private enterprise alone to function in the provision of the balance of a million and a half of gross tonnage which is essential if the accepted goal of two millions gross tons is to be realised in the next few years.

I have already referred to the necessity of increasing the capital of the Company. We shall need that capital for the vessels which we shall have to run on the various overseas services which we have to make in regard to the tonnage which it will require for the different overseas services which it has in view can only be determined when the shipping interests have reached a conclusion as to how they could co-operate with the Government in regard to this scheme. Whatever may be the ultimate outcome of all these negotiations and considerations, the broad fact, however, remains that the Company will need capital both for financing its programme of constructing steamers as well as in connection with such co-operation as it may ultimately decide to offer to the Government in the implementation of the scheme which they have already placed before the country. These are important considerations which we shall have to bear in mind in utilising the new capital which the Company may receive in the future.

VIZAG SHIPPING YARD

Let me now say a word or two in regard to the Ship-building Yard at Vizagapatam. As I told you last year two ships of about 8,000 tons deadweight are under construction in that Yard. As pointed out by your Directors, the strike of workers and the non-delivery in time of steel and other materials in the quantities required have considerably delayed the completion of these ships. Now that the strike is over, we expect to launch the ships in the first half of the coming year. There seems to be, however, some misconception in certain quarters as to the capacity for constructing ships in this Yard. If materials are made available, we are in a position to complete the construction of 8 slips. When all these ships are constructed, it is possible for the Shipyard to build every year from 12 to 15 ships varying from 5,000 to 10,000 tons gross each. As it is the desire both of the Government and the people to increase the existing meagre tonnage to two million tons in the next five or seven years, it is essential that top priority should be given to the materials and other facilities required for the laying out and construction of slips so that the Shipyard may be able to construct a fairly reasonable portion of the tonnage which India requires in the immediate future.

Shipbuilding is an industry which is essential for shipping and vital for the security of the country. When the Shipbuilding Panel was constituted by the then Government, it was felt that they would make an early report setting forth their recommendations as to how the Shipbuilding Industry should be established in the country and what assistance and facilities should be given so that it can work and grow on sound economic lines. It is, therefore, to be regretted that with the departure of Sir B. Rama Rau, the Chairman of that Panel, to Japan, the activities of the Shipbuilding Panel have practically come to an end without submitting to the Government any report on this important key industry. May I, therefore, appeal to the Minister for Industry and Supplies that he should be pleased to give his most urgent and sympathetic consideration to this problem and take such steps as may be considered desirable in putting the Shipbuilding Industry in this country on very sound and healthy lines in the near future?

NEED FOR INDUSTRIAL TRUCE

Your Directors have already told you how the work of the Yard suffered in consequence of the strike. Although the strike was declared illegal by the Government of Madras, it continued for a period of three months. Fortunately, it has now come to an end and the workers have resumed operations. The growing unrest of workers in the country and existing temper of labour in India require careful and sympathetic consideration of all concerned. I, therefore, welcome the proposal made by our Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, that there should be an Industrial truce and that a tripartite Conference should be called consisting of Government, Industries and Labour with a view to ensure a satisfactory solution of the just and equitable demands of labour and the promotion of harmonious relations between industries and those who work in them.

In conclusion, may I, with your permission, on behalf of us all, express our sense of appreciation for the satisfactory manner in which the staff afloat and the staff ashore have carried on their responsibilities and discharged their duties during the year under report.

With these words, I beg to move:—"That the Directors' report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1947, already sent to Shareholders, be and are hereby adopted."

BALANCE SHEET

Mr. Jinshaw D. Romer seconded the proposition.

The report of the directors and audited balance sheet and profit and loss account of the company for the year ended 30th June 1947 stated:—

After providing a sum of Rs. 24,76,525 for Depreciation, a sum of Rs. 30,75,000 for taxation, a sum of Rs. 19,00,000 as reserve for taxation and a sum of Rs. 1,75,000 for bonus, the amount available for disposal, together with the sum of Rs. 1,18,258 brought forward from the last account, comes to Rs. 47,98,498

Out of which your Directors have transferred to Reserve Fund Rs. 4,00,000

Staff Amelioration Fund (for seamen)

Rs. 45,000 4,45,000

Leaving a balance of Rs. 38,53,408

Your Directors have decided to dispose of this amount as follows:—

Recommend Dividend on 29,83,181 shares at Re. 1 per share (free of income-tax) — Rs. 29,83,181

Recommend Bonus on 29,83,181 shares at Annas 4 per share free of income-tax — 7,45,785

Leaving a balance to be carried forward — 1,24,432

Rs. 38,53,408

Mr. Jagmohandas Kapadia and some other shareholders then put some questions which were answered by Mr. Master.

The resolution to adopt the report as moved by the chairman was then put to vote and carried unanimously.

Dividend as recommended by the directors was then approved and adopted, Sir Shantidas Askuran, Mr. Pingle Venkat Rama Reddy, Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Mr. Dinshaw D. Romer and Mr. Lalchand Hirachand were then re-elected directors for the ensuing year, and Messrs. K. S. Aiyar and Co. and Messrs. N. M. Raiji and Co. were re-elected auditors for the ensuing year.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

Extraordinary General Meeting

After the ordinary general meeting was over, an Extraordinary General Meeting was held when the following resolution was passed:—

"That the Capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 4,50,00,000 divided into 30,00,000 shares of Rs. 15 each to Rs. 6,75,00,000 divided into 45,00,000 shares of Rs. 15 each by the creation of 15,00,000 additional shares of Rs. 15 each ranking "pari passu" with the existing shares in the Company (subject as regards the 15,00,000 shares to be offered in the first instance to the provision hereinafter contained as to dividend)

That the additional 15,00,000 shares be offered at a premium of Rs. 5 per share, i.e. Rs. 20 per share, to the members of the Company on the Register of Shareholders on the 23rd January 1948 in proportion of one additional share for two existing shares held by them and upon the footing that the amount payable for each share in respect of capital and premium is to be paid as under:—

Rs. 10 (Rs. 5 application money and Rs. 5 premium) on application, and Rs. 10 on allotment.

That the above issue of 15,00,000 shares of Rs. 15 each at a premium of Rs. 5 per share is subject to the consent for such issue being obtained from the Examiner of Capital Issues.

That the above 15,00,000 additional shares, if issued, will be subject to the following terms:—

(a) That they shall rank for dividend in the dividends declared by the Company for periods subsequent to 1st July 1948.

(b) That the Certificates for the shares shall be completed for delivery within six months after the date of allotment.

That the Directors be and are hereby empowered to give liberty to the Shareholders by the letter of offer to renounce shares offered in favour of Nominees and/or to apply for shares in addition to the shares offered to them to be allotted out of the shares not taken up by the members pursuant to the offer.

That the Directors be and are hereby further authorised to dispose of and allot, such shares as may not have been allotted to the shareholders or their nominees, to such persons and at such prices as the Directors may think fit provided the price including premia shall not be less than Rs. 20 per share. The shares so disposed of and allotted when issued, shall rank for dividend only from such respective dates as the Directors shall determine".

An amendment was moved by a shareholder to issue the new shares at par of Rs. 15 each and not at a premium of Rs. 5 viz: Rs. 20 each but that was negatived and the original resolution was carried.

PALESTINE PARTITION WITHOUT ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE IS A MOCKERY

Hitching Zionist Horse To Arab Cart Is Bound To Be Disastrous To Both

(From Our Correspondent)

JERUSALEM, November 14.—The all-out political dash exerted by the Arab world and world Jewry for securing finality in the Palestine issue, each side in its favour, has perforce precluded protestation concerning the economic aspect of the problem as it affected the aggrieved Arabs, Michael Abcarius Bey, Economic Adviser to the Federation of Arab Chambers of Commerce in Palestine, and author of "Palestine Through the Fog of Propaganda," maintained in an exclusive interview with your corerspondent today.

"Let me say it at once," he interjected, "partition without economic independence is a mockery." The real fear of the Arabs lay in the efforts made by protagonists of partition, he declared, "to hitch the Zionist horse to the Arab cart." Those who advocated it probably saw clearly that with economic independence partition would not work out favourably for the Zionists. Thus, they insisted on an economic union between the two states although the disparity between their economic developments precluded such a union—if the vital interests of the Arabs were to be safeguarded.

"That is why the cavaliers of partition at United Nations are trying to force such a union down our throats," Abcarius Bey added. But the Arabs resist partition mainly on ethical and political grounds. Ethically, he added, they received Palestine from their forebears in trust for their offspring. It was not theirs to dispose of. Politically, they have the right to independence in their own country undivided, he continued.

Different Economic Levels

Should, however, the envisaged two states be forcibly constituted, they would obviously remain for a long time on two different economic levels. The Jewish state, he argued, must continue the present Government (British) practice of protecting the so-called "infant" industry through manipulations of a customs tariff. The Arab state, on the other hand, would require a lower tariff to assure a decent living for its members so that the tariff would be reduced to its normal function, namely, the provision of funds necessary for the state. In self-protection it should be expected to join in a customs union with member-states of the Arab League, he forecast. It follows, he emphasised, that Jewish products would be unable to compete with foreign products on the Arab markets—in Palestine, and in the neighbouring Arab countries.

"Here, I shall quote from the Palestine Government Survey (submitted confidentially to the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry in 1946 and resubmitted to U.N.S.C.O.P. last June) figures to show how in 12 major industries common to both Arabs and Jews, the total net output for one Palestine Pound of wages and salaries was 110 per cent more by Arabs than by Jews," he stated, showing me the document and adding, "and that was during the war years: when there were scarcely any imports."

Reading out loud from a pencil-marked passage in the Survey, Abcarius Bey quoted: "It would appear, therefore, that unless these Jewish industries can substantially reduce their factor costs they will be at disadvantage not only in the case of competition from imported goods, but even in the case of serious competition from Arab undertakings in Palestine itself."

Turning to the question of whether a Jewish state could achieve virtual domination of the Arab portion, Abcarius Bey maintained that given a fair deal to the Arabs there could be no economic domination by that Jewish state. Nor could the Jewish state extend its efforts in that direction to the neighbouring Arab countries unless those who enjoyed complete independence blindly agreed to commit themselves to an economic suicidal policy.

Zionist Monopolies

Asked whether the present advantages enjoyed by Zionists from monopolies over various natural resources constituted a real handicap to the Arabs, he replied: strictly speaking the present apparent Zionist advantage of possessing running concerns such as the Dead Sea Potash works and the Jordan River Electric Power generation as well as lesser exclusive enterprises could only lead to these concerns making increased profit while holding the concessions. "With an imposed partition, there is every reason to anticipate that these concessions might be repudiated," he warned.

'HABEAS CORPUS' PLEA REJECTED

(Before the Hon. the Acting Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar).

Bhayyaji Kulkarni .... Petitioner

vs.

The Crown ..... Respondent.

"When one remembers that the only opportunity the subject has of fighting for his liberty is to make a representation to Government in respect of the grounds furnished to him, it will become apparent how important it is that everything should be done to see that the detenu knows why he has been deprived of his liberty" observed Their Lordships in connection with seven "habeas corpus" applications by the petitioner praying that seven residents of Amalner who had been detained under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act be set at liberty. Their Lordships held that even if two of the three grounds of detention were held to be lead as being vague, since the third ground of detention was a valid and proper one under the Public Security Act, the order of detention was good and the present applications must be dismissed. Their Lordships, however, observed that they had recently some across several "habeas corpus" applications in which the grounds of detention had not been stated with precision, and stressed the importance of stating the grounds with sufficient particularity.

HYDERABAD STATE BANK

(Constituted under Act XIX of 1350F)

Liability of the Members is Limited

Head Office: HYDERABAD DECCAN

	Rs. (O.S.)
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	1,50,00,000
ISSUED & SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	75,00,000
RESERVE FUND	12,75,000

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CAMPHA

Mankad Plays Havoc With Leather

MAGNIFICENT BOWLING KEEPS AUSTRALIAN BATSMEN SUBDUED AND WORRIED

Morris Hits Up Century

(From Duleepsinhji, Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Indian Cricket Team).

BRISBANE, November 21. (Reuter): Mankad's magnificent bowling, Sarwate's usefulness, Morris, sound innings and India's improvement in the field are my chief impressions of the first day's play against Queens land.

MANKAD ON TOP

Mankad, with flight, spin and length not only kept the batsmen quiet, but worried them all. On a perfect wicket Mankad was easily the best bowler. In fact, he is the only really class bowler India has in the team.

Sarwate kept a good length and, although not worrying the batsmen, he unexpectedly produced a ball that beat them. He is proving a useful addition to the team as an allrounder.

MORRIS RESCUES QUEENSLAND

Morris played sound defensive cricket before lunch and opened up later with drives, square cuts and leg sweeps. Without his valuable innings Queensland might easily have been out for a poor score. The Indian fielding and Amarnath's captaincy showed further improvement, which is most heartening as is does just before the first Test. The stopping, picking up, throwing and field placing has definitely much advanced.

INDIA'S WEAKNESS

Brown's cautious innings which at times was very slow, means he is still struggling to get back his form.

McCool played forcing cricket, hitting fours off Sohoni's bumpers, which at this pace was throwing away runs and also revealing the weakness of his own bowling.

Today further proved India's weakness in pace attack. Phadkar must be included, as pace bowlers bowled about fourteen overs during the day's play.

TIGHTENING UP NEEDED

The left-hander Raymer, coming in late, played attractive cricket, scoring many runs by forcing backshots through the covers.

Amir Elani bowled well before lunch, but fell away later, Nayudu was better but is still not up to his old form. Although at times he sent down a really good one.

India's out cricket made them look like a team, and with a little more tightening up all round, they will give a good account of themselves.

The Play - - - - -

W A. Brown won the toss for Queensland and decided to bat first against the Indian touring team in their match which began here today.

The Indian players took the field in the warmest weather they have experienced in Australia in a match.

The wicket was good and favoured the batsmen although a fair north east breeze was available for the bowlers to use.

Rogers, who took the strike, and Brown opened Queensland's first innings against Sohoni and Amarnath.

India, full of confidence after their victory at Sydney, made a grand start in dismissing Rogers with the second ball of the match.

After playing the first delivery from Sohoni carefully, Rogers made a half hearted stroke at the next ball which made pace and went away. He was brilliantly caught in the gully by Nayudu wide of his right hand.

Morris then came in and began confidently. He straight-drove Sohoni for two and square cut Amarnath for four.

Brown's first strokes were two graceful glances for singles and then he got under one from Sohoni which fortunately for him went through the slips for a single.

The Indian bowling and fielding was steady and the first 22 runs took half an hour.

Sohoni changed ends to get the assistance of the breeze his inswingers and he bowled a maiden to Brown. Mankad at the other end began with two maidens to Morris and it was not until the fourth ball in his third over that Morris forced the first single past the bowler. Mankad posted Nayudu at silly midon for Brown.

The Indian bowlers were keeping a steady length and the batsmen were very subdued and cautious.

MANKAD COMMANDS RESPECT

Amir Elahi replaced Sohoni with the total at twenty-seven and at once Morris edged him for two through the slips and twice off-drove him for singles.

The batsmen treated Mankad with every respect and only one run came from his first four overs. In his fifth over he beat Brown, the ball just shaving the off stump and then he beat Morris. Sen lifting the bails but the batsman was just in his ground.

The rate of scoring was so slow that one barracker was heard to shout "have a hit" but Mankad continued to peg the batsmen down and his figures at this stage were six overs, four maidens, two runs, zero wickets.

Amir Elahi kept a splendid length after settling down and only six runs came off his first four overs.

The first hour's batting produced only 33 runs but an on-drive for four by Morris off Amir Elahi relieved the low scoring slightly.

Morris brilliantly off-drove for four in Mankad's ninth over sending up the fifth in an hour and a quarter and this stage only ten runs had been scored off Mankad's bowling.

Morris, now the more aggressive of the two batsmen, on-drove Amir Elahi for a four, the ball kicking over Rai Singh's elbow at deep mid-on. He then swept Amir Elahi to square leg for a four to reach forty.

Brown was still watchful, particularly against Mankad and refused to take any chances.

At 67 Sarwate replaced Amir Elahi whose eight overs cost 36 runs and two runs later Nayudu came on for Mankad for the last over before lunch.

Brown glanced his third delivery to fine leg where Sohoni missed a low but difficult chance.

After Roger's early dismissal the batsmen had batted carefully against Indian bowling, which had been the steadiest and most impressive of the tour so far.

Lunch was taken with the score 70 for one, Brown being not out 28 and Morris not out 41.

BROWN OUT

After the interval Amir Elahi and Mankad resumed the attack which the latter continued to dominate. In his first over Brown survived a confident appeal for leg before when he was 34 and in his next over Morris was beaten badly and very nearly stumped.

Ten runs came off Amir Elahi's third over. Brown pulling a short ball for four and off-driving an over pitched deliver for three.

Mankad's fine bowling was rewarded in his third over after lunch when Brown playing back was out leg before after batting an hour and three quarters during which time he scored 52 including two four. Mankad had then had 14 overs 5 maidens and 15 runs and the second wicket fell at 91. Carrigan began shakily against Amir Elahi but pulled a short ball for four.

The best stroke of the innings followed when Morris on-drove Amir Elahi for four which was his seventh and he reached his fifty out of hundred, in a shade under two hours.

At 107 Nayudu replaced Amir Elahi and two balls in his first over beat Carrigan's bat, but a full toss cost the bowler three.

Morris then lifted Mankad for four to leg and then played a maiden to the left-hander.

Carrigan appeared to be settling down, but after he had squarecut Nayudu for four, he faced Mankad who bowled him with the last ball of his eighteenth over when the batsman attempted to cut with the score at 115.

Mankad's figures as McCool entered were 18 over 10 maidens 21 runs 2 wickets.

MsCool began with a single from a pull off Nayudu. He faced Mankad watchfully but sent the ball to the boundary with a splendidly-timed coverdrive off the left-hander. He followed this by stepping across and hooking Mankad for three.

When 61 and the total was 126, Morris survived a confident appeal by Mankad for leg before and McCool picked Nayudu's "wrong un" to push it forcefully. Amarnath continued with the spin bowlers and did not call for the new ball at the end of the fiftieth over.

Morris reached boundary with a square cut in Mankad's twentysecond over and at 144 Sohoni and Amarnath took over the attack with the new ball. Mankad's figures then were 22 overs, ten maidens 33 runs two wickets.

McCool pulled Sohoni for four to send up the 150 in two and three-quarter hours.

Sohoni made an occasional ball bump but McCool hooked one for four making the partnership worth fifty in thirtyeight minutes, McCool's share being thirtyfour.

McCOOI BOWLED

McCool again pulled a short ball from Sohoni for four but Amarnath after bowling two overs gave way to Mankad.

McCool at once pulled him for three but he paid for this in Mankad's next over. In attempting a similar stroke the ball came lower than he expected and knocked back his middle stump. McCool's aggressive 45, including six fours, were scored in fifty minutes.

Archer who was next in scored three before tea was taken at 192 for four with Morris still unbeaten with 86.

PLAY AFTER TEA

Sarwate who bowled one over before tea, opened the attack after the interval and Arther caught in two minds, first playing forward and then back, was bowled by the second delivery. The fifth wicket fell at 192.

Mankad's first over at the other end was a maiden to Morris and he soon has tallon out. Queenslands's wicket-keeper was in trouble from the start both against Sarwate and Mankad and playing forward to the lefthander, he was beaten badly by the turn, the ball coming inside the bat and hitting the middle stump. The sixth wicket fell at 199.

Morris turned Sarwate for a single to bring up the 200 in three and a half hours. The rate of scoring which at tea was approximately a run a minute decreased under the domination of the spin bowlers and Morris took care as he approached his century.

When Mankad completed his thirtieth over he had bowled three out in three and three-Quarters hours play for 47 runs.

When 94, Morris escaped being run out when Sen's throw, after a short chase in front of the wicket, narrowly missed the stumps.

HOT CHANCE MISSED

When 95 and the total was 212, Morris drove Mankad straight back and, although the bowler jumped high in an effort to reach the ball, he could not hold a hot chance.

Raymer, a lefthander, forced Mankad off his back foot to the fence and Morris off-drove Mankad for four to reach his century which included ten fours in 230 minutes. Morris, former Sydney player, made 120 against Victoria on Tuesday. Nayudu replaced Mankad at 236 and both Morris and Rayner used their feet and stepped out to Nayudu and Sarwate, but the safe fielding checked the drives. Morris pulled a long hop from Sarwate for four making the partnership 50 in three quarters of an hour.

Morris in attempting to drive Sarwate hit over the ball which turned from middle to off stump and was bowled. He batted four and a quarter hours and hit eleven fours.

Raymer ondrove and pulled Nayudu to the boundary in successive overs and at 263 Mankad replaced Nayudu whose eleven overs had cost him 44 runs.

Mankad's first over was a maiden to Young who batted 20 minutes for two singles.

Amir Elahi came on once again to replace Sarwate who bowled accurately and menacingly in his best spell of the tour. Raymer pulled Amir Elahi's first delivery for four.

Amir Elahi spread out a leg field to Raymer who reached his 50 in 80 minutes, mainly on shots by on driving Mankad for a single.

The pair were still together at the close of play when the total stood at 289 for seven, Raymer being not out 57 in an hour and a half and Young not out three in 40 minutes.

The attendance was 3,970 and takings £445.

QUEENSLAND (First Innings.)

Brown, lbw Mankad	42
Rogers, c Nayudu, b Sohoni	0
Morris, b Sarwate	115
Carrigan, b Mankad	13
McCool, b Mankad	45
Archer, b Sarwate	3
Tallon, b Mankad	5
Raymer, not out	57
Young, not out	3
Extras	6
Total (for 7 wickets)	289

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 0, 2 for 91, 3 for 115, 4 for 183, 5 for 192, 6 for 199, 7 for 289.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Sohoni	9	1	44	1
Amarnath	5	0	16	0
Mankad	38	12	65	4
Amir Elahi	17	2	71	0
Sarwate	16	1	43	2
Nayudu	11	0	44	0

LEGBYES: 4. Noballs: 1 by Sohoni: Wides: 1 by Amarnath.

Another Double Century By Ibrahim

BOMBAY, Friday.

IBRAHIM'S XI (First Innings)

(for 5 wkts.) 358

Another double century by Ibrahim was a distinct feature of the three-day final begun at the Brabourne Stadium this morning. Dropped by Mantri off Solomon before he had opened his account he went on to give a confident display and collected an unbeaten 200 in exactly 330 minutes the full duration of the day's play. He was concerned in a prodigious partnership of 245 runs with Satha for the fourth wicket. This partnership was virtually responsible for saving their side from a position precarious enough to land them in a defeat. After 4 wickets had fallen for only 70 runs Satha and Ibrahim settled down to play good and watchful wicket and retrieved the position for their side. Satha was uncomfortable in his 90s and was fortunate not to be dismissed twice during that period. Dalvi and Reshamwalla dropping him.

Kore bowled spendidly thoughout the innings and was never mastered even by Ibrahim who refused to step out to over-flighted balls.

IBRAHIM'S XI (FIRST INNINGS)

K. C. Ibrahim batting	200
J. W. Aurora c Dalvi b Solomon	0
K. C. Kassam c Mantri b Solomon	0
L. B. Kenny c and b Makwa	17
S. R. Arolkar c and b Kore	14
D. B. Satha c and b Kore	101
V. Dias batting	22
A. Abraham, J. M. Patel, B. K. Garudachar and S. Heptulla to bat.	
Extras	4
Total (for 5 wkts)	358

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-0, 2-8, 3-38, 4-70 and 5-315.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
J. B. Khot	29	12	46	0
D. Solomon	15	3	50	2
P. M. Makwa	8	2	20	1
J. J. Kore	37	3	118	2
H. E. Reshamwalla	25	6	70	0
K. M. Bhatia	9	0	34	0
M. M. Dalvi	3	0	10	0
Achadwalla	2	0	6	0

MANTRI'S XI—M. K. Mantri (Captain); J. B. Khot, D. Solomon, P. M. Makwa, J. J. Kore, H. E. Reshamwalla, K. M. Bhatia, M. M. Dalvi, Achadwalla, H. I. Nakhuda and M. P. Mistry.

UMPIRES

Messrs. Billimoria and Rangnekar.

Giftladen Ship To Destitute Europe For Christmas

LONDON, Nov 20 (UPA). Plans to send a gift-laden Christmas ship to destitute Europe were "virtually assured," according to the sponsor of the proposed mercy vessel.

Admiral T. A. ... President of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, said he was trying to obtain a ship and that a definite announcement would be made within two days.

The effort to find a ship has been joined by Richard Bowditch, president of the Sprague Steamship Co., and president of the New England Council, Kelleher said.

Under Kelleher's plan, the ship would be filled with food and clothing donated from all parts of New England and would sail in time to reach Europe before Christmas Day.

BATTALIA IN WITH EXCELLENT CHANCE AGAIN

Star Of Mahad's & Paper King's Outstanding Chances

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

Poor fields have accepted for today's races at Mahaluxmi.

On the merit of the stylish victory recorded by Battalia last week, the Baroda-owned mare appears to me the best in the chief event. Flying Pageant running after a long rest has done exceptionally well in his track-trials and in spite of the heavy impost he will resist strongly.

Star of Mahad and Paper King possess outstanding chances in their respective events.

The following are my selections:

1st Race: 1 Geeta Rani, 2 Miss Rutty.
2nd Race: 1 Bold Bandit, 2 Goolkhund.
3rd Race: 1 Ginger Lady, 2 Magnificent.
4th Race: 1 Shah Jahan, 2 Mussorie if ab. All Out.
5th Race: 1 Paper King, 2 New Moon.
6th Race: 1 Battalia, 2 Flying Pageant.
7th Race: 1 Banshee, 2 Jubilation.
8th Race: 1 Star of Mahad, 2 Madurai.
Choice Treble: Paper King, Battalia and Star of Mahad.
Flukes: Yipee and Blue Lotus.

PROGRESS
THROUGHOUT THE YEARS!

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SPACE DONATED BY NATIONAL TOBACCO CO. OF INDIA, LTD.

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MY SON IS ALWAYS SICKLY, LISTLESS AND CRYING
GIVE HIM A TEASPOONFUL OF WATERBURY'S COMPOUND AFTER EACH MEAL
THANKS TO WATERBURY'S MY CHILD IS NOW ALWAYS HEALTHY AND HAPPY

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND TO KEEP YOU FIT

HAS/WB8

SHARE BAZAR STEADY WITH NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT

ACTIVE PROFESSIONAL BUYING HARDENS COTTON MARKET

Silver Firm On Increased Support

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quiet today with scattered business. It being fortnightly one hour session there was very little fresh business. The deficit shown by the Railway Budget damped enthusiasm and traders are awaiting Central Budget proposals. As usual some members look for introduction of death duty to make up a portion of the anticipated deficit.

Tata Steel Dfd. opened at Rs. 1663 and improved at Rs. 1670 under scattered covering. At this level there was small selling which resulted in a small relapse but renewed covering again led to a recovery at Rs. 1677. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 345 and improved at Rs. 347. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1032 and after advancing at Rs. 1040, steadied at Rs. 1030. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 543 and advanced at Rs. 550. Simplex Shares were placed at Rs. 228. Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 573 and steadied at Rs. 575. Indores opened at Rs. 625 and advanced at Rs. 640 on short covering.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1036/4 Kohinoor 550 Swadeshi 575 Nagpur 304 Simplex 228 New Great 380/8 Gokak 314/8 Indore 640 Century 975 Colaba 235 I Bleaching 138 Swan 339 Finlay 298 Morarji 542/8 Edward 682/8 Meyer 230 Apollo 3/14/6 I U Ordinary 15/1 I U Defd 2/14 Madhusudan 270 Poddar 320 Khatau X D 355

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 347/8 Tata Steel Defd. 1677/8 Second 150/8

CEMENT

Associated Merger 154/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 500 Belapur 312 Shivrajpur 36 Scindia 33/15 Construction 182 Tata Chemical 14/2 Tata Oil 62 Indian Iron 33 Bengal Steel 26/4

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord. 126/4 Tata Hydro 174 Andhra 1582/8 Power X D 1750

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 80 Phoenix 1310 Ind. Mfg 4460 Kooria 285 Dawn 1545 David 141/4 New City 223/12 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 631/4 Bharucha (Defd.) 7/4 Bharat 44 Mysore 285 Madhavji 10 Model 207/8 Laxmi 1635 Vishnu 629 Western 4325 Standard 500 Sholapur 6400 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4550 Tata 71/8 Ahmedabad Advance 430 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 19/14 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 370 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 55 Simplex Cpn 118

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 145/10 New 111/4 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Karachi 143/12 Broach 12/8 Ajmer X D 12/3 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 170 Bombay Suburban 132/8 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100

BANK SHARES

Reserve 117/8 Imperial 2260 P P 593/8 Central 84 Commercial 18 India 238/8 Union 9/12 Baroda 164/8 Habib 151/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 62 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 38 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 780 New India 70 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 13/12 Indian Mercantile 52/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/4 Ind. Prud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

C. P. 107/4 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X R 301/4 Steamer 572/8 Burma New 158/2 B B Petrol 3/2 Mackenzie 145 Port Canning 75 Kerop 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 103/8 Wimco 276/4 Dharamsey Chemical 35 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 18/2 Alembic 255 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X. R 155 United Motor 80 A C C New 84/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydri Construction 17/10

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 205 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1431/4 Hydro 135 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115/8 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 125 Bradbury 495 Surat Elec. 169/6 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 127 (Second Pref.) 126/14 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 116 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 143/12 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1950 (8) 106/12 I Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 2/13/6 B I C 7/15 Burma Corporation 3/9/6 New Victoria 4/11 New Victoria Preference 6/2 Raja 26 Phalton 90 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-I-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 225 Ajamshahi 200 Air Service 14/12 Air India 195 Ambica 13/8 Hind Motor 6/15 I Steam 12/10 Sone Valley 9

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

		Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954		98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950		101	6	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961		97	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52		101	2	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960		100	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962		100	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1975		99	8	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable ..		100	12	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.		100	12	6
3 p.c. 1949-52		102	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54		102	13	0
3 p.c 1953-55		102	13	0
3 p.c. 1957		102	12	0
3 p.c. 1959-61		102	6	0
3 p.c. 1963-65		102	3	0
3 p.c. 1966-68		101	12	0
3 p.c. 1970-75		101	9	0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57 ..		105	14	0
4 p.c. 1948-53		103	0	0
4 p.c 1960-70		113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c 1950-55		106	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60		114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67		117	8	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c U P 1961 ..	98	8	0	
2-3/4 p.c Madras 1961	99	0	0	
3 p.c Bombay 1955 ...	102	2	0	
3 p.c Bombay 1958 ...	102	0	0	
3 p.c. Punjab 1949 ..	99	6	0	
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	101	0	0	
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 ...	99	8	0	
3 p.c. U P 1952	101	0	0	
3 p.c. C. P 1952	101	0	0	
3 p.c. N. W. F. 1952 ...	100	4	0	
3 p.c U. P 1961-66	101	2	0	
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0	
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0	
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0	
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	121	0	0	
6-1/2 p.c. 1977	101	5	0	
6 p.c K. P T	121	0	0	

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/14/6
B. Dyeing 1030 35 25 32/8 30 36/4
C. India 298 300 299 304
Gokak 312 15 14 14/8
I. U. (Defd.) 2/13/6 2/14
I. U. (Ord.) 14/15 15/1
Indore 615 25 22/8 50 40
Model 307/8
New Great 380 82 80 80/8
Shrinivas 370
Simplex 226 28 27 28
Swadeshi 570 74 72 74 73 75
Tata Mills 72 71/8

BANKS.

Baroda 163/8 64/8
Central 83/8 84/4 84
Habib 151 51/4
Imperial (Old) 2265 57/8 60
India 239 38/8
Reserve 117/8
Union 9/10 9/12
U. Commercial 62

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 145/10
Andhra Valley 1582/8
B. Tram (Ord.) 125 23 27 26 26/4
Power 1753/12 50
New India 69/8 70
Scindia 33/12 34 33/12 33/15

STEEL.

B. Steel 26/2 26 26/4
I. Iron 32/12 32/4 32/13 33
Tat. (Defd.) 1665 75 60 72/8 67/8 70 65 80 77/8
Tata (Ord.) 345 48 47 49 46 47/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 151 50/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 302/8 1/4
A. C. C. (Old) 152/8 54 53/8 54/8
A. C. C. (New) 84 84/8
Belapur 307 8 6 10 9 12
B. B. (Old) 495 97/8 95 500
B. B. (New) 157/8 58/12 58/2
B. B. Petrol 3/1
I. I. Trust 104 3/8
I. Bleaching 138
Port Canning 75/4 75/12 75
C. Const. 181 80 82
Shivrajpur 35/8 36
Tata Chem. 14 14/2
Tata Oil 61 62

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 17 18
Simplex 116 18 17 18
Mysore Coupon 71
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 11/4
Haydari Const 17/10

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

Tata Ordinary 347/8; Tata Deferred 1677/8; Indian Iron 33; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 26/4; Bombay Dyeing 1036/4; Central India 303/12; Gokak 314/6 Kohinoor 550; Simplex 228; Swadeshi 575; Tata Power 1750; Associated Cement 154/8; Belapur 312/8, Bombay Burma (Old) 500; Scindia 33/15; Central Bank 84/6; New India 70; Tata 2nd Pref. 150/10.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Nov. 20.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p.c	36-3/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1961	106-3/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1952 and after	103 7/8
Funding Loan 4 p.c 1960/90	113-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 p.c	115-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10-15/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	115-1/2
National Bank of India	32-3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,520

DEALERS SCOUT FOR ADDITIONAL NEARBY YARDAGES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20, (U. P. A.): Dealers scouted the Worth Street Market today for additional nearby yardages with only limited success, but buyers were watching the gradual ascent of prices into new high grounds.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

The cotton market was quietly steady with scattered buying. January delivery opened at Rs. 472/4 and after declining at Rs. 472 improved at Rs. 473 and steadied at Rs. 412/12. March contract business was reported at Rs. 473/12.

Monthly Teji Mandi was declared at Rs. 474 for January delivery. The market ruled steady and January after advancing at Rs. 474/8 reacted at Rs. 473/12.

In the afternoon the market was very active with extensive buying and professional Bears were compelled with the result that January rose at Rs. 477. Bulls lost no time in liquidating a portion of their holding and January retreated at Rs. 474. The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Jan.	474	0	0
I.C.C. March	473	8	0
I.C.C May	479	8	0
I.C.C. July	487	0	0
I.C.C. Sept.	492	0	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1610 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing
Jan.	472	471-1/2	472-3/8
March	474-1/4	472-3/4	473-1/4
May	480-3/4	479-1/4	479-1/2
July	488-1/2	486-3/4	487-3/4
Sept.	493-1/4	491-3/4	492-3/8
Karachi 4F Jan.	(not received)		51-15-0

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Nov. 21.

Coiryarn Beypore 170/180; Jullandy 185/195; Fibre Garbled 125; Ungarbled 115; Cocoanuts per 1000 Raw 110/115; Dry 155/160; Cocoanut Oil 415; Copra Office 290; Dilpa and 330; Madrasnottam 358; Pepper Wynaad 720; Country 685; Dryginger Bhernard 260; Ernad 245; Coffee Robusta 96; Timber Pali 50/55; Junglewood 28/32; Vellapina 36/45; Bentenak Ordy. Teak 90/95; Mango Planks 2/8/3; Teak 12/15; Rosewood 12/17.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20, (U. P. A.): Black pepper futures remained inactive and nominally unchanged today. In the spot market dealers reported scarcity of supplies continued to hamper development of new business. Bids between 55 and 56 cents per pound for spot lampong continued to go unfilled. White pepper remained at 58 cents per pound nominal. While strike reports at the port of Bombay created some uneasiness over shipments from India, forward deliveries remained at wide discounts under the spot basis. Steamers due to arrive from now until the end of November were quoted from 49 to 50 cents and first half December arrivals were quoted at between 42-1/2 and 43 cents per pound.

Closing prices included:

Delivery.

December	48 nom.
January	42 nom
March	33 bid.

May through October ... 33 nom.

Castor seeds were quoted at 1.70 bid Linseed oil was quoted at 30.6—31.1.

UPHOLDS U. S. POLICY IN REDUCING TARIFFS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20, (U. P. A.): Mr Sylvia F. Porter Financial Export of the New York Post today upheld the U. S. policy in reducing tariffs to the level of 1923 in an article in the paper.

After citing tax reductions on imports and what it will mean to the American consumer, Miss Porter writes: "It is a great step forward because it is a great step back. For, by these pacts we—leading traders of the world—have cut down our tariff walls to the levels of 1923 and have admitted how wrong we were to surround ourselves with trade barriers in the hope of 'protecting' our industries from foreign competition and depression. Those barriers did not protect us from depression. They smashed the industries of other lands and made depression more certain."

LONDON PEPPER IDLE.

LONDON, Nov. 20, (U. P. A.): The pepper market remained idle in London today. No business was reported to have been done. Prices also remained unchanged at 1/10-1/2 for black and 2/8-1/2 for white.

U. S. GOVT. CUTS WHEAT EXPORT

Citizens Committee Proposal Accepted

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20, (Reuter): The United States Government has made a 50,000,000 bushel cut in the 1947-1948 wheat export target as recommended by the President's Citizens Committee on foreign aid late in September, the Dow Jones financial news agency said to-day.

The State Department, it was learned, notified the Select Committee on foreign aid headed by Mr. Christian A. Herter, representative from Massachusetts, that it now considers 450,000,000 bushels of wheat the maximum which can safely be exported in the present crop year. The target of 70,000,000 bushels of other grains remains unchanged.

Even this latest figure is considered by the department of agriculture to be 50,000,000 bushels above the danger point for foreign shipmens.

Mr. Charles Luckman, Chairman of the Citizens Food Committee set up by President Truman to save 100,000,000 bushels of grain for Europe announced to-day the goal had been reached and possibly exceeded.

Meatless Tuesdays and eggless Thursdays will continue however.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

The Bullion Market was fairly steady with moderate business. Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 159/6 and improved at Rs. 159/14 and later steadied at Rs. 159/10. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 159/6. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 105/6 and after improving at Rs. 105/12 and steadied at Rs. 105/10. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 105/13 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 69/8.

Professional operators supported Silver market and final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	159	14	0
Forward Silver	160	2	0
Ready Gold	105	10	0
Forward Gold	105	8	0

LONDON SILVER, IDLE UNCHANGED.

LONDON, Nov. 20, (U. P. A.): The silver market remained idle today with prices unchanged at 45 pence per ounce for spot and 44-3/4 pence per ounce for forward.

NEW YORK SILVER UNCHANGED.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 (U.P.A.): On the New York Market today, the price of silver remained unchanged at 78-5/8 cents per ounce.

LONDON BULLION.

London, Nov. 20.

Silver Spot 45d., Silver Forward 44-3/4d. Gold 248/12/3.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

The produce market was fairly steady with moderate business: Groundnuts Khandesh quality Ready were quoted at Rs. 29/4. November-December delivery was also quoted at Rs. 29/4. While Bold December-January were placed at Rs. 28/6. Groundnut in November was quoted at Rs. 17/8. December at Rs. 16/11 and January at Rs. 16/9. Castorseeds Ready were quoted at Rs. 31/0 May delivery opened at Rs. 134/10 and after advancing at Rs. 135/10, steadied at Rs. 135/8. Castor Oil first pressing was unchanged at Rs. 20/4 and Commercial quality was placed at Rs. 19. Linseed Ready was quoted Rs. 29/7 and February-March delivery business was reported at Rs. 27/6.

Later on there was increased selling and Castorseeds May delivery closed at Rs. 134/11.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20

December 3.03-1/4 to 3.03-1/2.
March 2.93-3/4 bid.
May 2.91-3/4 to 2.92.
July 2.87-3/4 to 2.88.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 20, (U. P. A.): The boost in the Union Pacific's common stock dividend coupled with the proposal for two for one stock split bolstered stocks on the whole today. However, the market trading was only moderately active. Union Pacific swung into leadership when the directors declared a cash dividend of 5-1/2 dollars bringing the declarations to 10 dollars this year against six last year.

The list opened irregularly lower and trading progressed as prices continued to slip off. Shortly before noon, Union Pacific jumped 7-1/2 points to close at 155-1/4 and the list revised its downward course with Blue Chips leading the upswing. International Business machines registered one of the widest changes with a gain of 16 points to 246.

Closing prices included:

Allied Chemical	196
American Smelting	69
American Telephone	153 1/8
Anaconda Copper	36 3/8
Bankers Trust	37 3/4
Bethlehem, Steel	100 1/2
Boengar Plane	20 1/4
Canadian Pacific	11
Chase National Bank	34 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	51 7/8
General Electric	35 7/8
General Motors	59 3/8
Gillette	29 1/2
Goodyear Tyre	46 1/4
International Nickel	27 3/4
Lockheed	13 3/8
Nash Kelvinator	17 7/8
National City Bank	39 1/2
New York Central	13 1/2
Pennsylvania Railroad	16 3/4
Shell Oil	30
Southern Pacific	45 3/4
Standard Oil of New Jersey	76 1/8
Studebaker	24 5/8
Swift Company	33 7/8
Technicolour	—
Twentieth Century Fox	28 5/8
U. S. Steel	77 1/4
Warner Brothers	13 3/4
Westinghouse Electric	28 5/8

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

PRESS COMMUNIQUE

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 14th November 1947.

1. Demand Liabilities.—	
(a) In India	649,34,76,000
(b) In Pakistan	71,79,12,000
2 Time Liabilities:	
(a) In India	312,34,14,000
(b) In Pakistan	29,75,96,000
3. Cash:	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.	
(a) In India	32,96,05,000
(b) In Pakistan	4,09,51,000
(ii) Rupee Coin:	
(a) In India	2,12,86,000
(b) In Pakistan	31,92,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin:	
(a) In India	64,38,000
(b) In Pakistan	6,46,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	95,15,89,000
5. Advances:	
(a) In India	373,22,13,000
(b) In Pakistan	36,26,81,000
6. Bills Discounted:	
(a) In India	15,25,15,000
(b) In Pakistan	88 61,000

COTTON RESOURCES OF INDIA

Effect Of Partition

BOMBAY, Nov. 21.

"India from henceforward must try to become self-sufficient in respect of supply of good quality cottons", declared Sir Datar Singh, presiding at the 36th meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, which began today.

He stated that consequent on the partition of India, the most urgent problem which India was faced with was the supply of cotton of the right types required by mills in India. Fortunately there was ample scope to make India self-sufficient in this respect both by increasing the yield and extending the area under cotton according as the food position permits it. I also suggest that in the seed distribution schemes provision should be made for trial of new strains on cultivators' field side by side with their tests at Government farms. This will save two important years which are at present spent in the trials of types through various stages before they are actually distributed to cultivators. A provision should also be made for compensation to be paid to cultivators in the event of loss sufferend by them in testing new varieties on their fields.

SUPPLY OF HOOPS

"I should also like to refer to one more subject which has been for some time a source of considerable anxiety not only to the trade out also to the Centre. This is the question of the supply of hoops for baling cotton during the current season. You are no doubt aware that the Indian Central Cotton Committee has for the past three or four years accepted responsibility for the distribution of baling hoops and coal to cotton ginning and pressing factories. Insofar as coal is concerned, luckily no difficulty is anticipated in meeting the demand during the current season. I wish I could say the same with regard to the requirements of pressing factories in respect of baling hoops. Unfortunately, there is a considerable shortage of this material at present in the country and it has been possible to meet the demands of factories only to the extent of 1/3rd or 1/4th of their average annual requirements.

HAPUR MARKET.

HAPUR, Nov. 20

Food grains prices improved while pulses Gur and Oil Seeds declined slightly Gur particularly unsteady on increased arrivals and poor demand. Gur 13/12, Sarsoon 27/4; Groundnuts 14/8; Silver Forward opened 157/4; Highest 157/10; Lowest 156/3; Closed 156/1; Gold Forward opened 105/12; Highest 106/2; Lowest 105/8; Closed 150/12; Oats Jeth opened 10/2/3; Highest 10/2/5; Lowest 10/1; Closed 10/1/4-1/2; Bardana Mangsar 10; Chet 82/1; January 89/12.

THE MOST URGENT PROBLEM

"Of the many problems on our agenda which we have to tackle, perhaps the most urgent and important is that dealing with the position, consequent on the division of India, regarding the supply of cotton of the right types required by mills in India and the future policy to be followed in this matter. I would like to point out, in this connection, that we must accelerate the work of seed distribution schemes whereby more area should be put under medium staple and long staple cottons to fill up the gap which has been caused by the absence of cotton from Pakistan. India from henceforward must try to become self-sufficient in respect of supply of good quality cottons and as fortunately reported there is ample scope to achieve this goal both by increasing the yield and extending the area under cotton according as the food position permits it. I also suggest that in the seed distribution schemes provision should be made for trial of new strains on cultivators' field side by side with their tests at Government farms. This will save two important years which are at present spent in the trials of types through various stages before they are actually distributed to cultivators. A provision should also be made for compensation to be paid to cultivators in the event of loss sufferend by them in testing new varieties on their fields.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.

After initial weakness attributed to the unexpected State Department reduction of fifty million bushels in the season's wheat export goal and additional beneficial moisture in the South West, prices rallied on the resumption of commercial demand and subsidence of liquidation. January export allocations were generally in line with expectations. However, flour trade quarters point out that January flour allocations are the largest since August. The C. C. C. Chicago Office yesterday purchased 389,000 bushels wheat, Kansas City 300,000 bushels while Minneapolis bought 50,000 bushels Oats.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Nov. 20.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 125/6 Dec./Jan. quoted.

SRINAGAR, Nov. 21, (U.P.I.): Mr. Horace Alexander of the International Friends Service Unit, has been deputed by the Government of India to examine details of rehabilitation work in the Kashmir Valley.

The position in the Mirpur area, south-West of Jammu, has improved slightly, says the Publicity Officer of the State Government.

Strong Spot Situation Influences N. Y. Cotton Market

Nears Gain 33 Points But Distants 13 Points Down

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.

Trading was moderately active and prices irregular on the New York Cotton Exchange today. The market was dominated by the strength in nearby positions with March rising to a new high for the movement at 34.36 cents per pound. Short covering of the spot month prior to the first notice day on Monday found limited offerings. March was bolstered by trade and shipper covering against textile orders and estimated sales of 5,000 bales of raw cotton to the British Control plus the announcement that a $3,000,000 credit has been extended to Finland for purchases of American cotton.

Ring observers averred that the situation in December was aided by the fact that hedge selling in that position is now down to a minimum while shorts are uneasy over smaller contract supplies and the tightening spot situation.

OPEN INTEREST.

The open interest in December at the start of trading today was 161,000 bales, but it is expected that the position will be cut down to around 50,000 bales by the delivery notice time. If that viewpoint is substantiated, it would be of the smallest interest for the spot month in some time. While the Washington development is still of prime influence, traders believe the situation up to now has been discounted and interest is turning back to the usual run of trade news pending further Congressional action on foreign aid and price controls. The sidetracking of action on price control and rationing powers until the regular January session has relieved nervousness on that score. While the emergency session will take up proposals to curb speculation on the Commodity Exchanges, it is felt that the proposal has been discussed so long that its effect is now minimmized.

Today's session opened 4 to 12 lower. Prices dipped a few additional points with the early uneasiness in grains and then rebounded on December covering to show net gains of two to 36 points. Near months held strong to close but later months faltered, closing the market 33 higher to 18 lower.

STATISTICAL OUTLOOK.

The lagging tendency of far forwards was reflected in increased hedge selling and less inclination of speculators to assume the long position that far away. The reluctance on that score reflects the belief that the expected tight statistical position this season will be felt most during March and May. After that new crop prospects will be coming more into the forground. Traders are assuming that it is possible that such higher prices next spring will stimulate much heavier foreign and domestic plantings and they are unwilling to take risks until the outlook that far ahead is clarified.

CREDIT TO FINLAND.

The Export Import Bank overnight announced the extension of $5,000,000 credit to Finland for the purchase of American cotton. Traders figured the credit line is equivalent to around thirty thousand bales at current prices. American cotton will enable Finland to meet domestic fabric needs and allow some exports to Sweden and Denmark.

The revival of talk concerning importations of Japanese print cloths has proved to be a source of uneasiness in the fabric trade. Latest reports say that Japanese goods are now available for immediate shipmennt to private traders in minimum lots of 1,000,000 yards. The law requires that any goods brought here must be re-exported but textile men say there is continuing pressure to permit a change in the law for the dual purpose of easing the domestic supply situation and to attract dollars to Japan.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Nov. 20.

December	34.40	+33
January	34.31	+33
March	34.36	+29
March Highest	34.39	+31
March Lowest	34.15	+12
May	34.29	+23
July	32.96	+05
October	30.19	+18
December	29.63	—20
March	29.35	—21
Middling Spot	35.00	+33

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Nov. 20.

December	34.63	+36
March	34.54	+30
May	34.34	+21
July	33.06	+15
October	30.15	—18
Middling Spot	33.85	+30

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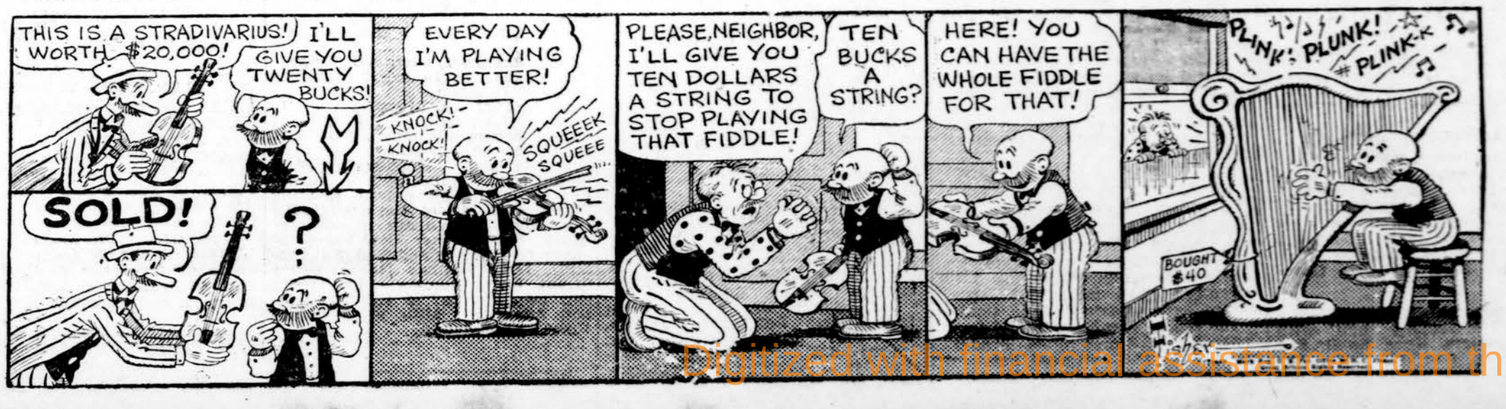
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Wanted 1000 sq. yds. plot for residential building within Thana Municipal limits. Submit full particulars and price to Box No. 7511. "Bombay Chronicle".

PROPERTY EXCHANGE

For Sale or Exchange with Pakistan properties in Karachi or Lahore. 1. One modern four-storied steel structures building in most respectable residential quarters of Park Circus in Calcutta on ideal site equipped with latest sanitary fittings and electricity total area 870 sqr. yds. fetching rent about Rs. 1,200/- per month. 2. One new three-storied and partly four storied building in Calcutta, Park Circus area with electricity and sanitary flushing, area 340 sqr. yds. fetching rent about Rs. 600/- per month. 3. Two plots of land measuring 434 and 541 sqr. yds. in commercial magnet area of Calcutta near Chowringhee Square 4. One Plot of land 584 sqr. yds. in important commercial area of Calcutta near Dharamtala Street 5. Valuable properties in the heart of Patna City with electricity and water amenities. Write to Crescent Cycle & Motor Co., 158 Dharamtala Street, Calcutta. 7499

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted One Revolver .32 bore, 5/6 Chambers of any good make. Apply Box No. 6133. "Bombay Chronicle."

Available qualified Nurses. Bombay Nurses Bureau, Dhun Building, Lamington Road. Tel. 42840. (7332)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advt. No. 10.

APPLICATIONS INVITED for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or Citizens of the Indian States or Citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 7/8- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 27th December, 1947. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

(1) FIVE PERMANENT POSTS OF DISTRICT MEDICAL OFFICERS FOR STATE RAILWAYS. One of the posts is reserved for a Scheduled Caste candidate. Women ineligible. AGE Preferably below 32 years; relaxable in case of Government and Railway servants. PAY Rs. 400-25-500 (7th and 10th year of service Rs. 550/- and Rs. 650/- respectively). QUALIFICATIONS Candidates must possess qualifications registerable under the Medical Acts in force in Great Britain and Northern Ireland or have a medical degree of a British Indian University. Candidates possessing anti-malarial academic qualifications or experience will be given preference.

(2) ONE PERMANENT POST OF PRINCIPAL, OAKGROVE SCHOOL, E. I. RAILWAY, MUSSOORIE. Women ineligible. AGE Not below 35 years. PAY FOR DIRECT RECRUITS Rs. 350-25-500-30-590. FOR PERSONS ALREADY IN CONTINUOUS GOVERNMENT SERVICE SINCE 15TH JULY, 1931 Rs. 550-600. Higher initial pay to specially qualified and experienced candidates. QUALIFICATIONS (1) Degree in Arts or Science, (2) Diploma or degree in teaching. (3) Administrative and teaching experience in large European or Anglo-Indian Boarding School run on English preparatory or public school methods.

(3) ONE TEMPORARY DEPUTY DIRECTOR (INDIA) IN THE PUBLICATIONS DIVISION, MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING. Women eligible. AGE Preferably below 45 years. PAY Rs. 1100-50-1300 (subject to revision as per Central Pay Commission Recommendation). QUALIFICATIONS (i) A good University degree (ii) Wide general knowledge and acquaintance with Indian and world affairs. Literary ability, gift of language, appreciation of art with creative imagination. Studies or travel abroad will be an additional qualification. (iii) Experience of editorial work and production of periodicals.

(4) ONE OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, POULTRY RESEARCH SECTION, INDIAN VETERINARY RESEARCH INSTITUTE, IZATNAGAR. In partial modification of the advertisement published in Section 2 Part II of the Gazette of India, dated the 21st June, 1947, it is hereby notified that the qualifications for this post are now changed as under:—

QUALIFICATIONS (i) A degree or diploma in Veterinary Science or a degree in Science. (ii) Good general knowledge and experience of poultry industry, preferably both in the field and on the laboratory side. (iii) Sound knowledge of research methods. (iv) Administrative ability and experience. (v) Capacity to impart post-graduate training. (vi) Ability to plan, organise and supervise the work of a Section. Closing date for receipt of applications extended from the 9th August, 1947 to 27th December, 1947.

6153

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED before 30th November, 1947, for the purchase of certain Consumers Stores and cosmetics lying at the Government Grocery Stores situated in the Hutments on Back Bay Reclamation, West of Churchgate Station, Bombay. The articles can be inspected at the above mentioned Stores.

Tender forms can be obtained from the undersigned who is not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

M. B. SALVI,
Controller of Government
Grain Shops, Bombay.

(6112)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stocks American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180-Flourescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S cables all sizes good discounts for quantities Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle"

For Sale American Tropical Organ. Rose & Co.'s. solidly built with Octave Couplers. Knee Swell. Fan Eleven Stops and full Five Octaves. Condition excellent. Rupees 550 Apply Box No. 7508, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

SHRI LAXMI TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED.

(Bhor State) BHOR.

NOTICE

THE FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Share Holders of Shri Laxmi Textile Mills, Ltd., will be held on TUESDAY, the 16th December, 1947, at 10 A.M. at the Registered Office of the Company at Bhor (Bhor State) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Director's Report and audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30th April, 1947.

(2) To elect Directors in place of Messrs. G. R. Sathe and H. R. Karandikar, who retire and offer themselves for re-election.

(3) To declare Dividend on Preference and Ordinary Shares.

(4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from the 8th December, 1947 to 23rd December, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.

For the Bhor Mercantile Agency Ltd.

M. G. DESAI,
Director.
Managing Agents.

Bhor, 4th November, 1947.

NOTE:—If the Dividend on Preference and Ordinary Shares as recommended by the Directors is passed at the meeting, the payment will be made on or after the 1st February, 1948, to those shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 8th December, 1947.

6162

INDIAN OILSEEDS COMMITTEE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts under the Indian Oilseeds Committee:—

(i) ONE post of Superintendent in the scale of Rs. 350-20-450-25-500.

(ii) THREE posts of Assistants in the scale of Rs. 120-8-160-10-200-E.B.-10-350.

(iii) ONE post of Statistical Assistant in the scale of Rs. 120-10-250-E.B.-15-400.

(iv) ONE post of Accountant in the scale of Rs. 175-10-225.

The usual dearness and other allowances will be admissible. The scales of pay in all cases may be revised in accordance with the Central Civil Services (Revision of Pay) Rules, 1947. A higher initial pay than the minimum of the prescribed scales may be given to specially qualified or experienced hands.

Candidates may be required to appear for interview at their own expense.

QUALIFICATIONS:

(i) SUPERINTENDENT: Must be a graduate with at least 5 years experience in Government Offices Preference will be given to those who are working or have worked as Assistants-in-charge, or Superintendents.

(ii) ASSISTANTS: Graduates with experience in Government offices would be preferred.

(iii) STATISTICAL ASSISTANT Experience in compilation of statistical data. Graduates with knowledge of statistics would be preferred.

(iv) ACCOUNTANT: Experienced accountants or S.A.S.'s would be preferred. Applications from retired persons fit for work will also be considered.

Applications stating qualifications, experience, date of birth, community and domicile should reach the undersigned not later than 3RD DECEMBER, 1947.

(Sd.) K. C. CHETTY,
Secretary,
Indian Oilseeds Committee
Room No. 30, "M" Block,
Imperial Secretariat,
New Delhi.

(6142)

NOTICE OF TENDER

TENDERS ARE INVITED only from Contractors on the M.E.S. Approved List and within whose monetary limits the value of work lies, by THE CHIEF ENGINEER, SOUTHERN COMMAND, POONA, for the Construction of Technical Buildings and Stores for the F.E Wing, S.M.E. Kirkee, which is estimated to cost Rs. 4,00,000/-. Applications for Tender Forms must be submitted on or before 29th November, 1947, to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona No. 1.

Copies of Conditions of Contract, drawings and all other documents connected with the work will be open for inspection in the office of the C.E., S.C., Poona, during office hours Tender documents will be issued on and after 1st December 1947 and upto 2nd December 1947.

Tenders will be received upto 15.00 hours on 16th December 1947.

(6165)

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES B. B. & C.I. Rly., Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11, invites tender returnable on Friday 28th November, 1947, for 1000 File square taper bastard 16". Copies of the tender can be obtained from Controller of Stores office. Tenderers not on the approved list of tenders should produce Bankers' guarantee.

(6163)

PUBLIC NOTICES

SALE OF 45,000 "KER" TREES OF NAGAR-AVELI

IT IS NOTIFIED that the advertised adjudication of 45,000 KER Trees, referred to in the Official Gazette, III Series, No. 40, of 2nd October last, has been POSTPONED to the 6th December, 1947, at 10 a.m., the Government reserving the right to decline to accept offers that may be deemed not conducive to the interests of the State.

FERNANDO RODRIGUES TELES,
Engineer, Agricultural
Devlpt. Department, Goa.
By order.

6158

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY

IN EXERCISE of the powers under section 23 of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902, as amended by the Greater Bombay Laws and the Bombay High Court (Declaration of Limits) Act XVII of 1946, the Commissioner of Police, has issued the following orders for the regulation of the traffic on Kattal-Ki-Rat and Immersion day within the Municipal limits of Kurla and Bandra.

(1) AT KURLA.

All vehicular traffic proceeding along Old Agra Road through Kurla shall be diverted along New Agra Road from 11 p.m. on Kattai-Ki-Rat, i.e., the 23rd November, 1947 to 7 p.m. the next day and between 12 noon and 11-30 p.m. on the immersion day, the 24th November, 1947.

(2) AT BANDRA.

On the immersion day, i.e., the 24th November, 1947, between 3 p.m. and 5-30 p.m.

(a) South bound vehicular traffic along Ghodbunder Road shall turn to the left into Turner Road, past Bandra Railway Station, Station Road and turn into the Gully by the side of the Slaughter House compound wall, thus meeting Princess Avenue near the Musjid North of Bandra Causeway.

(b) East bound vehicular traffic along Hill Road shall turn into Waterfield Road and Turner Road and then take the route mentioned above.

(c) North bound vehicular traffic shall turn left as soon as it arrives near the Musjid on Princess Avenue and pass through Bunderwadi by Old Ghodbunder Road crossing Hill Road at Library Naka and then proceeding along Ghodbunder Road near Jari Mari Temple.

J. S. BHARUCHA,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 19th Novr., 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

No. 121 (12)—Tex. I/46.

SEALED TENDERS, in tenderers' own letter form, are invited for the purchase of the following: 100,000 lbs. Japanese Artificial Silk Yarn, First quality, bright, 150 denier, packed in standard packings. Tenders should preferably be for at least 5,000 lbs.

Tenders should be addressed to the Development Officer (Silk), Directorate General of Industry and Supply, Room No. 28, Block No. 1, Shahjehan Road, New Delhi, and should reach him by the 30th November, 1947. Tenders will remain open for acceptance until the 15th December, 1947. No earnest deposit is required but successful tenderers will have to make full payments to Government before taking delivery of the goods allotted to them. Government's decision regarding acceptance or otherwise of tenders will be final.

N. O'H. O'Neill,
Deputy Secretary to the
Government of India.
(6154)

TATA LOCOMOTIVE AND ENGINEERING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of TATA LOCOMOTIVE AND ENGINEERING COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at "Bombay House", 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th December 1947, at 5 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st March, 1947.
2. To elect Directors in place of Khan Bahadur Nizamuddin, and Major General Dr. R. B. Chandrachud, who retire under Article 129 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Directors in place of Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I., and Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart., G.B.E., K.C.I.E., who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 8th December, 1947 to THURSDAY, the 18th December, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors.
TATA INDUSTRIES, LIMITED
Managing Agents.
J. R. D. TATA,
Director.

Bombay, 17th November, 1947.

To

The shareholders of Tata Locomotive and Engineering Company, Limited, and in particular to:—Mr. Abdul Kadir Mohd. Hussain, Mr. H. C. Manchanda, Bai Gurbachan Kour, Mr. Bahadur Chand Adlakha, Mr. S. M. Sikri, Mr. Amar Singh Malik, Mr. Lalchand Dawra, Mr. Sri Ram Dawar, Mr. Ganshamdas Jhamrai Sajnani, Mr. Gobindram Jhamrai Sajnani, Mr. Maniram Jhamrai Sajnani, Mr. Rambhai Shivabhai Patel. 6160

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

ADVT. NO. 11.

APPLICATIONS INVITED for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Only if suitable Indians are not available, non-Indians will be considered for appointment. Women eligible. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 7/8- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 27th December, 1947. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

(1) ONE TEMPORARY POST OF ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER (MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRODUCTION), ORDNANCE FACTORY, MURADNAGAR. AGE 27—35 years. PAY FOR DIRECT RECRUIT Rs. 500-25-625 If of Asiatic domicile. FOR PERSONS OF NON-ASIATIC DOMICILE AND THOSE IN CONTINUOUS GOVERNMENT SERVICE SINCE THE 28TH SEPTEMBER, 1931 Rs. 600-50-800 plus £25 p.m. overseas pay where admissible. The scale of pay is subject to revision as per Central Pay Commission recommendations. QUALIFICATIONS (1) Degree in Mechanical Engineering or Corporate Membership of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Institution of Mechanical Engineers or Institution of Production Engineers. (2) Regular apprenticeship in mechanical engineering with a firm of repute or in a Government Factory; or, if holding a Mechanical Engineering degree, at least two years workshop training in addition to that received in College or technical school. (3) At least 3 years' works experience (in addition to that covered by (1) and (2) above) in mechanical engineering, preferably including at least one year in a position of managerial responsibility. (4) Employment, during training or subsequently, for at least 18 months, as an operator or on supervision of machining, in a workshop equipped with modern machine tools of a general (as opposed to special purpose) nature. (5) Adequate knowledge of modern methods of Mechanical Engineering production, in particular of the latest developments in the use of carbide tools and of grinding and welding for production purposes.

(2) ONE TEMPORARY POST OF ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER MECHANICAL ENGINEER FOR ORDNANCE FACTORY, KATNI. AGE 27—35 years. PAY (a) FOR DIRECT RECRUITS (i) For Asiatic domicile Rs. 500-25-625. (ii) For non-Asiatic domicile Rs. 600-50-800 plus overseas pay of £25 p.m. if admissible under rules. (b) FOR PERSONS WHO HAVE BEEN IN CONTINUOUS EMPLOY SINCE THE 24TH SEPTEMBER, 1931 Rs. 600-50-800 per month In addition overseas pay of £25 per month for non-Asiatics, if admissible under rules. QUALIFICATIONS Must hold a degree in Mechanical Engineering or be a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Institution of Mechanical Engineers or Institution of Production Engineers. (ii) Must have served a regular apprenticeship in mechanical engineering with a firm of repute or in a Government factory; or, if holding a mechanical engineering degree, must have undergone at least two years' workshop training in addition to that received in his college or technical school. (iii) Must have had at least five years' works experience (in addition to that covered by (a) and (b) above) in mechanical engineering, preferably on maintenance work. (iv) Should have had at least one year in a position of managerial responsibility with experience in office administration and stores control. (v) Must be a good administrator capable of organising and controlling staff and labour.

(3) ONE ASSISTANT FOREMAN MECHANICAL (FURNACE BRICK LAYING, ETC.) FOR METAL AND STEEL FACTORY, ISHAPORE. AGE 28 to 35 years. PAY FOR ASIATIC DOMICILE For a direct recruit Rs. 300-12-360 (E.B.) 15/2-390. For persons who have been in continuous employ since 28th September, 1931, Rs. 375-15-435. Then in the 6th, 8th and 10th year Rs. 450/-, 470/- and 490/-. FOR NON-ASIATIC DOMICILE Rs. 375-15-435. Then in the 6th, 8th and 10th year Rs. 450/-, 470/- and 490/-. The grant of additional pay of Rs. 75/- is under consideration. The scale of pay is subject to revision as per Central Pay Commission recommendations. QUALIFICATIONS (a) Good general education. (b) At least 10 years' practical experience including at least five years in some position of responsibility in metallurgical furnace constructions and repair, such as furnace brick laying, preferably in a large steel works or alternatively in a coke oven plant. (c) Capability to control staff and labour and working in his own initiative. (d) Some general knowledge of shop organization and management.

(4) ONE ASSISTANT FOREMAN (LABORATORY) FOR ORDNANCE FACTORY, CAWNPORE. AGE 25 to 35 years. PAY FOR ASIATIC DOMICILE. For a direct recruit Rs. 300-12-360 (E.B.) 15/2-390. For persons who have been in continuous employ since 28th September, 1931, Rs. 375-15-435. Then in the 6th, 8th and 10th year Rs. 450/-, 470/- and 490/-. FOR NON-ASIATIC DOMICILE Rs. 375-15-435. Then in the 6th, 8th and 10th year Rs. 450/- 470/- and 490/-. The grant of additional pay of Rs. 75/- is under consideration. The scale of pay is subject to revision as per Central Pay Commission recommendations. QUALIFICATIONS (1) Degree in Mechanical Engineering or Corporate Membership of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Institution of Mechanical Engineers or Institution of Production Engineers. (2) Regular apprenticeship in mechanical engineering with a firm of repute or in a Government Factory; or, if holding a Mechanical Engineering degree, at least two years workshop training in addition to that received in College or technical school. (3) At least 3 years' works experience (in addition to that covered by (1) and (2) above) in mechanical engineering, preferably including at least one year in a position of managerial responsibility. (4) Employment, during training or subsequently, for at least 18 months, as an operator or on supervision of machining, in a workshop equipped with modern machine tools of a general (as opposed to special purpose) nature. (5) Adequate knowledge of modern methods of Mechanical Engineering production, in particular of the latest developments in the use of carbide tools and of grinding and welding for production purposes.

(5) ONE ASSISTANT FOREMAN (MECHANICAL MAINTENANCE) FOR ORDNANCE FACTORY, CAWNPORE. AGE 30—40 years. PAY FOR ASIATIC DOMICILE For a direct recruit Rs. 300-12-360 (E.B.) 15/2-390. For persons who have been in continuous employ since 28th September, 1931, Rs. 375-15-435. Then in the 6th, 8th and 10th year Rs. 450/-, 470/- and 490/-. FOR NON-ASIATIC DOMICILE Rs. 375-15-435. Then in the 6th, 8th and 10th year Rs. 450/-, 470/- and 490/-. The grant of additional pay of Rs. 75/- is under consideration. The scale of pay is subject to revision as per Central Pay Commission recommendations. QUALIFICATIONS: Degree in Mechanical Engineering OR good general education coupled with a recognised apprenticeship in a Government Factory or with a firm of repute either in general Engineering or specialised machine tool building or repair OR good general education with not less than 15 years practical experience in Mechanical Engineering (b) At least 8 years' practical engineering workshop experience of which not less than 5 years should have been in the manufacture and/or repair of machine tools. (c) Must have held a position of responsibility equal to that of Chargemen or above at least 4 years. (d) Capability of reading working drawing; and to (i) control and organise staff and labour; (ii) work on his own initiative; and (iii) train labour.

(6152)

FOR SALE

One Metropolitan Vickers high pressure, impulse type steam Turbine, complete with 1700 K.W. Turbo Alternator, Exciter and Field Rheostat. Normal Load 1700 K.W. Economic load 1500 K.W. 550 volts, 3 Phase, 50 cycles.

One Metropolitan Vickers Lablank type jet condensing plant with 107 H.P. Motor and auxiliaries.

Two Oil Coolers and One Air Cooler.

One Vaughan overhead Travelling Crane of 10 tons capacity with 40 ft. span.

All of 1927 manufacture.

Three Lancashire Boilers of Daniel Adamson's make, 8'-6" x 30 ft. x 210 lbs working pressure complete with Hopkinson's Steel Mountings. Furguson's superheaters and Neil patent Rocking Fire Grates All of the year 1927

All the above are in working order For further details please apply to The Ahmedabad Advance Mills, Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort Bombay. The plant can be inspected at the Ahmedabad Advance Mills at Shahibag Road, Ahmedabad. (6119)

NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 144667 on the life of Mr. Dharam Vir Chopra, it is hereby declared that duplicate thereof will be issued if no objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

JAICHAND JAIN, M.A.,
General Manager,
Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd.,
Delhi.

Bombay, 22-11-1947. (6168)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 5-12-1947 for the supply of pulses and chillies at the railway grainshops on the Poona and Bhusaval Divisions. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asst. Controllers, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Poona and Bhusaval. (6137)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

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